

JANUARY

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JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JAN. 5, 1867.

WHOLE NO. 1553.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY J. F. GRANT.

W. C. LAND,

Watchmaker,

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClellan's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with dispatch and at low rates to suit the times. Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866.

CALHOUN MERCHANT MILLS

THE undersigned, Proprietor, respectfully informs the patrons and public generally, that these Mills are now in perfect repair, and that they are now in perfect repair, and having made arrangements with Messrs. White & Phares, of Selma, to sell on commission, the Flour manufactured at these Mills for market, I shall be prepared to attend in person to the shipping and accounting for sales, without charge for my personal services. For any one desiring it, sacks of the proper size and material can be purchased at the lowest wholesale market prices. The services of Mr. P. Moore, as Miller, have been secured for the next year. Give me your patronage if you can consider it your interest to do so.

M. W. ABERNATHY.

June 30, 1866—1st.

JOHN W. INZER

LEWIS F. BOX,

Attorneys at Law.

AND

Solicitors in Chancery.

ASHVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Muscogee, also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of all claims.

M. J. TURNLEY,

Attorney at Law

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

General Collecting Agent.

Office fronting East door of the Court house, Jacksonville, Ala., continues the practice of Law in all its branches, in Calhoun and adjoining counties; will give special attention to drawing Wills, Deeds of Conveyance, Powers of Attorney, to the Probate of Wills; Administration of Estates, Guardianships; and will also act as Agent for the sale and purchase of Lands.

CABINET SHOP.

THE undersigned have again commenced the CABINET MAKING BUSINESS, and are prepared with all the necessary lumber and material for the manufacture of every description of

FURNITURE,

SUCH AS

Secretaries, Bureaus, (not Freemen's) Best Cottage Bedsteads, Lounges, Tables, Wardrobes, Safes, &c. &c.

All of which will be made of the best material, and in the most elegant, neat, durable and fashionable style, and sold at reasonable rates for Cash or Country Produce.

All coffin work, and every species of Repairing executed with neatness and dispatch. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited, and all persons needing Furniture, are invited to call at their shop, just below Crow's corner, on the west side of main street, and examining their stock, the quality of their work, and leave their orders.

JOHN H. CRAWFORD, JOHN M. SMITH, Jacksonville, June 6, 1866.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,

of Alabama,

Has located in the country near Seaboard, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He operates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA, TUMORS, POLYPI, DISEASES OF FEMALES Etc.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient nor had an accident to happen. He has operated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, has visited almost every city in the South. He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, if some three or four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

REMOVAL.

DR. J. Y. NISBET has removed his Office to the Drug store, east side of the Public Square, where he will continue the practice of Medicine as usual and where he may be always found unless professionally absent. Nov. 25, '65—1st

To the Afflicted

DR. GEORGE W. LEACH proposes a new system of cure in place of the vast internal doses which enfeeble the stomach, poison the blood and endanger the life. He can be consulted at any time in Jacksonville, personally or by letter, giving name of the person, whether over or under 35 years of age, and the disease. He cures croup, wens, ulcers, scrofula, piles, diseases of the lungs, epine, kidneys, and some others; clearing out a very small amount in advance, afterwards if no cure is made. He has a number of testimonials of cures—has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely well and the others getting well. G. W. LEACH, Faith Doctor.

F. L. JOHNSON,

Selma, Ala.

R. A. JOHNSON,

Minden, Ala.

CAN GLOVER,

ROME, Ga.

JAMES A. BALE

NEW FIRM.

GLOVER & BALE,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES & PRODUCE,

Corner of Broad and Bridge Streets, opposite the Market.

ROME, Ga.

October 13, 1866—3m.

E. L. WOODWARD

Is now receiving an unusually large

Stock of

Fall and Winter

GOODS,

To which the attention of purchasers is invited, with the assurance that they will be sold at his usual and uniformly low prices. Jacksonville, Oct. 13, 1866.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office N. W. Corner of Public Square. JACKSONVILLE, ALA. November 18, 1866—1st.

School Books,

JUST RECEIVED And for sale by P. ROWAN. April 14.

2,500 LB. SUGAR, JUST RECEIVED. And for sale by E. L. WOODWARD. Oct. 13, 1866.

W. M. F. FORNEY

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law. Jacksonville Alabama

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State. The price per copy.

E. L. WOODWARD, Offers for Sale

DRY GOODS, Assorted.

Hats & Caps, &c.

Saddles, Saddles, Horse Collars, &c.

CLOTHING, assorted.

Shirts & Shoes.

SUGAR & COFFEE.

Stores will receive complete.

Price Call. E. L. WOODWARD. Jacksonville, Oct. 27, 1866.

Specie Tax to ice.

I will be in Jacksonville on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, after 1 o'clock, for the purpose of collecting the State and county Taxes, and hope that all will promptly come forward and make payment. See 15: H. GRADIN, Tax Collector.

KEROSENE & GAS STOVES.

TE AND COFFEE POTTERS, GLUE

LOTS, CIGARS, &c., &c.

All the Cooking for a family may be done with Kerosene Oil, or Gas, with 1 lb. trouble, and at less expense, than by any other fuel.

Each Article being offered by this Company is guaranteed to be of the best quality and is sold for it.

Send for Circular.

Liberal Discount to the Trade.

KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO., 206 PEARL STREET, N. Y.

REMINGTONS

FIRE ARMS.

Sold by the Trade Generally

Prices Reduced 1st July, 1866.

Army Revolver, 44-100 in. Calibre.

Navy Revolver, 36-100 in. Calibre.

Self Revolver, (Self-cocking) Navy Calibre.

Self Revolver, Navy Size Calibre.

Police Revolver, Navy Size Calibre.

New Pocket Revolver, (with Loading Lever, Pocket Revolver, (Self-cocking) Navy Calibre.

Repeating Pistol, (Elliot pt.) No 32 Cartridge.

Yankee Pistol, (Elliot pt.) No 22 Cartridge.

Yankee Pistol, (Elliot pt.) No 32 Cartridge.

Single Barrel Shot Gun.

Revolving Rifle, 36-100 in. Calibre.

Breech Loading Rifle, No 32 Cartridge.

Breech Loading Rifle, No 46 Cartridge.

U. S. Rifle, (S&W) with Sabre Bayonet.

U. S. Rifle, (S&W) Springfield Pattern.

Upwards of 200,000 furnished the U. S. Government.

Our new Breech Loading Arms have just been approved and adopted, or Military service in Europe.

E. REMINGTON & SONS, ILLINOIS, New York.

AGENTS.

Moore & Nichols, New York; Jos. C. Green & Co., Philadelphia; POCOCK & TROMBLE, Baltimore; H. W. Folsom & Co., New Orleans; & Memphis; L. M. Ramsey & Co., St. Louis; ALBERT E. CRANE, San Francisco.

M. P. STOVALL,

WAREHOUSE & COMMISSION

MERCHANT.

Subsiding and Office, New Grand Central Building, Northeast corner of Jackson & Reynolds sts. AUGUST 1, Ga.

Will continue to give personal attention to the Storage and Sale of COTTON and other Produce.

Consignments of Cotton will be stored in the New Fire-Proof Warehouse on Jackson street, on the site formerly occupied by "Boughton, Ball & Co." Dec. 8, 1866

Empire Sewing Machine Co.

Principal Office 616 Broadway.

NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Machines. Empire Sewing Machine Co. Notice is hereby given that the new and improved Sewing Machine, manufactured by the Empire Sewing Machine Co., is now on hand, and is for sale at a low price. It is a new and improved Sewing Machine, for families and for the trade. Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given. No consignments made. EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

AM ARTISTS' UNION.

AGENTS WANTED.

RELIABLE and energetic persons, male or female, are wanted to solicit subscriptions for our new and improved Sewing Machine. Circulars suitable to be used in canvassing, together with all necessary papers, will be furnished on application. Address, AM ARTISTS' UNION, 25 Pine Street, New York.

AMERICAN ARTISTS' UNION.

25 Pine Street, New York.

CHARGE HOTEL,

BROAD STREET, ROME GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot

Free of charge. Aug. 25, 1866

NEW

DRUG STORE.

No. 3. Choice House, ROME, Ga.

"Short Profits and Quick Returns."

P. L. TURNLEY, W. S. GIBBONS.

TURNLEY & GIBBONS

Associate to the public that they are receiving a large stock of

Pure Drugs & Medicines.

Having bought most of them

Since the Heavy Decline.

We are prepared to sell at WHOLESALE on very reasonable terms. We flatter ourselves that no house this side of Augusta can compete with us. In addition to our extensive stock of Drugs, we have on hand, for sale, ORANGE, BERRIES, and TIMOTHY GRASS SEED. Also, Malt, malted barley, &c. &c. Also a great variety of

KEROSENE LAMPS.

Which we are offering extremely low. Our stock consists in part of the following articles:

Combs, Brushes, Toilet Soaps, Perfumery, Cologne, Yankee Notions, Fine Wine, Brandy and Whisky.

For Medical purposes—Matches, Mustard, Ink and Paper.

22 lbs. Acid Acetic.

32 oz. Benzole Acid.

50 lbs. Nitric.

50 " Muratic "

126 " Sulphuric "

84 gals. 95 per cent. Alcohol.

100 oz. Sulf. Quinine.

275 lbs. Alum.

57 " Sp's Ammonia.

43 " Nitric Sulphur.

27 " Assafoetida.

33 " Balsam Copaiba.

58 " Blue Mass.

50 " Refined Borax.

50 " Camphor.

41 gals. Castor Oil.

12 boxes Castor Soap.

10 lbs. Chloroform.

50 " Cream Tartar.

12 " Epsom Powder.

100 " Guner.

190 " Black Pepper.

50 " Cayenne Pepper, powd.

50 " Gum Arabic.

25 " Gum Myrrh.

50 " Pressed Hops.

2000 " White Lead.

200 " Red Lead.

5 bbls. Tanner's Oil.

3 " Linseed Oil.

7 " Kerosene Oil.

2 " Machine Oil.

54 boxes Window Glass, assorted sizes.

112 gross assorted Prescription Vials.

209 " assorted Corks.

12 ozs. Sulf. Morphine.

35 lbs. Carb. Magnesia.

200 " Epsom Salts.

300 " Flower'd Sulphur.

321 " Brimstone.

600 " Copperas.

27 " Gum Opium.

10 " Powdered Opium.

10 " Solid Potash.

24 doz. Solid's Powders.

300 lbs. Bi Carb Soda.

25 ozs Tannin.

12 lbs Sugar of Lead.

12 doz. Concentrated Lye.

60 lbs. Madras Indigo.

100 " Lamp Black.

100 " Blk & Lead.

172 " Chrome Green.

172 " Yellow.

800 " Ass'd Colors, ready mixed.

123 gals. Varnishes, assorted. Rome, Ga. August 28, 1866.

Special to the Baltimore Sun

The Concentration of U. S. Troops

in Missouri.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—As explanation of the action of Gen. Grant, with reference to the concentration of United States troops in Missouri, I am enabled to say, on good authority, that Gen. Grant ordered the troops into that State as a mere precautionary measure, in view of the threatened difficulties, as fore-shadowed by the State Executive.

Gov. Fletcher telegraphed to Senator Henderson that Gen. Grant was sending United States soldiers into the State of Missouri, and this action alarmed the people, and a protest was made. It is not to be gotten out of order. It is an old story with the President on the subject of right, and the explanation of the movement was entirely satisfactory to him, as I am informed.

A Northern View.

The publication of the following article, from a Northern Journal, we trust will not be considered as a bad taste. It contains a pointed historical fact or two, as well as one or two other facts of a suggestive character.

Charles Sumner, the apostle of negro freedom, flouts us that "we will correct the temper of the South, if we have to use them by laws as severe as England passed against the Irish Catholics."

Notwithstanding the terrible and bloody wars passed by England against the Catholics of Ireland, during the reigns of Henry VII., Edward VI., and Elizabeth, even to that of James I., not over sixty Irish embraced the Protestant religion in all that long time, so we are told by the Abbe Geoghegan, though Ireland contained over two millions of inhabitants. That is an illustration of the benefit of cruel laws. None but madmen or fools ever attempted to correct temper by cruelty. And then, is it any of our business, what the temper of the South is? Under our Constitution, we cannot legislate to correct temper. If we could, it would be a blessed thing to pass an act to correct the brutal temper of the radicals in Congress. The only bad temper shown anywhere in the United States is here in the North. The only enemies to the restoration of the Union are here.

Napoleon's Retreat.—The *United States*, of Rome, of Nov 27th, contains an article entitled "The Fall of the First and Second Empire," from which the following is an extract:

"Since the *North* and the *Times*, of Paris, speak openly of the downfall of the Popes, we may speak a little of the downfall of the second empire. Napoleon the Third has fallen back; he is lost. He has retreated from Poland and from Germany; he has retreated from Germany; he has retreated from the United States; he has retreated from Rome from fear of Orsini and Massi."

The clerical journal prints two columns in the same strain, and concludes by saying, that it sends the article in print to the Emperor at Compiegne, to Gen. Fleury, to M. de Mole, and to M. de Sarrigues, in order that they may put it in their archives, and take it down for perusal when the proper time shall come.

Disputes from Minister Bigelow finally settled the act of the coup d'etat of Mexico by the French in March.

Gen. Braxton Bragg, formerly of the Confederate Army, is on a visit to this city for the first time since the late war. Gen. Bragg and Gen. Sherman, who were friends and intimates in the old army, dined together yesterday.

N. O. Times.

The tea raised in Georgia is pronounced equal to the best Japan.

The population of Montreal, Canada West, is 150,000. In 1840 it was less than 40,000.

A young man belonging in St. Louis

recently wrote to Mr. Greeley, of the New York Tribune, to use his influence in obtaining a statue for him. In reply, Mr. Greeley wrote: "New York is just entering upon the interesting process of starving out two hundred thousand people whom war and irredeemable paper have driven hither. It is impossible to receive and employ more until these are gone."

There has never been a divorce granted in South Carolina.

Colorado and Nebraska are only to be admitted by the insertion of a clause in the Enabling acts that the word "white" is to be stricken from their constitutions; otherwise, enough Republican Senators will vote against the bills to defeat their passage over the President's veto.

Maximilian's Proclamation.

The following is Maximilian's manifesto, of which mention has been made in our telegraphic dispatches:

MEXICANS.—Events of great magnitude in connection with the welfare of your country, which were aggravated by domestic misfortunes, produced in our mind the conviction that we ought to return to you the power which you had conferred upon us; but our councils and Ministers of State convoked by us, have deemed that the welfare of Mexico still demanded our permanency in power, and we have considered it our duty to accede to their representations, at the time apprising them of our intention to call together a National Congress, on the amplest and most liberal basis, in which all parties are to participate, and this will determine if the empire is to continue for the future, and on it being so decided, to aid in the formation of laws vitally necessary for the consolidation of the public institutions of this country.

To this end our Councils are now occupied in submitting to us proper measures at the same time, in order that all parties may assent to the coming to an arrangement on that basis.

In the meantime, Mexicans, relying on all of you, without exclusion of political tendencies, we will do our utmost to follow up, with courage and constancy the task of regeneration which you have conferred upon your compatriot, MAXIMILIAN.

Orizaba, 16th Dec, 1866.

Is this the Beginning of the End?

The St. Louis Times, in speaking of the declaration of martial law in the western portion of Missouri by Gov. Fletcher, says:

Our advice to the people among whom he intends to rendezvous his stipendiaries is very simple. It is to defend themselves. Gov. Fletcher has no more right to trample upon them to seize their corn and pork, with which to subsidize his troops, than has Tom Fletcher, and if they are shot down by him or his orders while committing no offense against the law, and there is no redress in law, they should try the effect of something which can speak with less tremor in its tones. We are literally astonished at the people of Missouri, if they will allow themselves thus to be trampled on. We have counselled peace and moderation, but we find that the more we submit to, the more will these usurpers of power impose. They not only line their nests with the money belonging to the people, but after wronging them thus, they deliberately form a plan and proceed to execute it, by which they shall be trodden in the dust.—The number of M. Headlee, of the Wright family, and scores of other victims of radical violence and outrage, yet stand unavenged and uninvestigated. Instead of punishing crime the Governor practically and efficiently encourages it, if the opposition to him in politics are the sufferers. And now he orders out 3000 militia to right the petty grievances of one of his tools, who, fairly beaten for an office for which he stood, seeks to invalidate the action of the people by force, and impose upon them terrible penalties for their contumacy. It is better that we have an autocratical form of government at once, than this mockery of freedom. If we have no rights, let us cease to quarrel about them. Either let us submit to what Fletcher and his radical gang have in store for us, or teach him and them that they shall not trample on the least of our immunities without paying the penalty

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, JAN 6, 1867.

Homicide—State Laws & Freedmen.

On Friday night, 28th ult. an altercation took place at Blue Mountain, between Tom and Mark, two freedmen, in the course of which Tom struck Mark with a skillet fracturing his skull so badly that he died on Tuesday morning following. Our Sheriff, S. D. McClellan, deputized Chap Denman, another freedman, who promptly arrested Tom and brought him to this place, under guard of his posse, on Wednesday. A preliminary trial took place before Justices Forney and Adams, and Tom was committed for trial at the next Circuit Court. It was rather a novel sight to see a colored Sheriff, with his guard armed with guns, marching a prisoner into town. They performed their duties, however, in a very efficient and orderly manner.

Snow.—To talk about snow, we do not expect to be news in this section; but some of our papers may stray to regions where there has not been quite so much of it. On Saturday morning, 29th ult. the snow commenced falling on frozen ground, continuing until evening, when it was some two or three inches deep, said to be the heaviest for 15 years. It has continued to snow every day since, more or less, the sun only having been seen for a few minutes on Thursday evening; and now, Friday morning, the ground is still covered; it is cold, cloudy and foggy, threatening more falling weather, either rain, sleet or snow. In short, the weather, like northern politics, is decidedly radical; with this difference however, the weather promises something good in the future, while radical politics promise only evil, and that continually. Farmers say that snow remaining so long on the ground is favorable to a good wheat crop. There is also an old saying, that for every fog in January there will be a frost in May; so look out for the young cotton to be killed, and be sure to provide for a plentiful crop of grain, vegetables and hay, which are thus far free from an unconstitutional and burdensome Yankee tax.

Scott's Monthly Magazine.—We have received the January number of this truly valuable and interesting southern Magazine, published at Atlanta, Ga. This number contains a splendid steel plate engraving of Gen. R. E. Lee; and among the contents may be found—"Field and Camp—Night Thoughts—The Doom of Rosalie—My Baby in the Skies—The Tropics of the Bible—Arcadia—The Secret Marriage; or the Sin and Expiation of Helen Gray—On Living in Perspective—Ambition—Reminiscences of Vienna—The Mission of the Waters—Living and Posthumous Fame," with many other excellent articles.

This Magazine richly merits a more extended and universal patronage, and we hope to see it receive its full share in this section. We will take pleasure in exhibiting specimen numbers to persons who may wish to subscribe.—Terms \$5 per annum.

We copy the following from the "Gadsden Times," the first number of which was published on the 3rd inst.

Salutatory.

We this day commence the publication of the *Gadsden Times*, in the County of Baine. We have selected Gadsden as the point of publication, because we believe that at no distant day it is destined to be an important place—the most important in North East Alabama. It is near the centre of a fertile and populous county, beautifully located on a navigable river, at or near the Junction of two great Trunk Railways quaterning the continent—in the immediate vicinity of coal beds and iron ore in inexhaustible quantities, and of the first quality, with water power sufficient to turn a million of spindles; and, of agricultural resources enough to sustain a city of twenty-five thousand inhabitants. In all the elements of wealth and prosperity, Baine county is unsurpassed, if equalled in East or North Alabama. It will be one of the primary objects of this Journal to aid in developing the great natural resources of this section of country. It is only necessary that these advantages should be known, to induce capital and immigration to flow in from all directions, not only from the United States but from Europe.

To the Manufacturer—the Miner—the Merchant—the Mechanic—the Farmer, in search of a fertile soil, rich mines, an industrious, moral and religious society, cheap lands, railroad and steamboat facilities, a healthy climate, mineral springs, beautiful and romantic scenery, we say come to Gadsden and explore the new, rich and fertile County of Baine.

The inhabitants of the Southern States can now only look to building up a material prosperity. From the United States Congress they can hope for nothing. Even if acknowledged as States, our Senators and Representatives admitted to their seats (of which there is no immediate probability) we should be utterly powerless to stem the tide of Radical misrule; we should be in a minority powerless for good—hopeless politically for the future. Consequently, our Journal will ignore politics, except so far as to keep our readers advised of all the late news from Washington and Montgomery, of all important measures affecting our weal or woe, whether originating from the National or State Legislature. There is no political action we can advise our fellow citizens to take that will benefit their condition. The future is dark and lowering. We can see the danger, but know not how to avert it; we can point out the disease, but not the remedy; show the poison, but not the antidote. We shall keep our readers advised fully of the progress of that fearful storm that threatens to prostrate and overwhelm us in its fearful march. Through our columns too, our readers will be the first to learn (should such be the case) that the flood is subsiding—that the dove with the olive branch appears above the face of the troubled waters. Until that happy day we can only say, *be of good cheer*. A rich and genial soil is beneath our feet, beautiful and salubrious skies above us, warm and generous hearts around us; our enemies cannot take these blessings from us no more than they can "pluck the sun from Heaven, or with polluted fingers tarnish it." Toil on, hope on, struggle on with manly fortitude and heroic perseverance. We are passing through the fiery ordeal of adversity, but in the end we may come out more than conquerors. Soon we may be enabled to exclaim: "The night hath passed, joy cometh with the morning."

BY TELEGRAPH.

NOON DISPATCHES.

New York, Dec. 28.—Noon—Gold 132 1/2.

The fire at Elmira, on Sunday, proved quite disastrous. It caught in a drug store, on Lake street. Soon after the discovery some chemicals exploded, tearing the building and the adjoining ones to pieces, carrying flames to buildings on the other side of the street, setting fire to Anthony's Hotel and Turner Hall; the fire raged over six hours, consuming all the buildings of Lake street, from Water to Carroll. Total insurance \$27,500. Loss estimate \$50,000.

An arrival from Porto Cabello confirms previous advices received by us of a revolution at Barcelona and Guayaquil, Venezuela, and a state of general anarchy and confusion exists.

A Dublin letter to the World says there are sixteen war vessels near Queenstown, and that many of the loyal inhabitants are fleeing to the garrisons for safety against threatened Fenian rising.

Stevens was believed to be in South Ireland.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The President has revoked the Exequatur of Gerhard Junsson, Consul of Oldenburg at New York, for refusing to appear before the Supreme Court on the plea that his Consular functions exempt him.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES!

Washington, Dec. 28.—The dispatches at military headquarters confirm the Port Phil Kearney massacre.—Col H. Blunt, commanding Fort Phil Kearney, says that Indians numbering 2,000, attacked the soldiers near the fort, killing the entire party, and mutilating their bodies horribly. Col. Letterman, Capt. Brown, Lieut. Drummond and the ninety-one men, were mostly new recruits.

Gen. Francis P. Blair succeeds Gen. Curtis as Pacific Railroad Commissioner.

Milwaukee, Dec. 28.—The Eagle Iron Works and shops adjoining the Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Railroad restaurant, and part of Johnsons & Co's lumber yard, were burned this morning. Loss \$50,000; insurance \$25,000.

St. Louis, Dec. 28.—A fire at Warrensburg, Missouri, on Christmas Eve, destroyed 22 business houses and three dwellings. The estimated loss is \$200,000. The insurance is not known, but is small. The principal losses are Partridge & Son, Hyatt, Allen & Co., Jos. Lupton, H. G. Kelson, Wm. Robinson, Henry Neil, Crane, Garth & Marshall, and McLean & Kilpatrick.

New York, Dec. 28.—Additional particulars of the great snow storm at Evenden and its vicinity, has been received. The storm raged with great fury at Harlem, where a row of 6 houses on Alexander avenue were also unroofed, a number of houses on Willis avenue were also unroofed and one blown down. Loss \$20,000.

The storm was very violent at Hudson, every avenue to the city being blocked by snow. Four passenger cars were blown from the track, but without serious damage on the Western roads. No trains have arrived here from that direction this afternoon.

NOON DISPATCHES.

New York, Dec. 29.—Cotton firm at 33 1/2 to 34 1/2.

Louisville, Dec. 28.—John W. Perkins, aged 65, pardoned recently for speculation, cut his wife's throat, killing her instantly, and then cut his own. His recovery is doubtful. Cause generally ascribed to his late troubles.

New York, Dec. 29.—Gold 133 1/2. The steamship *Passania* had arrived at Southampton with yellow fever on board from the West Indies. She had ninety-two cases and twenty-one deaths on her passage.

The details of the explosion at Oaks Colliery, near Ramsey, show that 318 deaths occurred. A second explosion caused 28 more deaths, most of the latter being mining engineers and foremen of neighboring collieries. Two more explosions followed same day, and the search was suspended. Another explosion had occurred near New Castle, Staffordshire, 74 lives being lost. The Queen subscribed two hundred pounds for the relief of the sufferers.

The Fenian alarm in Ireland is reported to be subsiding, and no more arrests are being made.

It is stated that the revolutionary proclamations in print have been seized in Falmouth, St. Denis Parish inciting a revolution in Spain under the lead of Gen. Prim.

The *Invalide Presse* takes exception to the comparison made by *La France* between the India insurrection and the Polish revolution, saying that the India affair was brought about by a violation of the treaty of agreement on the part of Turkey.

A Constantinople telegram states that a French squadron has been put at the service of Turkey to render the blockade of Candia more effective.

New York, Dec. 29.—Gold opened at 33.

Marshall Bazaine telegraphed to Napoleon on the 23d inst., as follows:

"Maximilian is still in Mexico and has not come to any decision with respect to his future movements. The evacuation of Mexico, required to be completed by March, is unjust.—Transports should arrive without delay."

The Vienna *Presse* says:

"A rupture of relations between Turkey and Greece is inevitable. Great agitation exists on islands and considerable disturbance in Cephalonia, Bulgaria is moving towards a revolution to sever from Turkey, and M. Abramovich and M. Dimitaki are mentioned as candidates for the new Bulgarian throne. The East Indian Government has opened a loan of six hundred thousand pounds sterling for the relief of the Orissa famine."

The French expedition penetrated as far as Kiang-tan without resistance on the 15th day of November.

Three hundred houses were destroyed by fire in Hong Kong on the 3d of October. The civil war in Japan was suppressed on the 16th.

Indianapolis, Jan. 1.—A fire in Richmond, Indiana, involved the loss of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The railroad depot, telegraph office and a large quantity of wheat and land were destroyed.

Washington, Jan. 1.—The Arkansas committee arrived late this afternoon—too late for action.

"OUR PLATFORM."—The Nashville *Gazette* puts the following at the head of its columns as its platform. We think the whole South might well adopt it:

Let the Southern people be sure to produce, as they easily can, an abundant supply of provisions, manufacture their own timber and iron into all the implements they need, spin and weave all the cotton they consume, and let only the surplus of the staple, if any, pass over to Lowell and Manchester, to be paid for in cash. Let them do whatever may be necessary to secure a free Republican State Government, and steadily refuse by any debating compliance, to purchase the privilege of enjoying their Constitutional rights in the Federal Union. So employed, let them manfully meet whatever destiny may be in store for them, secure at least in the possession of their own self-respect.

SCATTERING THE FREEDMEN.—A Washington correspondent of the *Massachusetts Telegraph* writes:

Through the medium of the colored pastors of the churches, the superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau has given notice to the overcrowded negro population huddled about the suburban sections of the dist. (said to exceed 10,000) who are unable to find employment that they must seek elsewhere for a means of livelihood, as they cannot longer be provided for at Government expense. They are crowded together in miserable huts, paupers and destitute, and would perish if not supported by the United States, and are dying of disease. Transportation is ordered to all willing to go to such New York, Pennsylvania, the West and the genial climate of New England.

Notice

TO ADMINISTRATORS, EXECUTORS & GUARDIANS OF CALHOUN COUNTY.

ALL Executors, Administrators and Guardians, are hereby notified to be and appear at my office, on or before the 15th day of January, 1867, and file their accounts for annual, partial or final settlement; and also render their Bonds where they have become insufficient. Those failing to respond promptly to the above call will certainly be waited upon by the Sheriff immediately thereafter. A. WOODS, Judge of Dec. 22, 1866. Probate.

NEW STORE.

R. B. KYLE
HAS again established himself in business Next Door to Kyle & Co's Old Stand, and will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of Goods, suited to the wants of the people, embracing—

DRY GOODS.

SHOES & HATS.

CROCKERY.

HARDWARE.

And a FINE Stock of

GROCERIES.

Which he will sell at *ROME* or *SELMIA* prices. His old Friends and customers can save money by calling and buying their goods of him.

O. P. HILL is on hand, and ready to serve his old friends. Don't fail to call at the

NEW STORE.

Sign of the

Genuine Red Flag.

Gadsden Jan'y 4th 1867.

P. T. Barrett,

GADSDEN ALABAMA,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,

AND

GROCERIES.

WOULD respectfully inform his old customers and friends that he has recently removed his extensive stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., to the MILLIGAN & DAVIS Corner, opposite Hollingsworth & Morgan's, where he is still offering the same great inducements to his customers.

He will keep constantly on hand every article that the trade may demand.

He also has the ready cash at all times to pay for Cotton, Corn, Wheat, or any kind of Produce that the Planter may offer to the market.

His accomplished Salesman, BILLIE McGLATZERY, will be pleased at all times to show his customers through his stock and give such bargains as will induce them to call again.

GADSDEN HOTEL.

J. T. BARRETT, Proprietor.

Is now opened to the travelling public.

Gadsden—Jan'y 4th 1867.

!! R. H. HART !!

Dry Goods, Grocery,

AND

Commission Merchant.

(Sign of the Red & White Flag)

GADSDEN ALABAMA.

KEEPS constantly on hand, and offers for sale a well selected stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Boots & Shoes, Tin and Queens Ware, and a variety of articles usually kept in Stores (where they do not keep any thing else). All of which he will sell as cheap as the cheapest. If not a little cheaper! Give him a call and you will believe.

R. H. HART.

N. B. All kinds of Country Produce bought at the highest market price. Also all kinds of Fur, from the size of a *Must* suit to an *Elephant* hide. Liberal advances made on Cotton.

R. H. H.

Gadsden Ala. Jan'y 4th 1867.

O. P. HILL

Has his Books and Accounts at R. B. Kyle's New Store.

All persons indebted to him will please come forward and settle by cash or note.

Gadsden Ala. 1867.

Special Notice.

ALL persons indebted to me are requested to call and settle with J. H. Francis, Sr., at my old counting room. If the accounts are not settled by the 15th of January they will be left in the hands of an officer for collection.

HU FRANCIS.

Jacksonville, Jan. 5, '67.

Office of the Collector of Internal Revenue, at this State of Ala. Jacksonville, Dec. 28, 66. To the Citizens of Calhoun County.

THE annual tax assessed against you has been transmitted to me by the Assessor of the District, in his annual list of 1866. The same not having been paid within the time required by law and by publication, demand is hereby made upon you for the said tax. If not paid within ten days from the date hereof, the law provides for the collection thereof with a fee of twenty cents, and a penalty of five per cent. on the amount of the tax.

Hereafter cash will be required on the before promissory granted.

Revenue stamps for sale at my Office on Office Row.

H. F. VERNON.

Dep. Col. Int. Rev.

Register's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Decree rendered by the Hon. Chancery Court, held at Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Alabama, for the 30th District, Northern Chancery Division, at the July Term, 1866, in favor of Mary E. Rowland Adx. &c. and against Henry Gaines, I will, as Register of said Court, proceed to sell, before the court house door of Calhoun County, Alabama, within the usual hours of sale, for cash, to the highest bidder, on MONDAY the 4th day of FEBRUARY, 1867, the following described Land, to-wit: The north half of north east, and north east of north west q. section 24, township 13, range 6; also, south east of south west q. section 13, township 13, range 6; also south west of south east q. section 13, township 13, range 6—to satisfy said decree rendered by said Chancery court.

W. M. HAMES,

Register & Master.

Jan. 3, 1867—\$12 00.

NOTICE.

JURY Tickets and County Claims registered previous to 1st January, 1867, will be paid upon presentation to the undersigned.

L. W. CANNON, Co. Tr.

Jan. 2, 1867.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of one f. fa. issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to me directed, I will expose to sale to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. on Monday the 4th day of February, 1867, the following described Lands, lying in Calhoun county, known and designated as follows: to-wit: West half of the south west fourth of section 15, township 15, range 6—east half of south east fourth, and the north east fourth of the north east fourth of section 21, township 15, range 6—also 30 acres, more or less, off the north west corner of section 22, bounded by Clear creek on the east, and the south east fourth of the north east fourth section 21 township 15, range 6, and ten and three quarter acres in section 22, on the west bank of Clear creek, and the north east fourth of section 29, township 15, range 6, levied upon as the property of A. Downing to satisfy one f. fa. in my hands in favor of Cassander Sturkey, Adm. of Daniel Sturkey, dec'd and a joint A. Downing, Larkin Coker and L. S. Downing—Dec. 22 1866—\$15 00.

S. D. McCLELLAN, Shff. C. C.

Also at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one f. fa. issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, Ala. and to me directed, I will sell before the court house door, in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. for cash, all the interest David Moore has in the following lands, situated in Calhoun county Ala. known and designated as follows, to-wit: East half of north west fourth, and the north west fourth of north east fourth, section 36, township 12, range 7, east in the Coosa Land District, levied upon as the property of David Moore, to satisfy one f. fa. in favor of H. Broth. Administrator, &c. and against David Moore and Spiver Cannon.

S. D. McCLELLAN, Shff. C. C.

Dec. 30, 1866—\$12 00.

Also at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one f. fa. issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, Ala. and to me directed, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. all the interest that Martha Coker, Joseph Coker and William Coker has in, and to the following block of Land, No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 11, section 18, Township 15, range 11 east, containing 320 acres—levied upon as the property of Martha Coker, Joseph Coker and William Coker, to satisfy said f. fa. in favor of Johnson Mitchell & Co.

S. D. McCLELLAN, Shff. C. C.

Dec. 20, 1866—\$12 00.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,

Wholesale and Retail,

501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of photographic materials we are Headquarters for the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES & STEREO SCENIC VIEWS

OF AMERICAN & FOREIGN CITIES and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR.

From negatives made in the various campaigns and forming a complete Photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS.

Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents to \$50 each. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, Statesmen, Actors, &c. etc.

Our Catalogue embraces over five thousand different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods of O. O. D. will please remit 25 per cent of the amount with their order.

The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy.

Nov. 10, '66—2m.

SALISBURY, BRO. & CO.

Extensive Manufacturers and Importers of

Gold, Plated & Oreide Jewelry.

SOLID AND NICKEL

SILVER WARE,

AMERICAN, ENGLISH & SWISS

WATCHES.

Cased by ourselves. And every description of Fancy Goods and Yankee Notions, especially adapted and designed for Southern and Western Trade.

Circulars and full descriptive Price Lists sent free. Agents wanted every where.

Address, SALISBURY, BRO. & CO.,

51 DORRANCE STREET, PROVENANCE, R. I.

MARENGO NURSERY.

R. J. MANNING has on hand

and for sale, as good, if not the best Fruit in the South. Apples, Pears and Peaches, ripening from June to November.

GRAPE VINES.

The most choice

of kinds. Nectarines, Plums, Pecan

Trees—almost any thing you may wish in the line of Fruits, carefully

labeled and sent to any applicant.

Cash accompanying orders of course.

Rev. S. G. JENKINS is my authorized Agent.

R. J. MANNING.

Dec. 13, 1866—4m.

HISBET, VANDIVER & CO.

DRUGGISTS,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Have just received and offer for sale, a well selected Stock of

Drugs & Medicines,

Patent Medicines,

Perfumes, Fancy and

Toilet Articles, Liquors,

for Medicinal purposes,

Dye-Stuffs, Paints,

Oils—Varnishes,

Brushes, &c. &c.

JACKSONVILLE, Ala. April 14, 1866.

FREE TO EVERYBODY!

A LARGE 6 pp. Catalogue, teaching how

to remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples,

Blisters, Moth, Patches, Saltiness, Eruptions

and all impurities of the skin. How to

force Whiskers, restore, curl and beautify

the hair; renew the age, cure Drunkenness,

Nervous Debility, and other useful and valuable

information. Everybody send for it.

Address, BENJER. SHUTTS & CO.,

Chemists, 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y.

BLANK DEEDS,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

SPLENDID HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

GOLD AND SILVER!

FINANCIAL CRISIS

compel us to sell

Judge J. W. Lapsley, of Selma, is in Springfield, Massachusetts, as the agent of Mr. Bridgman, Treasurer of the Cahaba Coal Company. The Springfield Republican says he came North to make plans relative to the construction of a railroad which forms a connecting link between the road running south from Washington, D. C., through Lynchburg, Va., and Knoxville, Tenn. to Dalton, Ga., and the Alabama and Tennessee Rivers Railroad, the present Northern terminus of which is near Jacksonville, Alabama.

The same paper adds: "The Judge and Mr. Breed have also been maturing plans relative to formation of a company of Northern capitalists to work the mines and manufacture iron in Shelby county, Alabama. The abundance of ore and its excellent quality in that section, render it an inviting field for enterprise who have money to invest. Mr. Edward Kimball, of Boston, who has spent some months in the iron regions is here, with a good report of the country. It is stated by Mr. K. and the Judge, that there need be no fear of political hindrances, as the people of Alabama are strongly in favor of the advent of a large number of citizens of the Northern States, who shall bring with them all their peculiar ideas relative to social, religious and civil affairs."

The "New Territory" for the United States.

[From the London Telegraph, November 30.] It is not impossible that the acquisition of this extensive Mexican territory may produce indirectly a favorable influence on the settlement of the internal dissensions which now distract the American people. Large numbers of Southerners may well be tempted to transport their household goods into adjacent lands, offering abundant resources, and free from never-ending interference and irritating persecution to which they are now exposed. In this way a fresh field may be open for their enterprise and labor, where they will be separate from all contact with the freedmen, and will be able to organize new communities in accordance with their own theories, which are much less Democratic than those of the Northerners. A diversion, too, may be effected by which the mind of the people in the Federal States will be turned, partially at least towards other subjects than those by which their passions are now inflamed. If the people both North and South, can at once be animated by the rivalry of some new pursuit, such as that of settling the immense wilderness thus thrown open to them, and benefiting by its agricultural and mineral and agricultural wealth, kindlier sentiments may take root, and replace the bitter hate of one party and the sullen submission of the other. In any aspect of the case we must hail this extension of the Union over regions that would otherwise remain desert for generations, as a positive good for mankind, and not less acceptable to us than the Americans themselves.

In a late number, the Cincinnati Commercial says, in reference to the proposition to territorialize the South: "It is not at all probable, in the first place, that the Southern States will be reduced to a territorial condition by act of Congress. We regard it as so improbable that we do not think it worth while to discuss the question of the power to do so."

"There will be some bluster of that sort, and possibly a bill to that end will be presented and debated, but the majority of the Republicans, in and out of Congress, will hear of no such measure with any patience. It would require another revolt on the part of the Southern people to convince them of such a necessity."

East Work—"Come till America, Pat!" writes a son of the Emerald Isle to his friend in Ireland; "tis a fine country to get a living in. All ye have to do is to get a three-cornered box and fill it with bricks, and carry it till the top of a four-story building, and the man at the top does all the work."

A Canadian paper thus snubs the government of the United States for its interference in behalf of the Fenian prisoners:

How has the American government acted toward political offenders? At the very head of the list stands Mr. Jefferson Davis. By the united voice of all parties in the United States, not to say anything of the opinion of outside nations, Mr. Davis' continued imprisonment in Fortress Monroe is a disgrace to the country which keeps him incarcerated. Does Mr. Seward think that the way in which this man has been treated by the government deserves to be called "eminently humane?" that the hardships, the palpable cruelties which were associated with his imprisonment until within a very late period, were such as to give him the right to preach clemency to another country?

Signs of the Times.

From the New Orleans Times of the 26th ult., we clip the following sprightly resume:

"The world is moving on to democracy; the divine right of kings has passed away forever, and the people are the despot. It is no longer the people who obey, and please the ruler, as in days gone by, but it is the ruler who must obey and please the people. *Le Roi est mort, vive le Roi!*" We have only changed the dynasty, and the "most sweet voices" of the populace are the oracles by which the world solves the questions which were erst carried before other tribunals. Mutterings, low but deep, in England, foretell the overthrow of monarchy there.

The once adored and respected Queen is no longer safe when she drives through the street of her own capital where oaths and imprecations are hurled against the Crown. The dynasty of the Georges is worn out, the people want a change, and fancy that with all the poverty, crime and suffering will vanish, and perpetual peace and plenty inaugurate a golden age. The volcanic lava is bursting to the surface to destroy—to fertilize—who can tell?

Louis Napoleon, sick and languid, yet strives to conceal it, and shows himself to his people day after day, to keep down that undercurrent of emule that is struggling to burst its bonds. The Empress, too, plays her part, and the little Prince his, to please their refractory Frenchmen, and the drama goes on until some day the curtain will fall, and the mimes leave the stage to different actors. And the "beaux seigneurs" will not be the managers.

Germany grins a ghastly smile at the turn matters have taken in allying her with Russia, but the world looks on, and doubts very much whether she is sincere in her profession.

The Papal jurisdiction in Italy is among the things of the past, and the keys of St. Peter move heavily in the rusty and "effete" lock. Temporal and spiritual power are passing away from the hands of the good old man. The prophecy has been fulfilled, and the stone he sought to roll from his people's neck has fallen and crushed him.

Europe, throughout its length and breadth, is convulsed by revolutions, or the expectation of them. The people are listening, watching, waiting to make their deadly spring and seize the reins from hands too weak to govern.

We look at all the "bouleversement," en philosophie, for we have traced this eternal madness for change from the early days of Patriarchal rule. It is not a better government than the needs of the age require; it is a different one.

The madness and fanaticism of a popular cultism, and the tyranny of an absolute despotism—wherein do they differ? Merely in the volume of sound. Wherever an undue proportion of power lies, be it in the many or the few, the old fable of the wolf and the lamb is revived.

Down in our little corner we are drinking muddy waters—very muddy indeed—and the wolf stands above us snarling and showing his teeth. He wants to devour us, and to find a pretext for his meal. And what in heaven's name could king or kaiser do more? "He who endures conquers." If that be true, what a diadem will crown us some day; but, like the "To triumph" of Shelley, we will not have panders in the wreath, "for they mean memory."

OVERTHROW OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.—*Sumner Defeated.*—The following paragraph occurs in the Washington letter of the Baltimore Gazette:

I feel authorized to-day to give your readers some news of a very cheering character. The extreme measures of Mr. Sumner, having in view the overthrow of the State Governments of the ten unrepresented States, and the other revolutionary schemes of ignoring their existence by act of Congress, in the matter of the Constitutional Amendment, have both failed to receive such support as to justify even their presentation to the action of a caucus of either House, much less of a joint caucus of both.

"Hermes" the Washington correspondent of the Charleston Mercury, says:

The opinion gains ground that Wade, Foster & Co., are touring it in the South for a purpose beyond that of a Christmas frolic. If the gritty and cantankerous Wade return with the report that he has been mistaken in the feeling of the South, a fine opening will be made for widening the doors of Congress. "Reconstruction" is called for urgently in Wall street, and here is a chance for an excuse for it.

SENATOR PARSONS.—We are pleased to see in our city, says the Montgomery Mail of the 26th, Senator Parsons, who is just from Washington and on his way home. Gov. Parsons asks the people of Alabama to stand firmly by the President, and repeats the language of his dispatch to Gov. Patton. It is gratifying to meet at least one man who is indisposed to acknowledge, directly or indirectly, that Alabama is out of the Union, and we hope that his words of encouragement will confirm the purpose of our people to stand by the Union and the Constitution.

Somebody says the way to judge of a woman's character at first sight, is to examine the color of her petticoat.—[Boston Post.]

If snowy white, an angel; if striped, "angels and ministers of grace defend us!"—[N. O. Picayune.]

Amen.—[Adv. & Register.]

DIED.—On the 25th Dec. 1866, at his father's residence in this county, WILLIAM Y. BOWENS, in the 23d year of his age, after a protracted illness, of chronic diarrhoea and consumption, which was contracted while in the Virginia army. He was one of the noblest young men that belonged to the whole of so Reg't and there discharged his whole duty so far as his feeble health permitted, until the far as his feeble health permitted, until the death released his soul from his frail body. He had fully set his house in order, having bright and clear evidence of his acceptance with God. It may be truly said he was a faithful soldier, a dutiful son, a kind brother, esteemed by all who knew him, and disliked by none. Cense to grief and parents, your loss is his eternal gain.—Farewell, dear William—peace be to thy dust. A FRIEND.

MOBILE Advertisements.

HARDWARE,

Iron, Tinware

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

A. J. MOSES & CO.,
MOBILE, ALA.,
Being large Importers of every thing pertaining to the trade, comparing favorably with New Orleans. Refer to Col. R. D. Kyle, Nov. 3—3m.

H. A. HURNTHAL—JAMES BRUCE—W. HURNTHAL

HURNTHAL, BRUCE & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY
IRON &c.
No. 29 Water Street,
MOBILE.

Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

S. J. MURPHY. M. G. HUDSON.
S. J. MURPHY & CO.
(Formerly W. W. ALLEN & CO.)
COTTON FACTORS & GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
MOBILE, ALA.

Have been associated in business with these gentlemen for many years. I cheerfully recommend them to the patronage of my friends.
W. W. ALLEN.
Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

C. E. TITMES,
COTTON FACTOR
AND
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 10 North Commerce & No. 10 North Front Sts.
[UP STAIRS]
MOBILE, ALA.

Nov. 3, 1866.—6m

A. & B. MOOG,
Grocers
AND
SOAP MANUFACTURERS,
AND DEALERS IN
WINE, LIQUORS,
TOBACCO and
Northern and Western
Produce.

No. 15—South Water and No. 16—South Commerce Sts.
MOBILE, ALA.
Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

W. F. MARTIN. A. G. WATERS.
Mobile, Ala. Clontarf Co. Ala.
For City of Richmond, Martin & Co.
S. M. COVINS,
Mobile, Ala.
For City of Richmond, Martin & Co.
MARTIN, COVINS & Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS,
No. 31 Commerce and St. Michael Streets,
MOBILE, ALA.

Nov. 3, 1866.—6m.

P. C. HANNAH,
Commission Merchant
AND DEALER IN
Southern & Western Produce.
No. 11—South Water Street, MOBILE.
Desires Orders particularly attended to.
Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

LEROY BREWER. HENRY L. COOPER.
THOS. DUGGER. C. A. HARRIS.
L. BREWER & CO.
General Commission Merchants.
For the sale of
COTTON & COUNTRY PRODUCE.
AND
GROCERS
AND DEALERS IN
Northern & Western Goods,
No. 55, Corner Commerce & St. Louis Sts.,
MOBILE, ALA.

Orders will be promptly attended to—25.
Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

W. L. BAKER. J. N. C. GRAHAM
MOBILE. SELMA.
BAKER, GRAHAM & CO.
Successors to Baker, Lawler & Co.
and Baker, Robbins & Co.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
MOBILE, ALA.

We have secured the services of Mr. R. P. BAKER and Mr. G. SPALDING, and connected with our business *Receiving and Forwarding Goods.* Having every facility for Shippers and Storage, we are prepared to offer inducements to Shippers to consign their goods to our care, and promise faithful attention to all consignments. We are agents for no Boats.
BAKER, GRAHAM, & CO.
Feb. 10, 1866.—6m.

JACK P. RICHARDSON, CHAS. C. STEWART.
Mobile. Sumter Co. Ala.
J. E. CUSACK,
Mobile.

JACK P. RICHARDSON & CO.
(Successors to RICHARDSON & HAMILTON.)
GENERAL GROCERS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Corner Water and St. Michael Streets,
MOBILE, ALA.

Nov. 3, 1866.—6m.

WEAVER & KITCHEN,
GROCERS
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET—SELMA, ALA.

Have control of a good brick Warehouse, constantly under guard, for the storage of Cotton and other Produce.
Liberal advances made on Cotton for Shipment or Sale.

JAS. L. MOORE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
Patent Medicines, Perfumery,
FANCY GOODS, PAINTS,
Oils, Window Glass, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.
No. 10, Broad Street,
SELMA, ALA.
Nov. 3, 1866.—6m

G. J. THOMAS,
GROCER
AND
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WATER STREET,
Opposite the Gas House, SELMA, ALA.
I am connected with this house, and will at all times be pleased to see my old friends and customers and receive their trade.
T. W. STREET.

W. G. PRIVETT. R. H. CROSWELL.
PRIVETT & CROSWELL
Receiving and Forwarding
MERCHANTS,
HEAD OF CITY WHARF,
SELMA, ALA.
July 21, 1866.—6m.

T. H. ROSSER. J. M. MOREY.
ROSSER & MOREY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.
Agents for the Sale of Western Produce.

B. F. SIDES, Selma. A. W. BELL, Mobile.
SIDES & BELL,
COTTON FACTORS,
FORWARDING AND
Commission Merchants,
41, North Water Street,
MOBILE, ALA.

Consignments of Country Produce solicited. Goods consigned to our care forwarded with dispatch. We promise strict attention to any business entrusted to our care.

REFERENCES.
GEN. WM. H. FORSEY, Jacksonville, Ala.
Col. J. A. STONY, Talladega, Ala.
Hon. JOHN T. HURLIN, Selma, Ala.

SELMA Advertisements.

T. A. NICOLL & CO.
Wholesale Wine Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
Water Street No. 5,
SELMA, ALA.

PHILIP WEAVER, J. D. KITCHEN
Selma, Ala. New Orleans, La.

WEAVER & KITCHEN,
GROCERS
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET—SELMA, ALA.

Have control of a good brick Warehouse, constantly under guard, for the storage of Cotton and other Produce.
Liberal advances made on Cotton for Shipment or Sale.

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Nov. 3, 1866.—6m

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COMMISSION MERCHANT,
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ROSSER & MOREY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.
Agents for the Sale of Western Produce.

ABNER WILLIAMS,
COTTON FACTOR,
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchant,
WILL advance BAGGING & ROPE to his patrons.
A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Office over Ager, Wilson & Co's Warehouse, Water Street.
SELMA, ALA.

Wm. WHITE. A. J. PHARES,
Late of Jacksonville. Sumter Co.

WHITE & PHARES,
SELMA, ALA.,
COMMISSION, AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
WE have Storage for 1500 BALES of COTTON in our new
FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE,
And make liberal advances on consignment

Mr. E. L. WOODWARD of Jacksonville is our Agent, and all orders left with him for the purchase and shipment of Corn, Oats, Hay, Bacon, Iron, Sugar, Coffee, &c. will have our prompt attention.
April 7, '66. WHITE & PHARES.

J. A. CURRY, Talladega. J. H. AUSSPAUGH, Selma.
J. A. CURRY & CO.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
Central Warehouse Building,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.

We have good Brick Warehouses constantly under guard for the storage of Cotton and other produce consigned to us.

JOS. BARRIE. J. H. ROBINSON.
HARDIE & ROBINSON,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
23 & 25 Broad St. (UP STAIRS),
SELMA, ALA.

We respectfully invite consignments of Cotton, Flour or other produce intended for sale in our market, or for shipment to Mobile, New Orleans or New York, upon which we are prepared to make liberal cash advances. Also to furnish Bagging and Rope or Iron Ties.

Our old friends will find us ready to serve them faithfully, efficiently and honestly.
Address **HARDIE & ROBINSON,**
23 & 25 Broad Street
SELMA, ALA.

Sept 15—4m

Saddlery, Harness, &c.
SMITH, NOTES & CO.
Central City Insurance Building,
SELMA, ALA.

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN
SADDLES,
HARNESS, &c.

RESPECTFULLY call the attention of all purchasers to their large stock, comprising the best assortment ever offered in this market. We are constantly receiving new additions, thus proving that we leave nothing untidied to please the fancy of all.

SMITH, NOTES & CO.
Selma, Ala., May 26, 1866

M. LUNDIE. GEO. B. PERCIBSON.
LUNDIE & CO.
COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
OFFICE BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the sale and shipment of Cotton, on which we will pay freight, charges, and Revenue Tax.

Orders for the purchase of Groceries and other articles promptly filled, when accompanied with the Cash or City Acceptance.

REFERENCES:
M. J. A. Keith & Co., Selma, Ala. Gen. J. G. L. Huey, Talladega, Ala. J. W. Lapsley, Selma, Ala. A. M. Goodwin, Selma, Ala. Walker Reynolds, Alpine, Ala. John A. Winston & Co., Mobile, Ala. Hon. T. A. Walker, Jacksonville, Ala. Jurey & Harris, New Orleans, La. E. C. Hammon, Montgomery, Ala. Jan. 27, 1867

W. T. MIREE. E. JOHNSON.
MIREE & JOHNSON,
STAPLE & FANCY
DRY GOODS,
Gentlemen's Clothing,
BOOTS, SHOES,
HARDWARE &c.
BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Are Receiving daily from New York large additions of Winter Goods.

W. H. EAGER. W. V. R. WATSON.
EAGER & WATSON,
GENERAL COMMISSION, RECEIVING
AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS;
OFFICE with JUDSON, DUNCAN & Co.
SELMA, ALA.

Having secured ample and convenient Storage, we are prepared to receive and forward all Goods consigned to us at the City Wharf, with promptness and dispatch. Tarpaullins and Watchmen will be kept on the Wharf for the protection of all Goods sent to our care.

Consignments of COTTON and Produce respectfully solicited.
June 9, 1867.—3m.

N. D. JOHNSON. R. A. PETTIBONE
Talladega. Selma.
N. D. JOHNSON & CO.,
(Successors to L. W. Pettibone.)
STORAGE, RECEIVING, FORWARDING
AND
Commission Merchants,
Office in Alt. & Trn. R. R. Warehouse,
Selma, Alabama.

Having leased the New, Fire Proof COTTON WAREHOUSE, with in a few yards of the Depot, we are prepared to Receive, Store, Forward, or Sell, all consignments with which we may be favored, on the most favorable terms.

Merchants and Planters will readily perceive that we possess unequalled advantages in the receiving and shipment of Cotton, and in the receiving and forwarding of Goods, being able to economize in wharfrage, drayage and handling of Goods. With these advantages, pledging our best efforts in the interests of our patrons, we respectfully solicit consignments.

Sept. 22—ly. N. D. JOHNSON & CO.

NEW HOTEL.
TROUP HOUSE.
Northern corner Water and Landersdale sts., opposite Harrel, Eskridge & Sturdivant.
SELMA, ALABAMA.

THIS house is now open for the reception of the travelling public. Satisfaction to every one guaranteed.
April 14. E. T. STURDIVANT.

AM. ARTISTS' UNION.
AGENTS WANTED.

RELIABLE and energetic persons, male or female, are wanted to solicit subscriptions for our Engravings, and to such we offer very liberal cash inducements; also *open did presents* to subscribers. Circulars suitable to be used in canvassing, together with all necessary papers, will be furnished on application. Address, with reference, AMERICAN ARTISTS' UNION, 25 Pine Street, New York.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.
Principal Office, 616 Broadway, NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Machines. Empire Shuttle, Crank Motion Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered noiseless in action. Its motion being all positive, it is not liable to get out of order. It is the best Family Machine! Notice is called to our new and improved Manufacturing Machine, for Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters. Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given. No consignments made. EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

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Estimates and Specifications will be prepared and ready for inspection by the first day of January, 1867. The work will embrace Earth and Rock Excavations, Embankments, Trestle & Howe Truss Bridges, first and second class and Rubble Masonry. The right to reject all proposals not entirely satisfactory is reserved.
E. G. BARNEY,
Supt and Agent for Lessee.
Dec. 15, 1866.

Empire Shuttle Sewing Machines
ARE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS
For Family and Manufacturing Purposes.
Agents wanted. Address, EMPIRE S. M. CO., 616 Broadway, New York.

ROME STEAM ENGINE AND MACHINE WORKS, ROME, Ga.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Horizontal, Vertical and Portable
STEAM ENGINES,
From one to Five Hundred Horse Power
Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS,
Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks,
BLAST PIPES,
COTTON PRESSES,
SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR
Rolling Mills.
Blast Furnaces,
Railroads,
Saw & Grist-mills, &c
CASTINGS

Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight. Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive and Car Axles;
Mining Machinery
For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;
Bridge-castings and Bolts;
All kinds of Machinery and
BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, AND MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prires will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,
JAS. NOBLES, sr., Thos. P. MITCHELL, Cash.
JOHN W. NOBLES, Master Mechanist & Draughtsman
WM. NOBLE, GEORGE NOBLE,
SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent.
July 21, 1866.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.
Principal Office, 616 Broadway, NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Machines. Empire Shuttle, Crank Motion Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered noiseless in action. Its motion being all positive, it is not liable to get out of order. It is the best Family Machine! Notice is called to our new and improved Manufacturing Machine, for Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters. Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given. No consignments made. EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

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Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, JAN. 5, 1867.

Homicide—State Laws & Freedmen.

On Friday night, 28th ult. an altercation took place at Blue Mountain, between Tom and Mark, two freedmen, in the course of which Tom struck Mark with a skillet fracturing his skull so badly that he died on Tuesday morning following. Our Sheriff, S. D. McClellan, deputized Chap Deuman, another freedman, who promptly arrested Tom and brought him to this place. Under guard of his posse, on Wednesday. A preliminary trial took place before Justices Forney and Adams, and Tom was committed for trial at the next Circuit Court. It was rather a novel sight to see a colored Sheriff, with his guard armed with guns, marching a prisoner into town. They performed their duties, however, in a very efficient and orderly manner.

Snow.—To talk about snow, we do not expect to be news in this section; but some of our papers may stray to regions where there has not been quite so much of it. On Saturday morning, 29th ult. the snow commenced falling on frozen ground, continuing until evening, when it was some two or three inches deep, said to be the heaviest for 15 years. It has continued to snow every day since, more or less, the sun only having been seen for a few minutes on Thursday evening; and now, Friday morning, the ground is still covered; it is cold, cloudy and foggy, threatening more falling weather, either rain, sleet or snow. In short, the weather, like northern politics, is decidedly radical; with this difference however, the weather promises something good in the future, while radical politics promise only evil, and that continually. Farmers say that snow remaining so long on the ground is favorable to a good wheat crop. There is also an old saying, that for every fog in January there will be a frost in May; so look out for the young cotton to be killed, and be sure to provide for a plentiful crop of grain, vegetables and hay, which are thus far free from an unconstitutional and burdensome Yankee tax.

Scott's Monthly Magazine.—We have received the January number of this truly valuable and interesting southern Magazine, published at Atlanta, Ga. This number contains a splendid steel plate engraving of Gen. R. E. Lee; and among the contents may be found—"Field and Camp—Night Thoughts—The Doom of Rosalie—My Baby in the Skies—The Tropics of the Bible—Arcadia—The Secret Marriage; or the Sin and Expiation of Helen Gray—On Living in Perspective—Ambition—Reminiscences of Vienna—The Mission of the Waters—Living and Posthumous Fame," with many other excellent articles.

This Magazine richly merits a more extended and universal patronage, and we hope to see it receive its full share in this section. We will take pleasure in exhibiting specimen numbers to persons who may wish to subscribe.—Terms \$5 per annum.

We copy the following from the "Gadsden Times," the first number of which was published on the 3rd inst.

Salutatory.

We this day commence the publication of the *Gadsden Times*, in the County of Baine. We have selected Gadsden as the point of publication, because we believe that at no distant day it is destined to be an important place—the most important in North East Alabama. It is near the centre of a fertile and populous county, beautifully located on a navigable river, at or near the Junction of two great Trunk Railways quartering the continent—in the immediate vicinity of coal beds and iron ore in inexhaustible quantities, and of the first quality, with water power sufficient to turn a million of spindles; and, of agricultural resources enough to sustain a city of twenty-five thousand inhabitants. In all the elements of wealth and prosperity, Baine county is unsurpassed, if equalled in East or North Ala.

It will be one of the primary objects of this Journal to aid in developing the great natural resources of this section of country. It is only necessary that these advantages should be known, to induce capital and immigration to flow in from all directions, not only from the United States but from Europe.

To the Manufacturer—the Miner—the Merchant—the Mechanic—the Farmer, in search of a fertile soil, rich mines, an industrious, moral and religious society, cheap lands, railroad and steamboat facilities, a healthy climate, mineral springs, beautiful and romantic scenery, we say come to Gadsden and explore the new, rich and fertile County of Baine.

The inhabitants of the Southern States can now only look to building up a material prosperity. From the United States Congress they can hope for nothing. Even if acknowledged as States, our Senators and Representatives admitted to their seats (of which there is no immediate probability) we should be utterly powerless to stem the tide of Radical misrule; we should be in a minority powerless for good—hopeless politically for the future. Consequently, our Journal will ignore politics, except so far as to keep our readers advised of all the late news from Washington and Montgomery, of all important measures affecting our weal or woe, whether originating from the National or State Legislature. There is no political action we can advise our fellow citizens to take that will benefit their condition. The future is dark and lowering. We can see the danger, but know not how to avert it; we can point out the disease, but not the remedy; show the poison, but not the antidote. We shall keep our readers advised fully of the progress of that fearful storm that threatens to prostrate and overwhelm us in its fearful march. Through our columns too, our readers will be the first to learn (should such be the case) that the flood is subsiding—that the dove with the olive branch appears above the face of the troubled waters. Until that happy day we can only say, *be of good cheer*. A rich and genial soil is beneath our feet, beautiful and salubrious skies above us, warm and generous hearts around us; our enemies cannot take these blessings from us no more than they can "pluck the sun from Heaven, or with polluted fingers tarnish it." Toil on, hope on, struggle on with manly fortitude and heroic perseverance. We are passing through the fiery ordeal of adversity, but in the end we may come out more than conquerors. Soon we may be enabled to exclaim: "The night hath passed, joy cometh with the morning."

BY TELEGRAPH.

NOON DISPATCHES.

New York, Dec. 28.—Noon—Gold 122 1/2.

The fire at Elmira, on Sunday, proved quite disastrous. It caught in a drug store, on Lake street. Soon after the discovery some chemicals exploded tearing the building and the adjoining ones to pieces, carrying flames to buildings on the other side of the street, setting fire to Anthony's Hotel and Turner Hall; the fire raged over six hours, consuming all the buildings of Lake street, from Water to Carroll. Total insurance \$27,500. Loss estimate \$570,000.

An arrival from Porto Cabello confirms previous advices received by us of a revolution at Barcelona and Guayaquil, Venezuela, and a state of general anarchy and confusion exists.

A Dublin letter to the World says there are sixteen war vessels near Queenstown, and that many of the loyal inhabitants are fleeing to the garrisons for safety against threatened Fenian rising.

Stevens was believed to be in South Ireland.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The President has revoked the Exequatur of Gerhard Jussion. Consul of Oldenburg at New York, for refusing to appear before the Supreme Court on the plea that his Consular functions exempt him.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The dispatches at military headquarters confirm the Fort Phil Kearney massacre.—Col H. Blunt, commanding Fort Phil Kearney, says that Indians numbering 3,000, attacked the soldiers near the fort, killing the entire party, and mutilating their bodies horribly. Col. Letterman, Capt. Brown, Lieut. Drummond and the ninety-one men, were mostly new recruits.

Gen. Francis P. Blair succeeds Gen. Curtis as Pacific Railroad Commissioner.

Milwaukee, Dec. 28.—The Eagle Iron Works and shops adjoining the Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Railroad restaurant, and part of Johnsons & Co's lumber yard, were burned this morning. Loss \$50,000; insurance \$25,000.

St. Louis, Dec. 28.—A fire at Warrensburg, Missouri, on Christmas Eve, destroyed 22 business houses and three dwellings. The estimated loss is \$200,000. The insurance is not known, but is small. The principal losses are Paragon & Son, Hyatt, Allen & Co, Jos. Lupton, H. Gekerson, Wm. Robinson, Henry Nail, Crase, Gatch & Marshall, and McLean & Kilpatrick.

New York, Dec. 28.—Additional particulars of the great snow storm at Evenden and its violence, has been received. The storm raged with great fury at Harlem, where a row of 6 houses on Alexander avenue were also unroofed, a number of houses on Willis avenue were also unroofed and one blown down. Loss \$20,000.

The storm was very violent at Hudson, every avenue to the city being blocked by snow. Four passenger cars were blown from the track, but without serious damage on the Western roads. No trains have arrived here from that direction this afternoon.

NOON DISPATCHES.

New York, Dec. 29.—Cotton firm at 33 1/2 to 34 1/2.

Louisville, Dec. 28.—John W. Perkins, aged 65, pardoned recently for speculations, cut his wife's throat, killing her instantly, and then cut his own. His recovery is doubtful. Cause generally ascribed to his late troubles.

New York, Dec. 29.—Gold 133 1/2.

The steamship *Pasmenia* had arrived at Southampton with yellow fever on board from the West Indies. She had ninety-two cases and twenty-one deaths on her passage.

The details of the explosion at Oaks Colliery, near Ramsay, show that 318 deaths occurred. A second explosion caused 28 more deaths, most of the latter being mining engineers and foremen of neighboring collieries. Two more explosions followed same day, and the search was suspended. Another explosion had occurred near New Castle, Staffordshire, 74 lives being lost. The Queen subscribed two hundred pounds for the relief of the sufferers.

The Fenian alarm in Ireland is reported to be subsiding, and no more arrests are being made.

It is stated that the revolutionary proclamations in print have been seized in Faubourg, St. Denis Parish inciting a revolution in Spain under the lead of Gen. Prim.

The *Invalid Press* takes exceptions to the comparison made by *La France* between the India insurrection and the Polish revolution, saying that the India affair was brought about by a violation of the treaty of agreement on the part of Turkey.

A Constantinople telegram states that a French squadron has been put at the service of Turkey to render the blockade of Candia more effective.

New York, Dec. 29.—Gold opened at 33.

Marshall Bazaine telegraphed to Napoleon on the 23d inst., as follows:—"Maximilian is still in Mexico and has not come to any decision with respect to his future movements. The evacuation of Mexico, required to be completed by March, is unjust.—Transports should arrive without delay."

The Vienna Press says:—"A rupture of relations between Turkey and Greece is inevitable. Great agitation exists on—Islands and considerable disturbance in Cephalonia. Bulgaria is moving towards a revolution to sever from Turkey, and M. Abramovich and M. Dimitrak are mentioned as candidates for the new Bulgarian throne. The East Indian Government has opened a loan of six hundred thousand pounds sterling for the relief of the Orissa famine."

The French expedition penetrated as far as Kang-tan without resistance on the 15th day of November.

Three hundred houses were destroyed by fire in Hong Kong on the 30th October. The civil war in Japan was suppressed on the 16th.

Indianapolis, Jan. 1.—A fire in Richmond, Indiana, involved the loss of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The railroad depot, telegraph office and a large quantity of wheat and hay were destroyed.

Washington, Jan. 1.—The Arkansas committee arrived late this afternoon—too late for action.

"OUR PLATFORM."—The Nashville *Gazette* puts the following at the head of its columns as its platform. We think the whole South might well adopt it:—"Let the Southern people be sure to produce, as they easily can, an abundant supply of provisions, manufacture their own timber and iron into all the implements they need, spin and weave all the cotton they consume, and let only the surplus of the staple, if any, pass over to Lowell and Manchester, to be paid for in cash. Let them do whatever may be necessary to secure a free Republican State Government, and steadily refuse by any debasing compliances, to purchase the privilege of enjoying their Constitutional rights in the Federal Union. So employed, let them manfully meet whatever destiny may be in store for them, secure at least in the possession of their own self-respect."

Scattering the Freedmen.—A Washington correspondent of the *Macon Telegraph* writes:

Through the medium of the colored pastors of the churches, the superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau has given notice to the overcrowded negro population of the District, in his annual list of 1867, that he has been transmitted to him by the Assessor of the District, in his annual list of 1867, the same not having been paid within the time required by law and by publication, demand is hereby made upon you for the said tax. If not paid within ten days after this demand, the laws provide for the collection thereof with a fine of twenty cents, and ten cents per each mile traveled in sending the notice, with a penalty of ten per centum additional upon the amount of taxes.

Hereafter cash will be required on Carbon before permits are granted.

Revenue stamps for sale at my Office on Office Row.

H. F. VEINON,
Dep. Col. Int. Rev.

Register's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Decree rendered by the Hon. Chancery Court, held at Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Alabama, for the 30th District, Northern Chancery Division, at the July Term, 1866, in favor of Mary E. Rowland Adx. &c. and against Henry G. Gadsden, I will, as Register of said Court, proceed to sell, before the Court house door of Calhoun County, Alabama, within the usual hours of sale, for cash, to the highest bidder, on MONDAY the 4th day of FEBRUARY, 1867, the following described Land, to-wit: The north half of north east, and north east of north west q. section 24, township 13, range 6; also, south east of south west q. section 13, township 13, range 6; also, south west of south east q. section 13, township 13, range 6—to satisfy said decree rendered by said Chancery Court.

Wm. H. HAMES,
Register & Master.

Jan. 5, 1867.—\$12 00.

Notice

TO ADMINISTRATORS, EXECUTORS & GUARDIANS OF CALHOUN COUNTY.

All Executors, Administrators and Guardians, are hereby notified to be & appear at my office, on or before the 13th day of January, 1867, and file their accounts for annual, partial or final settlement; and also renew their Bonds where they have become insufficient.

Those failing to respond promptly to the above call, will certainly be waited upon by the Sheriff immediately thereafter.

A. WOODS, Judge of Dec. 22, 1866, Probate.

NEW STORE.

R. B. KYIE

Has again established himself in business at Next Door to Kyle Wynne & Co's Old Stand, and will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of Goods, suited to the wants of the people, embracing—

DRY GOODS,
SHOES & HATS
CROCKERY,
HARDWARE,
And a FINE Stock of
GROCERIES,

Which he will sell at *ROME* or *SELMA* prices. His old Friends and customers can save money by calling and buying their goods of him.

O. P. HILL is on hand, and ready to serve his old friends. Don't fail to call at the

NEW STORE,
Sign of the
Genuine Red Flag.
Gadsden Jan'y 4th 1867.

P. T. Barrett,
GADSDEN ALABAMA,
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS,
AND
GROCERIES,

WOULD respectfully inform his old customers and friends that he has recently removed his extensive stock of Dry Goods, Groceries &c., to the MILLIGAN & DAVIS Corner, opposite Hollingsworth & Moore's, where he is still offering the same great inducements to his customers.

He will keep constantly on hand every article that the trade may demand.

He also has the ready cash at all times to pay for Cotton, Corn, Wheat, or any kind of Produce that the Planter may offer to the market.

His accomplished Salesman, Billie McGlatzery, will be pleased at all times to show his customers through his stock and give such bargains as will induce them to call again.

GADSDEN HOTEL
J. T. BARRETT, Proprietor.
Is now opened to the travelling public.
Gadsden—Jan'y 4th, 1867.

!! R. H. HART !!
Dry Goods, Grocery,
AND
Commission Merchant.
(Sign of the Red & White Flag)
GADSDEN ALABAMA.

KEEPS constantly on hand, and offers for sale, a well selected stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Boots & Shoes, Tin and Queens Ware, and a variety of articles usually kept in *Stores* (where they do not keep anything else). All of which he will sell as cheap as the cheapest. If not a *little* cheaper. Give him a call and you will believe.

R. H. HART.

N. B. All kinds of Country Produce bought at the highest market price. Also all kinds of *Fur*, from the size of a *Minx* skin to an *Elephant* hide. Liberal advances made on Cotton.

R. H. H.

Gadsden Ala, Jan'y 4th 1867.

O. P. HILL
Has his Books and Accounts at R. B. Kyle's New Store.
All persons indebted to him will please come forward and settle by cash or note.
Gadsden Ala. 1867.

Special Notice.
All persons indebted to me are requested to call and settle with J. H. Francis, Sr. at my old counting room. If the accounts are not settled by the 15th of January they will be left in the hands of an officer for collection.

HU FRANCIS,
Jacksonville, Jan. 5, '67.

OFFICE of the COLLECTOR of INTERNAL REV. 3d Dis. state of Ala. Jacksonville, Dec. 28, '66.
To the Citizens of Calhoun County.
THE annual tax assessed against you has been transmitted to me by the Assessor of the District, in his annual list of 1867. The same not having been paid within the time required by law and by publication, demand is hereby made upon you for the said tax. If not paid within ten days after this demand, the laws provide for the collection thereof with a fine of twenty cents, and ten cents per each mile traveled in sending the notice, with a penalty of ten per centum additional upon the amount of taxes.

Hereafter cash will be required on Carbon before permits are granted.

Revenue stamps for sale at my Office on Office Row.

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Dep. Col. Int. Rev.

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Wm. H. HAMES,
Register & Master.

Jan. 5, 1867.—\$12 00.

NOTICE.
JURY Tickets and County Claims registered previously to 1st January, 1867, will be paid upon presentation to the undersigned. L. W. CANNON, Co. Tr.
Jan. 2, 1867.

Sheriff Sale.
BY virtue of one fi fa issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun County and to me directed, I will expose to sale, to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. on Monday the 4th day of February, 1867, the following described Lands, lying in Calhoun County, known and designated as follows: to-wit: West half of the south west fourth of section 15, township 15, range 6—east half of south east fourth, and the north east fourth of the north east fourth of section 21, township 15, range 6—also 30 acres, more or less, off the north west corner of section 22, bounded by Clear Creek on the east, and the south east fourth of the north east fourth section 21 township 15, range 6, and ten and three quarter acres in section 22, on the west bank of Clear Creek, and the north east fourth of section 25, township 15, Range 6, levied upon as the property of A. Downing to satisfy one fi fa in my hands in favor of Cassander Sturkey, Adm. of Daniel Sturkey, dec'd and against A. Downing, Larkin Coker and L. S. Downing—Dec. 23, 1866—\$15 00.

S. D. McCLELLAN, Sheriff. C. C.

Also at the same time and place, BY virtue of one fi fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, and to me directed, I will sell before the Court house door, in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. for cash, all the interest of Martha Coker, Joseph Coker and William Coker, her heirs and assigns, in the following lands, situated in Calhoun County, Ala. known and designated as follows, to-wit: east half of north west fourth, and the north west fourth of north east fourth, section 36, township 11, range 7, east in the Coosa Land District, levied upon as the property of David Moore, to satisfy one fi fa. in favor of R. Brodie, Administrator, &c. and against David Moore and Spilver Cannon.

S. D. McCLELLAN, Sheriff. C. C.
Dec. 20, 1866—\$12 00.

Also, at the same time and place, BY virtue of one fi fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, Ala. and to me directed, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. all the interest that Martha Coker, Joseph Coker and William Coker, her heirs and assigns, in the following land, No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 11, section 16, Township 15, range 11 east, containing 320 acres—levied upon as the property of Martha Coker, Joseph Coker and William Coker, to satisfy said fi fa. in favor of Johnson Mitchell & co.

S. D. McCLELLAN, Sheriff. C. C.
Dec. 20, 1866—\$12 00.

Also, at the same time and place, BY virtue of one fi fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, Ala. and to me directed, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. all the interest that Martha Coker, Joseph Coker and William Coker, her heirs and assigns, in the following land, No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 11, section 16, Township 15, range 11 east, containing 320 acres—levied upon as the property of Martha Coker, Joseph Coker and William Coker, to satisfy said fi fa. in favor of Johnson Mitchell & co.

S. D. McCLELLAN, Sheriff. C. C.
Dec. 20, 1866—\$12 00.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.
E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,
Wholesale and Retail,
561 Broadway, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of photographic materials we are Headquarters for the following: viz: STEREOSCOPES & STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS Of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, etc.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR.
From negatives made in the various campaigns and forming a complete photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS.
Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents to \$50 each. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, Statesmen, Actors, etc. etc.
Our Catalogue embraces over five thousand different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods of C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent of the amount with their order.

The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. Nov. 10, '66—2m.

SALISBURY, BRO. & CO
Extensive Manufacturers and Importers of
Gold, Plated & Oreide Jewelry,
SOLID AND NICKEL
SILVER WARE,
AMERICAN, ENGLISH & SWISS
WATCHES.

Made by ourselves. And every description of Fancy Goods and Yankee Notions, especially adapted and designed for Southern and Western Trade.

Circulars and full descriptive Price Lists sent free. Agents wanted everywhere.

Address, SALISBURY, BRO. & CO.,
51 Dorrance street, Providence, R. I.

MARENGO NURSERY.
R. J. MANNING has on hand and for sale, as good, if not the best Fruit in the South. Apples, Pears and Peaches, ripening from June to November.

GRAPE VINES, the most choice kinds. Nectarines, Plums, Pecan Trees—almost any thing you may wish in the line of Fruits, carefully labelled and sent to any applicant.

Cash accompanying orders of course.

Rev. S. G. JENKINS is my authorized Agent.

Thomopolis, Ala., Oct. 13, 1866—4m.

NISBET, VANDIVER & CO.
DRUGGISTS,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Have just received and offer for sale, a well selected Stock of
Drugs & Medicines,
Perfumes, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Liquors, for Medicinal purposes—
Dye-Stuffs—Paints,
Oils—Varnishes,
Brushes, &c. &c.

JACKSONVILLE, Ala. April 14, 1866.

FREE TO EVERYBODY!
A LARGE 6 pp. Catalogue, teaching how to remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blisters, Moth, Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions and all impurities of the skin. How to force Whiskers, restore curl and beautify the hair; renew the age, cure Drunkenness, Nervous Debility, and other useful and valuable information. Everybody send for it.

Address, BERGER, SHUTTS & CO.,
Chambers, 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y.

BLANK DEEDS,
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

SPLENDID HOLIDAY PRESENTS!
GOLD AND SILVER!
FINANCIAL CRISIS
compel us to sell
In the Course of Six months,
\$25,000—\$25,000
WORTH OF
Watches, Clocks, Chains, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver wire, &c.
ALL TO BE DISPOSED OF AT
ONE DOLLAR EACH.
Without regard to value! And not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive.
After receiving the article, if it does not please you, you can return it and your money will be refunded.

THE STOCK COMPRISES, amongst other articles, Splendid Clocks, Gold and Silver Watches, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls, Garnets and other Stones, Gold and Silver Chains, Ladies' sets of Jewelry, comprising Ring and Ear Rings of the most fashionable style, set in Precious Stones of every variety, together with a large assortment of Gold and Silver Buttons of the most beautiful patterns, Gent's Bosoms and Scarf Pins, and an endless variety of Bracelets, Chains, Musical Boxes, Head Dresses, Combs, Charms, &c.

In consequence of the great stagnation of trade in the manufacturing districts of France and England, a large quantity of valuable Jewelry, originally intended for the European market, has been sent off for sale in this country, and must be sold at any sacrifice under these circumstances. The "WATCH & GOLD JEWELRY CO." have resolved upon

AN APPORTIONMENT!
subject to the following regulations: Certificates of the various articles, without regard to choice or value are first put into envelopes, sealed up and mixed; and, when ordered, are taken out by a blindfolded boy, and sent by mail, thus giving all a fair chance. On receipt of the Certificate, you will see what you are to have, and then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Piano, Melodeon, Sewing Machine, Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on our List for One Dollar.

NO BLANKS.
SEND 25 CENTS FOR A CERTIFICATE.
In all transactions by mail we shall charge for forwarding the certificates, paying postage and doing the business 25 cent each, which must be enclosed when the certificate is sent for. Five certificates will be sent for \$1, eleven for \$2, thirty for \$5, sixty-five for \$10, and 100 for \$15.

AGENTS.—We want agents in every town and county in the country, and those acting as such will be allowed ten cents on every Certificate ordered by them provided their remittance amounts to \$1. Agents will collect 75 cents for every certificate, and remit 15 cents to us, either in cash or postage stamps. Agents remitting at once \$30, will be entitled to a beautiful Silver Hunting Case, Patent Lever Watch and 200 certificates.

Please write your Name, Town, County & State, plainly, and address all orders to
Watch and Gold Jewelry Company,
36 Liberty Street, New York

GROVESTEN & CO.,
Piano Forte Manufacturers,
490 Broadway, New York.

THESE PIANOS received the Highest Award of Merit at the World's Fair, over the best makers from London, Paris, Germany, the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Boston; also, the **Gold Medal** at the American Institute, for FIVE SUCCESSIVE YEARS!! Our Pianos contain the French Grand Action, Harp Pedal, Overstrung Bass, and will Iron Frame, and Modern Improvements. Every Instrument warranted **FIVE years.** Made under the supervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEN, who has a practical experience of over thirty-five years, and is the maker of over eleven thousand pianos-fortes. Our facilities for manufacturing enables us to sell these instruments from \$100 to \$200 cheaper than any first class piano forte. H. & P.
Dec. 8, 1-66—1r.

New Goods.
P. ROWAN,
At Forney's Corner.
Is now receiving and opening, an extensive and well selected stock of
Full and Winter Staple and Fancy
DRY GOODS:

Every variety, style, fashion and pattern usually required for in this market. Also
GROCERIES,
Crockery & Glassware,
Hardware, Cutlery & Nails,
DRUGS & MEDICINES,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS
AND
SHOES,
SADDLERY
of various descriptions.
—ALSO—
Factory Yarn,
Kerosene Oil, &c.

All of which are offered for sale on the most reasonable terms.
He respectfully solicits a call and examination of his Goods, from his friends acquaintances, and the public generally, with the assurance that they can and will be pleased and suited in quantity, quality and price.
Jacksonville, Nov. 3, 1866.

School Notice.
The exercises of the School under the control of the undersigned, will be resumed Jan. 8th, 1867.
No change in terms—clever industrious boys gladly received.
Fuition due on the last day of the term.
D. F. SMITH,
Dec. 16.

PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES, &c.
E. GOODE, Artist.
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodward's Store.
June 18, 1866

Judge J. W. Lapsley, of Selma, is in Springfield, Massachusetts, as the agent of Mr. Bridgman, Treasurer of the Alabama Coal Company. The Springfield Republican says he came North to make plans relative to the construction of a railroad which forms a connecting link between the road running south from Washington, D. C., through Lynchburg, Va., and Knoxville, Tenn. to Dalton, Ga., and the Alabama and Tennessee Rivers Railroad, the present Northern terminus of which is near Jacksonville, Alabama.

The same paper adds: "The Judge and Mr. Breed have also been maturing plans relative to formation of a company of Northern capitalists to work the mines and manufacture iron in Shelby county, Alabama. The abundance of ore and its excellent quality in that section, render it an inviting field for men of enterprise who have money to invest. Mr. Edward Kimball, of Boston, who has spent some months in the iron regions is here, with a good report of the country. It is stated by Mr. K. and the Judge, that there need be no fear of political hindrances, as the people of Alabama are strongly in favor of the advent of a large number of citizens of the Northern States, who shall bring with them all their peculiar ideas relative to social, religious and civil affairs."

The "New Territory" for the United States.

[From the London Telegraph, November 30.]

It is not impossible that the acquisition of this extensive Mexican territory may produce indirectly a favorable influence on the settlement of the internal dissensions which now distract the American people. Large numbers of Southerners may well be tempted to transport their household goods into adjacent lands, offering abundant resources, and free from never-ending interferences and irritating persecutions to which they are now exposed. In this way a fresh field may be open for their enterprise and labor, where they will be separate from all contact with the freedmen, and will be able to organize new communities in accordance with their own theories, which are much less Democratic than those of the Northerners. A diversion, too, may be effected by which the mind of the people in the Federal States will be turned, partially at least towards other subjects than those by which their passions are now inflamed. If the people both North and South, can at once be animated by the reality of some new pursuit, such as that of settling the immense wilderness thus thrown open to them, and benefiting by its agricultural and mineral and agricultural wealth, kindlier sentiments may take root, and replace the bitter hate of one party and the stifled submission of the other. In any aspect of the case we must hail this extension of the Union over regions that would otherwise remain desert for generations, as a positive good for mankind, and not less acceptable to us than the Americans themselves elude.

In a late number, the Cincinnati Commercial says, in reference to the proposition to territorialize the South: "It is not at all probable, in the first place, that the Southern States will be reduced to a territorial condition by act of Congress. We regard it as so improbable that we do not think it worth while to discuss the question of the power to do so."

"There will be some bluster of that sort, and possibly a bill to that end will be presented and debated, but the majority of the Republicans, in and out of Congress, will hear of no such measure with any patience. It would require another revolt on the part of the Southern people to convince them of such a necessity."

Easy Work—"Come till America, Pat" writes a son of the Emerald Isle to his friend in Ireland; "tis a fine country to get a living in. All ye have to do is to get a three-cornered box and fill it with bricks, and carry it till the top of a four-story building, and the man at the top does all the work."

A Canadian paper thus snubs the government of the United States for its interference in behalf of the Fenian prisoners:

How has the American government acted toward political offenders? At the very head of the list stands Mr. Jefferson Davis. By the united voice of all parties in the United States, not to say anything of the opinion of outside nations, Mr. Davis' continued imprisonment in Fortress Monroe is a disgrace to the country which keeps him incarcerated. Does Mr. Seward think that the way in which this man has been treated by the government deserves to be called "eminently humane," that the hardships, the palpable cruelties which were associated with his imprisonment until within a very late period, were such as to give him the right to preach clemency to another country?

Signs of the Times.

From the New Orleans Times of the 26th ult., we clip the following sprightly resume:

"The world is moving on to democracy; the divine right of kings has passed away forever, and the people are the despots. It is no longer the people who obey, and please the ruler, as in days gone by, but it is the ruler who must obey and please the people. *Le Roi est mort, vive le Roi!*" We have only changed the dynasty, and the "most swayed voices" of the populace are the oracles by which the world solves the questions which were erst carried before other tribunals. Mutterings, low but deep, in England, foretell the overthrow of monarchy there.

The once adored and respected Queen is no longer safe when she drives through the street of her own capital where oaths and imprecations are hurled against the Crown. The dynasty of the Georges is worn out, the people want a change, and fancy that with it all the poverty, crime and suffering will vanish, and perpetual peace and plenty inaugurate a golden age. The volcanic lava is bursting to the surface to destroy—to fertilize—who can tell?

Louis Napoleon, sick and languid, yet strives to conceal it, and shows himself to his people day after day, to keep down that undercurrent of emence that is struggling to burst its bonds. The Empress, too, plays her part, and the little Prince his, to please their refractory Frenchmen, and the drama goes on until some day the curtain will fall, and the mimes leave the stage to different actors. And the "beaux seigneurs" will not be the managers.

Germany grins a ghastly smile at the turn matters have taken in allying her with Russia, but the world looks on, & doubts very much whether she is sincere in her profession.

The Papal jurisdiction in Italy is among the things of the past, and the keys of St. Peter move heavily in the rusty and "offate" lock. Temporal and spiritual power are passing away from the hands of the good old man. The prophecy has been fulfilled, and the stone he sought to roll from his people's neck has fallen and crushed him.

Europe, throughout its length and breadth, is convulsed by revolutions, or the expectation of them. The people are listening, watching, waiting to make their deadly spring and seize the reins from hands too weak to govern.

We look at all the "bouleversement," en philosophie, for we have traced this eternal madness for change from the early days of Patriarchal rule. It is not a better government than the needs of the age require; it is a different one.

The madness and fanaticism of a popular outburst, and the tyranny of an absolute despotism—wherein do they differ? Merely in the volume of sound. Wherever an undue proportion of power lies, be it in the many or the few, the old fable of the wolf and the lamb is revived.

Down in our little corner we are drinking muddy waters—very muddy indeed—and the wolf stands above us snarling and showing his teeth. He wants to devour us, and to find a pretext for his meal. And what in heaven's name could king or kaiser do more?

"He who endures conquers." If that be true, what a diadem will crown us some day; but, like the "To triumph" of Shelley, we will not have panis in the wreath, "for they mean memory."

OVERTHROW OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT—*Summer Defeated.*—The following paragraph occurs in the Washington letter of the Baltimore Gazette:

I feel authorized to-day to give your readers some news of a very cheering character. The extreme measures of Mr. Sumner, having in view the overthrow of the State Governments of the ten unrepresented States, and the other revolutionary schemes of ignoring their existence by act of Congress, in the matter of the Constitutional Amendment, have both failed to receive such support as to justify even their presentation to the action of a caucus of either House, much less of a joint caucus of both.

"Hermes" the Washington correspondent of the Charleston Mercury, says:

The opinion gains ground that Wade, Foster & Co., are touring it in the South for a purpose beyond that of a Christmas frolic. If the gritty and cantankerous Wade return with the report that he has been mistaken in the feeling of the South, a fine opening will be made for widening the doors of Congress. "Reconstruction" is called for urgently in Wall street, and here is a chance for an excuse for it.

SENATOR PARSONS.—We are pleased to see in our city, says the Montgomery Mail of the 26th, Senator Parsons, who is just from Washington and on his way home. Gov. Parsons asks the people of Alabama to stand firmly by the President, and repeats the language of his dispatch to Gov. Patton. It is gratifying to meet at least one man who is indisposed to acknowledge, directly or indirectly, that Alabama is out of the Union, and we hope that his words of encouragement will confirm the purpose of our people to stand by the Union and the Constitution.

Somebody says the way to judge of a woman's character at first sight, is to examine the color of her postscript. [Boston Post.]

If snowy white, an angel; if striped, "angels and ministers of grace defend us!" [N. O. Picayune.]

Amen.—[Adv. & Register.]

DIED.—On the 25th Dec. 1866, at his father's residence in this county, WILLIAM Y. BOWERS, in the 23d year of his age, after a protracted illness, of chronic diarrhoea and consumption, which was contracted while in the Virginia army. He was one of the noble young men that belonged to his whole day so far as his feeble health permitted, until the surrender; he then with a sad heart and with feeble and faltering steps, started for his native home. Disease still preyed on him until death released his soul from his frail body. He had fully set his house in order, having bright and clear evidence of his acceptance with God. It may be truly said he was a faithful soldier, a dutiful son, a kind brother, esteemed by all who knew him, and disliked by none. Cease to grieve fond parents, your loss is his eternal gain—Farewell, dear William—peace be to thy dust. A FRIEND.

MOBILE
Advertisements.
HARDWARE,
Iron, Tinware
AND
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
A. J. MOSES & CO.,
MOBILE, ALA.,
Bring large Importers of every thing pertaining to the trade are enabled to offer inducements, comparing favorably with New Orleans. Refer to Col. R. B. Kyle. Nov. 3.—3m.

HURNTHAL, BRUCE & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY &
IRON &c.
No. 29 Water Street,
MOBILE.
Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

S. J. MURPHY. **M. G. HUDSON.**
S. J. MURPHY & CO.
(Formerly W. W. ALLEN & CO.)
COTTON FACTORS & GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
MOBILE, ALA.
Having been associated in business with these gentlemen for many years, I cheerfully recommend them to the patronage of my friends. W. W. ALLEN.
Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

C. E. THAMES,
COTTON FACTOR
AND
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 10 North Commerce & No. 10 North Front Sts.
[UP STAIRS.]
MOBILE, ALA.
Nov. 3, 1866.—6m.

A. & B. MOOG,
GROCERS
AND
SOAP MANUFACTURERS,
AND DEALERS IN
WINE, LIQUORS,
TOBACCO and
Northern and Western
Produce.
—No. 15— and —No. 16—
South Water and South Commerce Sts.
MOBILE, ALA.
Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

W. F. MARTIN. **A. G. WATKINS.**
Mobile, Ala. **Choctaw Co. Ala.**
For by of Burns, Hynes & Co.
MARTIN, GOWIN & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS,
No. 21 Commerce and St. Michael Streets,
MOBILE, ALA.
Nov. 3, 1866.—6m.

P. C. HANNAN,
Commission Merchant
AND DEALER IN
Southern & Western Produce.
—No. 11—
South Water Street, **MOBILE.**
Dealers' Orders particularly attended to.
Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

L. BREWER & CO.
General Commission Merchants.
For the sale of
COTTON & COUNTRY PRODUCE.
AND
GROCERS
AND DEALERS IN
Northern & Western Goods,
No. 55, Corner Commerce & St. Louis Sts.,
MOBILE, ALA.
Orders will be promptly attended to.
Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

W. L. BAKER. **JNO. C. GRAHAM.**
MOBILE. **SELMA.**
BAKER, GRAHAM & CO.
Successors to Baker, Lawler & Co.
and Baker, Robbins & Co.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
MOBILE, ALA.
We have secured the services of Mr. R. P. Baker and Mr. Geo. Seaboard, and connected with our business *Receiving and Forwarding Goods.* Having every facility for Shipment and Storage, we are prepared to offer inducements to Shippers to consign their goods to our care, and promise faithful attention to all consignments. We are agents for no Boats.
BAKER, GRAHAM & CO.
Feb. 10, 1866.—6m.

JACK P. RICHARDSON. **CHAS. C. STEWART.**
Mobile. **Sumter Co. Ala.**
J. C. CUSACK,
Mobile.
JACK P. RICHARDSON & CO.
(Successors to Richardson & Hamilton.)
GENERAL GROCERS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Corner Water and St. Michael Streets,
MOBILE, ALA.

B. F. SIDES, **A. W. BELL,**
Selma, **Mobile.**
SIDES & BELL,
COTTON FACTORS,
FORWARDING AND
Commission Merchants,
41, North Water Street,
MOBILE, ALA.
Consignments of Country Produce solicited. Goods consigned to our care forwarded with dispatch. We promise strict attention to any business entrusted to our care.

REFERENCES.
Gen. Wm. H. Forney, Jacksonville, Ala.
Col. J. A. Storey, Talladega, Ala.
Hon. John T. Heflin, Selma, Ala.

SELMA
Advertisements.

T. A. NICOLL & CO.
Wholesale Wine Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
Water Street No. 5,
SELMA, ALA.
PHILIP WEAVER, Selma, Ala. J. D. KITCHEN, New Orleans, La.

WEAVER & KITCHEN,
GROCERS
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET—SELMA, ALA.
Have control of a good brick Warehouse, constantly under guard, for the storage of Cotton and other Produce.
Liberal advances made on Cotton for Shipment or Sale.

JAS. L. MOORE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
Patent Medicines, Perfumery,
FANCY GOODS, PAINTS,
Oils, Window Glass, Cigars Tobacco, &c.
No. 10, BROAD STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
Nov. 3, 1866.—6m.

G. J. THOMAS,
GROCER
AND
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
Opposite the Geo. House,
I am connected with this house, and will at all times be pleased to see my old friends and customers, and renew their trade.
T. W. STREET.
W. G. PRIVETT, R. H. CHOSWELL.

PRIVETT & CROSWELL
Receiving and Forwarding
MERCHANTS,
HEAD OF CITY WHARF,
SELMA, ALA.
July 21, 1866.—6m.

T. H. ROSSER. **J. M. MOORE**
ROSSER & MOORE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
BROAD STREET, **SELMA, ALA.**
Agents for the Sale of Western Produce.
Will keep constantly on hand Corn, Bacon, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses and all articles usually kept in a First Class Grocery establishment, which we sell upon the most accommodating terms.
Nov. 3, 1866.—6m.

ABNER WILLIAMS,
COTTON FACTOR,
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchant,
Will advance BAGGING & ROPE to his patrons.
A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Office over Agee, Wilson & Co's Warehouse, Water Street.
SELMA, ALA.
Wm. White, Late of Jacksonville. A. J. PHARES, Sumter Co.

WHITE & PHARES,
SELMA, ALA.
COMMISSION, AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
We have Storage for 1500 BALES of COTTON in our new FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE, And make liberal advances on consignment.
Mr. E. L. WOODWARD of Jacksonville is our Agent, and all orders left with him for the purchase and shipment of Corn, Oats, Hay, Bacon, Iron, Sugar, Coffee, &c. will have our prompt attention.
April 7, '66. WHITE & PHARES.

J. A. CURRY & CO.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
Central Warehouse Building,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
We have good Brick Warehouses constant under guard for the storage of Cotton and other produce consigned to us.

JOS. HARDIE. **J. H. ROBINSON.**
HARDIE & ROBINSON.
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
23 & 25 Broad St. (UP STAIRS.)
SELMA, ALA.
We respectfully invite consignments of Cotton, Flour, or other produce intended for sale in our market, or for shipment to Mobile, New Orleans or New York, upon which we are prepared to make liberal cash advances. Also to furnish Bagging and Rope or Iron Ties.
Our old friends will find us ready to serve them faithfully, efficiently and honestly.
Address **HARDIE & ROBINSON,**
23 & 25 Broad Street
SELMA, ALA.
Sept 15—4m

Saddlery, Harness, &c.
SMITH, MOTES & CO.
Central City Insurance Building,
SELMA, ALA.
MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN
SADDLES,
HARNESS, &c.,
Respectfully call the attention of all purchasers to their large stock, comprising the best assortment ever offered in this market. We are constantly receiving new additions, thus proving that we leave nothing untried to please the fancy of all.
SMITH, MOTES & CO.
Selma, Ala. May 26, 1866.
M. J. A. Keith & Co., Selma, Ala.; Geo. J. G. L. Huey, Talladega, Ala.; J. W. Lapsley, Selma, Ala.; A. M. Goodwin, Selma, Ala.; Walter Reynolds, Alpine, Ala.; John C. Winston & Co., Mobile, Ala.; Hon. T. A. Walker, Jacksonville, Ala.; Jurey & Harris, New Orleans, La.; E. C. Hannon, Montgomery, Ala.
Jan. 27, 1867.

LUNDIE & CO.,
(Successors to W. Y. LUNDIE.)
COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
OFFICE BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.
Special attention given to the sale and shipment of Cotton, on which we will pay freight, charges, and Revenue Tax.
Orders for the purchase of Groceries and other articles promptly filled, when accompanied with the Cash or City Acceptance.

REFERENCES:
M. J. A. Keith & Co., Selma, Ala.; Geo. J. G. L. Huey, Talladega, Ala.; J. W. Lapsley, Selma, Ala.; A. M. Goodwin, Selma, Ala.; Walter Reynolds, Alpine, Ala.; John C. Winston & Co., Mobile, Ala.; Hon. T. A. Walker, Jacksonville, Ala.; Jurey & Harris, New Orleans, La.; E. C. Hannon, Montgomery, Ala.
Jan. 27, 1867.

W. T. MIREE. **E. JOHNSON**
MIREE & JOHNSON,
STAPLE & FANCY
DRY GOODS,
Gentlemen's Clothing,
BOOTS, SHOES,
HARDWARE &c.
BROAD STREET, **SELMA, ALA.**
Are Receiving daily from New York large additions of Winter Goods.

W. H. EAGEL. **W. V. R. WATSON.**
EAGER & WATSON,
GENERAL COMMISSION, RECEIVING
AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
OFFICE with JUDSON, DUNCAN & Co.
SELMA, ALA.
Having secured ample and convenient Storage, we are prepared to receive and forward all Goods consigned to us at the City Wharf, with promptness and dispatch. Tarapaulus and Watchmen will be kept on the Wharf for the protection of all Goods sent to our care.
Consignments of COTTON and Produce respectfully solicited.
June 9, 1866.—3m.

N. D. JOHNSON. **R. A. PETTIBONE**
Selma.
N. D. JOHNSON & CO.,
(Successors to L. W. Pettibone.)
STORAGE, RECEIVING, FORWARDING
AND
Commission Merchants,
Office in Ala. & Ten R. R. Warehouse,
Selma, Alabama.
Having leased the NEW, FIRE PROOF COTTON WAREHOUSE, with in a few yards of the Depot, we are prepared to Receive, Store, Forward, or Sell, all consignments with which we may be favored, on the most favorable terms.
Merchants and Planters will readily perceive that we possess unequalled advantages in the receiving and shipment of Cotton, and in the receiving and forwarding of Goods, being able to economize in wharfage, drayage and handling of Goods. With these advantages, pledging our best efforts in the interests of our patrons, we respectfully solicit consignments.
Sept. 22, 1867. N. D. JOHNSON & CO.

NEW HOTEL.
TROUP HOUSE.
Northern Avenue Water and Landward sts., opposite Hotel, Eskridge & Sturdivant.
SELMA, ALABAMA.
THIS house is now open for the reception of the travelling public. Satisfaction to every one guaranteed.
April 14. E. T. STURDIVANT.

Estimates and Specifications
will be prepared and ready for inspection by the first day of January, 1867.
The work will embrace Earth and Rock Excavations, Embankments, Trestle & Howe Truss Bridges, first and second class and Rubble Masonry.
The right to reject all proposals not entirely satisfactory is reserved.
E. G. BARNEY,
Supt and Agent for Lessee.
Dec. 15, 1866.

Empire Shuttle Sewing Machines
ARE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS
For Family and Manufacturing Purposes.
Agents wanted. Address, **EMPIRE S. M. CO.,**
616 Broadway, New York.

ROME
STEAM ENGINE
AND
MACHINE WORKS,
ROME, Ga.
NOBLES & MITCHELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Horizontal, Vertical and Portable
STEAM ENGINES,
From one to Five Hundred Horse Power
Locomotive, Fine, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS,
Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks, BLAST PIPES,
COTTON PRESSES, SUGAR MILLS, &c.
MACHINERY FOR Rolling Mills.
Blast Furnaces, Railroads,
Saw & Grist-mills, &c.
CASTINGS
Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight.
Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive and Car Axles,
Mining Machinery
For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;
Bridge-castings and Bolts;
All kinds of Machinery and BRASS CASTINGS.
We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, and MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.
Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.
Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.
NOBLES & MITCHELL.
Jas. Nobles, Sr., Thos. P. Mitchell, Cash.
John W. Nobles, Master Mechanic & Druggist
Wm. Nobles, George Nobles,
SAMUEL NOBLES, Superintendent.
July 21, 1866.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.
Principal Office, 616 Broadway, NEW YORK.
GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Machines. Empire Shuttle, Crank Motion Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered noiseless in action. Its motion being all positive, it is not liable to get out of order. It is the best Family Machine. Notice is called to our new and improved Manufacturing Machine, for Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters. Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given. No consignments made.
EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.
AM. ARTISTS' UNION.
AGENTS WANTED.
RELIABLE and energetic persons, male or female, are wanted to solicit subscriptions for our Engravings, and to such we offer very liberal cash inducements; also splendid presents to subscribers. Circulars suitable to be used in canvassing, together with all necessary papers, will be furnished on application. Address, with reference, **AMERICAN ARTISTS' UNION,**
25 Pine Street, New York.

hour seated himself and called for beef-steak. The waiter furnished him with a small strip of the article. Taking it upon his fork and turning it over and examining it with one of his peculiar looks he coolly remarked: "Yes, that is my beef-steak."

Great Distribution

BY THE
American Jewellers' Association
D. post 37 & 35 Nassau, 54, 56 &
58 Liberty St.,
NEW YORK CITY.

Of Rosewood Pianos and Melodians, Fine
Or. Pianos, and Jewellery, Silver Ware
and Watches, and Elegant Jewelry, con-
sisting of Diamond Pins, Diamond
Bangles, Gold Bracelets, Coral, Flo-
rentine, Mosses, etc. Lava and
Cameo. 1. d. and 2. d. Pins, Gold Pins,
with Gold and Silver Enamels.
Diamonds, Rubies, Sapphires, and
Neck Chains, Gold
and Silver Chains,
Chains, etc., etc.,
valued at

\$1,000,000, FOR ONE DOLLAR.

which may be had and paid until it is known
what is shown and its value.

THE AMERICAN JEWELLERS' AS-
SOCIATION calls your attention to the fact
of its being the largest and most popular Jew-
ellery association in the United States. The
business is and always has been conducted in
the most careful and honorable manner.
Our policy in regard to the sale of jewelry, nam-
ely, the appreciation of our policy is for
the benefit of the public, and to the credit
of the goods. The stock is composed of
trade in Europe, owing to the late German
war and recent disastrous financial crisis in
England, has caused the failure of a large
number of jewelry houses in London and
Paris, obliging them to sell their goods at a
great sacrifice, in some instances less than one
third the cost of manufacturing. We have
therefore purchased very largely of these houses
and goods at such extremely low prices,
that we can sell to you at very low prices, and
give you the opportunity to show the most val-
uable prices than any other establishment in
the United States. OUR AIMS IS TO
PLEASE, and we respectfully solicit your
patronage, as we are confident of giving the
most satisfactory results. During the past year
we have forwarded a number of the most val-
uable prizes to all parts of the country.
These were purchased at a very low price, and
we are now selling them at a very low price,
and we are confident of giving the most
satisfactory results. During the past year
we have forwarded a number of the most val-
uable prizes to all parts of the country.

"Moonlight."

"Nay, wait me here—I'll not be long;
'Tis but a little way;
I'll come ere you have sung the song
I made you yesterday."

"'Tis but to cross you streak of light—
The light before him gleams;
You will not lose me from your sight—
One kiss, and now I go."

"So in the pleasant night of June,
He lightly said away,
To where the glimmer of the moon
Lies right across the bay."

"And she sits singing on the shore
A song of pure delight;
The boat flies on—a little more,
And he will cross the light."

"The boat flies on, the song is done,
The light before him gleams;
A little more, and it is won—
'Tis further than it seems."

"The boat flies on, the boat flies fast;
The wind blows strong and free;
The boat flies on, the boat flies fast,
He sails into the sea."

"And on, and on, and ever on,
The light lies just before;
But oh, forevermore is done,
The song upon the shore!"

R. K. WEAVER.

Closing of the Ledger.

Close up the Ledger, Time!
Slowly and sadly, but let it be,
Mournfully casteth by the year,
What are the records for you and me,
Left by the fading fingers here?
What for passions, and what for love?
What for avarice and crime?
What for hope and the heaven above?
What of the Ledger, Time?

Close up the Ledger, Time!
Many a name for good or ill,
Fills to the margin your blotted scroll—
Many a high and haughty will,
Many a low but humble soul;
Yet one page to close is given,
Marking the changing path we climb,
Holding the balance of hell or heaven—
What of the Ledger, Time?

Close up the Ledger, Time!
Say, we are creditors for aught?
Have we a store of noble deeds,
Sprung from high and generous thought,
Such as our fallen brethren need?
Have we laid up for coming years,
Words to weave in a funeral hymn,
Names that will call up grateful tears?
What of the Ledger, Time?

Close up the Ledger, Time!
Say what promises have been drawn;
Say what drafts stern truth has paid;
Say what bankrupt hopes have gone
In the grave with men and maid;
Say if the heart has kept its own,
Gathering beauty with love and time,
Say what fancies are o'erthrown—
What of the Ledger, Time?

Close up the Ledger, Time!
Hark, the knell of the year's close;
Have I run out my golden sand?
Where shall I be when the new year shall dawn?
Where shall the soul within me stand?
Nought leaved but guilt and crime,
Listen! I hear the New Year's bell!
Shut up the Ledger, Time!

A gentleman having a horse that ran
away and broke his wife's neck, was
told by a neighbor that he wished to
purchase it for his wife to ride upon.
"No," said the wretch, "I intend to mar-
ry again myself!"

BOSCHERLE NODRUSCHER.—A Ger-
man saloon keeper on Seventh street,
above Market, wishes to notify his cus-
tomers that his rule is positively "no trust
here," and has put up a sign with this
intelligent inscription: "Boscherle
Nodruschedr."

YOUNG BEECHER W.—was an
inveterate lier. Lying on a bed of
sickness, a lady friend exclaimed: "Why,
Beecher how thin you are!" Yetu,
with," replied the invalid, "I'm the
thin, because I'm the thick." Para-
doxical, was it not?

BURTON, while traveling on a steamer

BROWN & PERKINS

Pianos for the People!

420 Broome St., N. Y.

We would call the attention of the public
and the trade to our elegant New Style Pianos
in the following styles:

STYLE A. 7 octave front large round
corners, plain case, either original or
curved legs, straight bottom, head moulding
on pinth.....\$450

STYLE B. 7 octave, same as style A,
with serpentine moulding on pinth,
curved legs and lyre.....\$500

STYLE C. 7 octave, front corners large
round serpentine bottom, mouldings
same as style B, curved legs and lyre,
desk, fancy curved legs.....\$550

STYLE D. 7 octave, four large round
corners, finished back, mouldings on
pinth, plain serpentine bottom, curved
legs and desk, elegant curved fruit
legs.....\$600

The above styles are all finished in elegant
rose wood cases and have the full iron frame.
Each a fine harp ped-l, levelled top, ivory
keys and key fronts, and exceed in overstrung
case, nearly all the 7 octave Pianos now
manufactured. They are made of the best
materials, and for finish, durability, purity
and sweetness of tone, cannot be surpassed.
We have the attention of the public, and de-
sire the profession, to a critical examina-
tion of the merits of our Pianos.

B. avoiding the great expense attendant
upon costly factories and expensive ware-
houses in the city, we are enabled to offer these
Pianos at prices which defy competition, and
invite all to rich and examine them before
purchasing elsewhere. Parties ordering from
a distance can rely upon receiving their Pianos
promptly, and in condition as new, as the
style is so distinctly designated by the
letter A, B, C, D.

The four styles described above, embody
all the essential changes in exterior finish of
cases, which are by many manufacturers run
up to 15 and 20 pattern.

Music Department.

We would respectfully call the attention to
their Leaders and Singing School Teachers
to our establishment, where all kinds of
Church Music, Hymn and Anthem Books, can
be obtained on the most favorable terms.

The long experience of our Mr. Perkins in
Musical Conventions, Chorus, the Concert
Room and Sunday-School, enables him to
give advice and information on all points of
musical interest as to the selection of proper
schools—progress in musical studies and those
of general interest to our patrons, leader to
chairs and soloists.

Our stock is furnished on the usual terms
with promptness and dispatch.
Country orders solicited, and special
made for pupils, teachers, chorists, etc., etc.,
A.

NOW READY.
The New Sunday School Singing Book.
"THE GOLDEN PROMISES."

Author of Sunday School Songs, etc., of Ban-
ner, Universal of songs, Psalm King,
etc., etc.,
A.

We will send a specimen copy, post paid,
to any address, and will accept of any order
for the price of "The Golden Promises" is as fol-
lows:

Single copies, in paper, Single copies in bound
volumes.....\$20.00
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POSTPONED

SHERIFF SALE.

BY virtue of two writs issued from the Cir-
cuit Court of Calhoun county, and to me
directed, one in favor of James F. Grant,
and against J. W. Bagley and James McLeary,
the other in favor of James Montgomery and
against James McLeary and John W. Bagley,
I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for
cash, the court house door in the Town of
Jacksonville, on Monday the 7th day
of January next, all the interest that J. W.
Bagley has in the south east fourth of the
south west fourth of section 10, Township
15, range 6 west—N. D. McLELEN, Sheriff.

Oct. 10th, 1866—12.

POSTPONED

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of one writ issued from the Cir-
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cash, the court house door in the Town of
Jacksonville, on Monday the 7th day of Janu-
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of Jacksonville, designated as Lot No. 77, 78 & 79,
of the same plat of lots levied upon as the prop-
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writ in favor of A. R. Smith and against Jas.
M. Clark and George S. Cleveland.

Nov. 7, 1866.

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erty of George S. Cleveland, to satisfy said
writ in favor of A. R. Smith and against Jas.
M. Clark and George S. Cleveland.

Nov. 7, 1866.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of one writ issued from the Cir-
cuit Court of Calhoun county, and to me
directed, I will offer to the highest bidder for
cash, the court house door in the Town of
Jacksonville, on Monday the 7th day of Janu-
ary 1867, three tracts of land situated in the town
of Jacksonville, designated as Lot No. 77, 78 & 79,
of the same plat of lots levied upon as the prop-
erty of George S. Cleveland, to satisfy said
writ in favor of A. R. Smith and against Jas.
M. Clark and George S. Cleveland.

Nov. 7, 1866.

Sheriff Sale.

Jacksonville Republican

JACKSONVILLE, ALA. JANUARY 12, 1867.

WHOLE NO. 1554

F. L. JOHNSON, Selma, Ala.

R. A. JOHNSON, Menden, Ala.

CALHOUN GLOVER, James A. Bale

NEW FIRM.

GLOVER & BALE,

GROCERIES & PRODUCE,

Corner of Broad and Bridge Streets, opposite the Market.

October 13, 1866.—3m.

E. L. WOODWARD

Is now receiving an unusually large

Stock of

fall and winter

goods,

To which the attention of purchasers is invited, with the assurance that they will be sold at his usual and uniformly low prices.

Jacksonville, Oct. 13, 1866.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

has resumed the duties of his profession in all his branches.

Office No. 7, Corner of Public Square.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

November 18, 1866.—4c.

School Books,

JUST RECEIVED And for sale by

P. ROWAN.

2,500 lbs SUGAR,

JUST RECEIVED.

And for sale by

E. L. WOODWARD

Sept. 1, 1866.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY

FOSTER & FORNEY,

at the corner of 1st and

Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun,

Tallapoosa, Baldwin, St. Clair, Chert,

and in all the Superior Court of the

State.

Dec. 2nd 1866.

E. L. WOODWARD,

Offers for Sale

DRY GOODS, Assorted.

And for sale by

E. L. WOODWARD,

Sept. 1, 1866.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY

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And for sale by

E. L. WOODWARD,

Sept. 1, 1866.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY

M. P. STOVALL,

WAREHOUSE & COMMISSION

MERCHANT,

Selma, Ala. Office, No. 100 Grand Front Building,

Northeast corner of Jackson & Reynolds sts.

SUGGESTS, &c.

What continues to give personal attention to the Storage and Sale of

COTTON and other Produce.

Consignment of Cotton will be stored in the New Fire-Proof Warehouse on Jackson

street, on the site formerly occupied by "Doughty, Ball & Co." Dec. 8, 1866.

CHOICE HOTEL,

BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot

free of charge. Aug. 25, 1866.

RYE, VANDIVER & CO.

DRUGGISTS,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVE just received and offer for sale, a well selected stock of

Drugs & Medicines,

Patent Medicines,

Essences, Fancy and

Toilet Articles, Liquors,

for medicinal purposes—

Dye-Stuffs—Paints,

Oils—Varnishes,

Brushes, &c. &c.

JACKSONVILLE, Ala. April 14, 1866.

FREE TO EVERYBODY!

A LARGE 6 pp. Catalogue, teaching how

to remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples,

Itch, Moth, Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions

and all impurities of the skin. How to

force Whiskers, restore curl and beautify

the hair, remove the age, cure Drunkenness,

Scars, Blisters, and other useful and valuable

information. Every body send for it.

Address: BERGER, SHUTTS & CO.,

Chemists, 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y.

NEW

DRUG STORE.

No. 3. Choice House, ROME, Ga.

"Short Profits and Quick Returns."

P. L. TURNLEY, W. S. GIBBONS.

TURNLEY & GIBBONS

Associate to the public that they are receiving

a large stock of

Pure Drugs & Medicines,

Having bought most of them

Since the Heavy Decline,

We are prepared to sell at

WHOLESALE on very reasonable

terms. We have ourselves

that no House this side of

Augusta can compete with us!

In addition to our extensive stock

of Drugs, we offer Clover, Lucerne,

Orchard, Hays, Blue and Timothy GRASS SEED.

Also, Milled, Buckwheat, &c. &c.

Also a great variety of

KEROSENE LAMPS.

Which we are offering extremely low. Our

stock consists in part of the following

articles:

Combs, Brushes, Toilet Soaps, Perfumery,

Colognes, Yankee Notions,

Fine Wine, Brandy and Whisky,

For Medical purposes—Matches, Mustard, Ink

and Paper,

22 lbs. Acid Acetic,

22 lbs. Benzoid Acid,

50 lbs. Nitric Acid,

50 lbs. Sulphuric Acid,

84 gals. 95 per cent. Alcohol,

100 oz. Sulf. Quinine,

275 lbs. Alum,

57 lbs. Sp. Ammonia,

27 lbs. Nitric Acid,

27 lbs. Acetic Acid,

33 lbs. Balsam Capivi,

50 lbs. Blue Mass,

50 lbs. Refined Borax,

33 lbs. Camellia Oil,

12 boxes Castile Soap,

10 lbs. Chloroform,

50 lbs. Crown Paper,

12 lbs. Glycerine,

50 lbs. Gun Powder,

50 lbs. Gum Myrrh,

25 lbs. Gum Arabic,

50 lbs. Pressed Hops,

2000 lbs. White Lead,

200 lbs. Red Lead,

50 lbs. Tannin Oil,

3 lbs. Linseed Oil,

7 lbs. Kerosene Oil,

2 lbs. Machine Oil,

54 boxes Window Glass, assorted sizes,

112 gross assorted Prescription Vials,

209 lbs. assorted Corks,

12 ozs. Sulf. Morphine,

35 lbs. Carb. Magnesia,

300 lbs. Epsom Salts,

200 lbs. Flowered Sulphur,

321 lbs. Brimstone,

6000 lbs. Copperas,

27 lbs. Gum Opium,

15 lbs. Powdered Opium,

10 lbs. Iodine Potash,

340 lbs. Sulf. Salts,

25 lbs. Sugar of Lead,

100 lbs. Black Indigo,

100 lbs. Lamp Glass,

100 lbs. Chlor. Green,

172 lbs. Yellow,

800 lbs. Ass'd Colors, ready mixed,

123 gals. Varnishes, assorted.

Rome, Ga. August 25, 1866.

The South.

The New York Times has the following,

the most sensible paragraph which

has appeared in its editorial columns

since it went back to Radicalism:

Whatever may be the political policy

of Congress in reference to the Southern

States, it should not be blind to the

policy of fostering Southern industry,

Southern production, and the practical

business interests of the South generally.

Whether the present State Governments

are recognized or not, whether the

Constitutional Amendment be adopted

or not, it is a fact that the continued

pre-emption of Southern interests is a

very serious danger, not only to the

well being of the South, but of the

whole country. With a large production

and a prosperous industry there,

large revenues would be poured into the

treasury—lightening our burdens, improving

the national credit, and diminishing

the public debt. With the present

state of things, revenue must continue

as these are miserably small. Even if

the plan of creating territorial

governments for the Southern States be

carried out by Congress, it would be

advancing us but a step in our material

interests. We have no material interests

to be encouraged for territorial

government will prove excessively expensive

advising the nation, and a burden upon

the people of the North which they

will soon feel heavily—especially if

Southern protest on revenue still lower

than now Southern revenues. It is,

therefore, exceedingly short-sighted in

Congress to turn its back upon all

projects for developing the resources of the

Southern States, merely because the

political sentiments of the people are unsatisfactory.

It is marvellously like

biting off one's nose to spite one's face.

"I cannot bear children," said

Mrs. Prim, dauntlessly Mrs. Partington

looking over her spectacles mildly

replied, "perhaps if you could, you would

like them better."

The Living Jewel Case.

There has recently arrived in Paris,

a Pole whose life has been a long

succession of misfortunes. His

advice would be a volume, and its denouement

is not the least remarkable feature

This man—now fifty-eight years of

age—was, in 1830, exiled to Siberia for

political crimes, from whence he

succeeded, after many hair-breadth escapes

in embarking at Okhotsk for Montreal,

where he arrived in a state of complete

poverty. He led a miserable life in

Canada for eight years, then sailed for

Brazil, where he obtained employment

in the diamond mines of Tejeuco; from

thence he went to California, where he

collected a small fortune in gold mining

and returned to Europe where he lived

in comparative affluence until 1863, the

year in which his companions endeavored

to throw off the galling yoke of Russia.

Notwithstanding his advanced age, he

returned to his native land, and joined

in the struggle for its independence.—

Being captured, he was tried by a military

commission and sentenced a second

time to transportation for life. Not

chick, one hundred and eighty leagues

north of Tobolsk, was fixed upon as

his place of exile, and a small plot of

land on the borders of a stream was

given him from which to obtain his sustenance.

During the summer of 1865, the

river becoming nearly dry, he was

not a little astonished to find one day in

its bed, rounded masses of quartz, mixed

and mixed with iron ore. He knew

this conglomerate, as a substance with

which he had become familiar in the

mines of Brazil, known there by the

name of Cascachao, and which indicated

the vicinity of precious stones.

Impressed by his knowledge of this fact,

he continued his explorations in the

bed of the stream. Eight days of fruitless

labor, but on the ninth he discovered in

a mass of quartz and oxide of iron, a

single diamond—then ten more—and in

the short space of two months had collected

a number of the precious stones,

weighing in the aggregate 18 carats,

and representing a value of \$10,000

(forty thousand dollars.) Summer was

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA

SATURDAY, JAN 12, 1867.

Terms of Subscription.

For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For 6 months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising.

One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion, 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or 12 months.
Announcement of Candidates, \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

D. M. FULENWIDER, with **BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS**, of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

MR. A. W. BELL, of the firm of **SIDES & BELL**, 41 North Water Street, Mobile, Ala. is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

Longstreet Academy.

We congratulate the citizens of Davisville and surrounding country, on their having secured the services as a Teacher in their Academy, of one so well qualified, assiduous, diligent and successful as **Rev. R. G. RAGAN**.

Longstreet Academy is situated in a healthy region, surrounded by beautiful natural scenery, and in the midst of a moral and refined community, remote from temptation to vice or dissipation—in fact combining almost every advantage to young men desirous of obtaining a liberal education. Board too, it will be seen, by reference to the advertisement, can be obtained in good families at very low rates.

THE RADICAL CONGRESS AND TERRITORIAL SCHEME

Recent letter writers from Washington express the opinion that the Territorial plan will be abandoned by Congress, in consequence of the numerous difficulties it presents, and the certainty that it would be vetoed by the President and declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. One of the first measures, however, introduced upon the meeting of Congress after the recess, was a bill or joint resolution by Mr. Burdy of Iowa, to divide the district heretofore known as the State of Texas, into four Territories, and provide suitable governments therefor, and dispose of the public lands by the general government. The northern portion is to be called the Territory of Brazoria, the western Bravo, the eastern Sabine, and the middle Lincoln.

The preamble is couched in very offensive and insulting terms to Texas, calling it the refuge of desperate and lawless characters and criminals, and the penal colony of the world.

We suppose the plan now is to try the experiment on Texas, and if it works well, then to extend it to other States. We can but patiently wait and see the result of all these wild and impracticable schemes.

Another Murder in Cherokee—The Advertiser of the 4th inst. gives an account of the finding, on the 29th ult., of the body of a young man named Phillips of Floyd Co. Ga., about ten miles from Centre, on or near the road to Cave Spring. He was shot through the head, as supposed by a young man named Riley, who had been with him some time before. An old man named Thatcher and his colored house keeper, living near where the body was found, has been arrested and committed to jail, charged with the murder. Riley was at Thatcher's house, at the time that the body was discovered and started to go with others to the place, but turned back and made his escape.

Miss Snow's School.

This Institution is now in successful operation at Talladega, as will be seen by reference to a notice in this paper. The different departments are under the supervision of efficient Teachers; and boarding can be readily obtained upon reasonable terms.

Miss Snow has taught in the Female Academy in this place, and also at Oxford in this county, at both of which places she was justly popular and eminently successful, both as teacher and disciplinarian. Being thoroughly qualified, and possessing the advantages of considerable experience, we sincerely hope, for the sake of advantage to the pupils, that she may obtain a liberal patronage from this section.

We invite the attention of those interested to the Notice of Messrs. S. J. & J. W. Whatley. They say what they mean, and will do what they say.

LARGE CORN—Rev. J. B. Williams has left at our office an ear of corn having 28 rows, and measuring 10 inches around. He challenges the county to

beat it.—He has also what is very hard to find, one ear with an odd number of rows.

Mr. George Peabody, having educated his niece and nephews, has distributed nearly two millions of dollars among them. There is some fun in being the niece or nephew of such a generous old fellow as George.

GOLD BY THE HUNDRED WEIGHT.—A telegram from a friend at Placerville assures us that gold worth \$50,000 was taken from the Woodside quartz mine, near Georgetown, and that yesterday the miners were "blocking out" nearly a pure solid mass of gold three feet in length. If such a statement had come from a stranger we should have received it with incredulity, but we can vouch for the sincerity and intelligence of the author of the message. The finding of gold in such large masses in a lode is without a parallel in the history of mining. The metals in veins of auriferous quartz is usually in small particles and pieces are very seldom obtained weighing more than a few ounces. Probably the largest piece of gold heretofore taken from any lode in this State did not weigh more than a pound. But our telegram mentions one lump obtained in the Woodside mine weighing 100 pounds, and it is implied that the piece 3 feet long will weigh very much more.

Alta California, Nov. 13th

The Post Office Department has advertised to receive Proposals until the 28th day of February next for a large number of Routes in Alabama, the services to commence on the 1st day of July next, and continue four years.—Among others we find the following in this immediate section, for which we hope acceptable bids will be offered, as the mail service is very much needed. Persons wishing to bid can see a form of Proposals, guarantee, &c., at this office.

6639 From Jacksonville, by Alexandria, Morrisville, Eastaboga, and Back to Kelly's Springs, 28 miles and back, twice a week. Leave Jacksonville Tuesday and Friday at 8 a m; arrive at Kelly's Springs by 4 p m; leave Kelly's Springs Monday and Thursday at 8 a m; arrive at Jacksonville by 4 p m.

6640 From Jacksonville, by Mount Polk, Cove Creek, Gadsden, Wills Valley, Bennettsville, Aurora, Porter, and Mount High, to Guntersville, 60 miles and back, twice a week. Leave Jacksonville Mondays and Thursdays at 6 a m; arrive at Guntersville by 10:30 p m. Proposals for tri-weekly service invited.

6641 From Jacksonville, by White Plains, Corn Grove, Canaband, Wehoga, Abernathy, to Kemp's Creek, and return by Fair Play, Shoal Creek and White Plains, to Jacksonville, equal to 33 miles and back, once a week. Leave Jacksonville Wednesday at 6 a m; arrive at Kemp's Creek Thursday at 6 a m; arrive at Jacksonville by 6 p m. Proposals for semi-weekly service invited.

6642 From Jacksonville, by Peck's Hill, Pen Islands, Greensport, Ashville, Springville, Truss, and Rockville, to Elyton, 81 miles and back, twice a week. Leave Jacksonville Tuesday & Thursday at 7 a m; arrive at Elyton next day by 7 p m; leave Elyton Tuesday and Thursday at 7 a m; arrive at Jacksonville next day by 7 p m. Proposals for tri-weekly service invited.

6643 From Cross Plains, by Goshen, Coloma, Centre, Cedar Bluff, Galesville, Cedar Springs, Chattahoochee, (Ga.), McMillen, Sammerville, Trion, Factory, Cane Creek, Lafayette, Rock Spring, Snow Hill, and Rossville, to Chattanooga, (Tenn.), 102 miles and back, twice a week. Leave Cross Plains Monday and Thursday at 6 a m; arrive at Chattanooga next day by 8 p m; leave Chattanooga Wednesday and Saturday at 6 a m; arrive at Cross Plains next day by 6 p m. Proposals for tri-weekly service invited.

Col. Weatherly, the South Carolina Commissioner to Washington, had an interview with the President, which he thus reports:

As said before, the interview with the President was free and candid, during which he expressed the hope that the Southern States would remain firm in their position as regards the constitutional amendment, and steadily reject it, believing it to be an advance to the inauguration of a despotism. In doing which he said he hoped they would be guarded in their reasons assigned for its rejection, and avoid any language that might, by any possible means, be tortured to give offence to the opposing party.

The President feels confident from a recent decision given by the Supreme Court, that he will be sustained by that law abiding body; and that in a short time a returning sense of reason will point some middle ground between the constitutional amendment, and the projected Territorial scheme, upon which our country may become united, when peace will again smile upon us with all its ble sings.

Gov. Patton arrived yesterday morning from his trip to Washington City and New York. He will soon return to Montgomery. The Governor's visit to New York was, financially, successful. He succeeded in arranging the State debt due to day on very favorable terms, with a company of capitalists who become interested in Railroads in this State and in the development of its mineral resources. While in Washing-

ton, he succeeded in getting Secretary Stanton to allow the issue of railroads (\$40,000 per month) to be continued for two months longer—February and March—which the Secretary was enabled to grant under the act of Congress passed at its last session. The Governor also effected arrangements by which the mineral specimens of Alabama's wealth will have a fair showing in the great exhibition at Paris, &c., free of expense to the State for transportation, &c.—*Huntsville Advocate.*

Bill of Indictment Against Congress.

While Congress talks of impeaching the President, it is itself arraigned before the public on the following charges:

1st. As the aider and abettor of a devalued currency.

2d. As to neglect to investigate enormous army frauds.

3d. As a tariffite that gives us very dear goods and dear food.

4th. As guilty of nepotism, creating offices for relatives.

5th. As voting its members extra pay on the eve of a Congressional election.

6th. As dismembering the Government to enjoy spoils of office.

7th. As threatening a Presidential impeachment to set up a puppet of its own.

8th. As threatening to destroy the Southern States Governments.

9th. The Senate proposes to make itself the appointing power, in order to monopolize the patronage of the nation.

10th. It is the greatest spendthrift Congress the world ever saw.

11th. A Congress that fosters monopolies without end.

12th. A Congress that cripples the Southern States, and kills traffic and commerce.

13th. A Congress that discourages cotton growing by taxing raw cotton.

14th. By killing cotton raising it helps the National coin to stray abroad to pay up our foreign balance.

15th. A worthless do nothing Congress, that keeps up war taxes, in time of peace, and wastes the tax money.

The body of Capt. Jonas A. King, formerly of Hinds, but lately a planter near Greenville, Miss., was found in a cow-chase last week. He had been shot through the body with a shot gun. No clue to the assassin has been discovered.

Mr. Ashley, chairman of the House Committee on Territories, has prepared a bill to be reported on the reorganization of the Southern States, not, however, changing them to a territorial condition, but recognizing the present arrangements until conventions can be called to remodel the respective State governments.

Railroad Iron.

It is something strange that with all the skill, energy and enterprise of the American people, there have been so few mills erected for the purpose of making railroad iron. Notwithstanding the numerous works which have been put in operation for the purpose of rolling out iron for the lighter duty of iron, most of the rails for the different railroads in the United States have been purchased in Europe. At Chattanooga and Atlanta we have, they have been rolling rails out of old iron; but at no place in the South, it indeed in either section are they making railroad iron out of the native ore and coal in the vicinity of the works. This triumph it seems has been reserved for the enterprising company in this immediate vicinity to do it. The local works, under the same intelligence of W. S. McElwain will, to judge from present appearances, in a few months, be actually making railroad iron, and from the great facilities which they will have, situated between the immense deposits of coal and iron ore, with a railroad to each, the quantity it seems which may be made will only be a question of labor and machinery. This place which was but a short time ago a rough wilderness has now a population, as we are informed, including women and children, of several thousand souls, near one thousand laborers and operatives. They are already making large quantities of pig iron, and casting it into any kind of machinery and boiler work. Other blast furnaces are in process of erection; an extensive machine shop, with a railroad track running through it, for the repair of locomotives and cars; a very large foundry and blacksmith shop, all fine brick buildings, besides the commissary store house, steam saw mill, turning lathe, and about fifty other buildings for boarding houses, residences, &c. all built of wood, have gone up in the course of one year. The railroad to the iron ore has been entirely completed, and is now in operation. The road to the coal beds has progressed a considerable distance, and the company are grading and have progressed several miles with a railway, intended to intersect the N. and S. road about eight miles from Irondale, and if the N. and S. road is not soon put under contract, to cross it and run to Ashby Station, below Montevallo, thereby considerably lessening the distance to Selma. As New York and Cincinnati are both represented in this great enterprise, we have no doubt that it will be prosecuted to a speedy and successful completion.

Elyton Herald.

EMIGRATION OF NEGROES FROM SOUTH CAROLINA.—A colony of freedmen, consisting of three hundred heads of families, comprising about two thousand men, women, and children, is to be established west of New Smyrna; thirty miles south of this city. They come from South Carolina, and are in charge of General Ely. The Government gives

them one month's subsistence and transportation, and they supply themselves with two. The country which they are to occupy is well adapted to cultivation, has a fine range for cattle, and abounds in fish, oysters, and game. Colonel Sprague commanding the district has guaranteed military protection and with this military supervision together with well directed industry their conditions must be greatly improved. They will leave Charleston, S. C., next month, in steamers, for New Smyrna.

St. August, Fla. Exam.

CONSUMPTION OF POSTAGE STAMPS.

Twenty tons, or, by superficial measurement, forty-eight and a half square miles of postage stamps have been used during the year; enough to roof a large township, with all its houses, barns, churches, gardens, forests and farms; or, if you choose to reach a ribbon of them, enough to reach nearly from the equator to either pole, or twice the length of the Mississippi river. So that if every body would be obliging enough to use the Government stamp on the envelope itself, the mere omission of these little extra bits of paper would lighten the mail bags by more than forty thousand pounds, and save in paper fifteen or twenty thousand dollars. The Postmaster General does not impart this information in so many words, but he assures us that nearly 350 millions of stamps have been sold in the year past, besides nearly forty thousand stamped envelopes; and a simple calculation reduces the story to the more tangible form we have given it.

A SUGGESTION.—The Richmond Enquirer says that the upright action of the Supreme Court has inspired the country with hopes of a speedy tranquilization. The Revolutionary proceedings of Congress are promulgated at a clock which has been left counted on. This territorializing scheme cannot be so contrived as to pass the judicial test of constitutionality, and the various laws which may essay to deprive States of their rights will be pronounced null.

The Enquirer also, suggests that the people of the South ought to arrange for the quiet assertion of their rights before the courts, and call upon the Judges to say whether it is lawful to tax without representation, or whether a Congress which excludes the representatives of ten States is a lawful authority.

The Lynchburg Virginian is rather steep on the Hon. Mr. Maynard of Tennessee, who was one of the Congressional delegation to visit the South during the Christmas holidays. It says the meanest looking man in the Congressional party was the renegade Horace Maynard. We saw no citizen speak to him or show him any attention while here, no withstanding he has a number of acquaintances in this city, and many Presbyterian brethren. He had a hand-dog look and even seemed to be ashamed of himself. While Foster and Wade and Howard and others were treated respectfully, no man had a word for the apostate Maynard. If we can respect the enemy who from location, education, and even prejudice opposed us during the war, we can only despise the man who was of us and yet against us. Infamous forever be his name.

NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of John F. Bradford, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, on the 24th day of January, 1867, by the Honorable Judge W. L. Lutz, Judge of the Probate Court of St. Clair County.—Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred. *JOHN MCLENDON.*
Jan. 12, 1867.

NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the Estate of Jacob R. Wood, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, on the 24th day of January, 1867, by the Honorable Judge W. L. Lutz, Judge of the Probate Court of St. Clair County.—Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred. *HOWEL R. BECHANSON.*
Jan. 12, 1867.

ROLLINGSWORTH & MORGAN

HAVE removed their large and varied Stock of Merchandise to the

MASONIC HALL BUILDING,

WHERE they hope to see their old Friends and the Public generally, and show them their Fine Stock of

Dry Goods,

READY MADE

CLOTHING,

HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES

Hardware & Cutlery,

Sugar & Coffee

SALT, IRON AND NAILS, and everything that is wanted by the people, which they will sell at the very lowest rates possible for CASH ONLY or BARTER. All kinds of produce wanted, from 100 Bales of Cotton to one dozen Eggs. Cash always on hand to purchase everything that is offered for sale.

Factory Yarn at Factory prices precisely. Call to see before you spend your money at other places, and we will make it pay you well. *Gadsden, Jan'y 11th 1867.*

R. O. RANDAL,

WATCHMAKER AND

JEWELER,

Gadsden Ala.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly and promptly repaired.

All work warranted. *Sign of the Big Watch.*
Gadsden Ala. Jan'y 11th. 1867.

THE party between the name of ORR is solved by Mr.

Gadsden,

I

WILL carry on

merely occupied by EDMOND.

SAMUEL ORR.

WILL continue in business at his OLD STAND.

Parties indebted to the Old Firm are requested to call and settle at once.

Gadsden, Jan'y. 11th 1867.

Wm. L. CAIN.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Gadsden Alabama.

Having practiced for Twenty-five years in Cherokee and surrounding counties, will continue his profession in Buire, Calhoun, St. Clair, De Kalb and Cherokee counties.

REFERENCES.

Gov. R. W. Patton, } Montgomery.
C. J. A. J. Walker, }
Judge T. J. Bell, Selma; G. S. Walden
Esq., Talladega; Col. Nick Davis, Huntsville;
Maj. Wm. Clark, Nashville; Capt. Wm. Hendrix, Memphis; R. Henderson, Chattanooga;
F. K. Bell, Louisville Kentucky.

GROVESTEE & CO.

Piano Forte Manufacturers,
409, Broadway, New York.

THE attention of the public and the trade is invited to our New Scale, Seven Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes, which for volume and purity of tone are unrivalled by any hitherto offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements—French grand action, hop pedal, iron frame, over-strung bass, &c.—and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. Grovestee, who has a practical experience of over thirty years in their manufacture, is fully warranted in every particular.

The "Grovestee Piano-Forte" Received the highest award of merit at the celebrated World's Fair.

Where were exhibited instruments from the best makers of London, Paris, Germany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York, and also at the American Institute for five successive years, the Gold and Silver Medals from both of which can be seen at our ware-rooms.

By the introduction of improvements we make a still more perfect Piano-Forte, and by manufacturing largely, with a strict cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price which will preclude all competition.

Our prices are from \$100 to \$200 cheaper than any other first-class Piano-Forte.

Terms—Net cash in current funds.

Descriptive circulars sent free.

Jan. 12, 1867—17.

NEW STORE.

R. B. KYLE

HAS again established himself in business *Next Door to Kyle Wynne & Co's Old Stand*, and will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of Goods, suited to the wants of the people, embracing—

DRY GOODS,

SHOES & HATS

CROCKERY,

HAIRDWANE,

And a FINE Stock of

GROCERIES,

Which he will sell at *ROME or SELMA* prices. His old Friends and customers can save money by calling and buying their goods of him.

O. P. HILL is on hand, and ready to serve his old friends. Don't fail to call at the

NEW STORE,

Sign of the

Genuine Red Flag.

Gadsden Jan'y 4th 1867.

!! R. H. HART !!

Dry Goods, Grocery,

AND

Commission Merchant.

(Sign of the Red & White Flag)
GADSDEN ALABAMA.

KEEPS constantly on hand, and offers for sale, a well selected stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Boots & Shoes, Tin and Queens Ware, and a variety of articles usually kept in Stores (where they do not keep anything else!) All of which he will sell as cheap as the cheapest!! If not a little cheaper! Give him a call and you will believe.

N. B. All kinds of Country Produce bought at the highest market price. Also all kinds of Fur, from the size of a Mink skin to an Elephant hide. Liberal advances made on Cotton. *R. H. HART.*
Gadsden Ala, Jan'y 4th 1867.

O. P. HILL

Has his Books and Accounts at R. B. Kyle's New Store.

All persons indebted to him will please come forward and settle by cash or note.

Gadsden Ala. 1867.

School Notice.

The exercises of the School under the control of the undersigned, will be resumed Jan. 8th, 1867.

No change in terms—clever industrious boys gladly received.

Tuition due on the last day of the term.

Dec. 16.

D. F. SMITH.

He also has... pay for Cotton, Corn, Wheat, &c. Produce that the Planter may offer to the market.

His accomplished Salesman, **BILLY McCLATHRY**, will be pleased at all times to show his customers through his stock and give such bargains as will induce them to call again.

GADSDEN HOTEL

J. T. BARRETT, Proprietor.

Is now opened to the travelling public.

Gadsden—Jan'y 4th, 1867.

SPLENDID HOLIDAY PRESENTS

GOLD AND SILVER!

FINANCIAL CRISIS

compel us to sell

In the Course of Six months,

\$25,000—\$25,000

WORTH OF

Watches, Clocks, Chains, Diamond

Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing

Machines, Silver ware, &c.

ALL TO BE DISPOSED OF AT

ONE DOLLAR EACH.

Without regard to value! And not to be

paid for until you know what you

are to receive.

After receiving the article, if it does not

please you, you can return it and your

money will be refunded.

The Stock comprises, amongst other articles, Splendid Clocks, Gold and Silver Watches, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls, Garnet and other Stones, (solitaire and in clusters,) Ladies' sets of Jewelry, comprising Hair and Bar Rings of the most fashionable style, set in Precious Stones of every variety, together with a large assortment of Gold and Silver Bells and Pearl Sets, Gold Studs and Earrings of the most beautiful patterns, Gents' Bosoms and Scarf Pins, and an endless variety of Bracelets, Chains, Musical Boxes, Hat Dresses, Combs, Charms, &c.

In consequence of the great stagnation of trade in the Manufacturing districts of France and England, a large quantity of valuable Jewelry, originally intended for the European market, has been sent off for sale in this country, and must be sold at any sacrifice. Under these circumstances the "WATCHDOG GOLD JEWELRY CO." have resolved upon

AN APPORTIONMENT

subject to the following regulations:

Certificates of the various articles, without regard to choice or value are first put into envelopes, sealed up and mixed; and, when ordered, are taken out by a blindfolded boy, and sent by mail, thus giving all a fair chance. On receipt of the Certificate, you will see what you are to have, and then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Piano, Melodeon Sewing Machine, Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on similar plan for One Dollar.

NO BLANKS.

SEND 25 CENTS FOR A CERTIFICATE.

In all transactions by mail we shall charge for forwarding the certificates, paying postage and doing the business 25 cent each, which must be enclosed when the certificate is sent for. Five certificates will be sent for \$1.25, ten for \$2, thirty for \$5, sixty-five for \$10, and 100 for \$15.

AGENTS—We want agents in every town and county in the country, and those acting as such will be allowed ten cents on every Certificate ordered by them provided their remittance amounts to \$1. Agents will collect ten cents for every certificate, and remit to us, either in cash or by postage stamps. Agents remitting at once \$50, will be entitled to a beautiful Silver Hunting Case, Patent-lever Watch and 200 certificates.

Please write your Name, Town, County & State, plainly, and address all orders to Watch and Gold Jewelry Company, 36 Liberty Street, New York

Please Call,

One & All.

I expect rigid punctuality on the part of those, whose liabilities to me are of recent date.

I cannot indulge as in days of yore.

Respectfully,
E. L. WOODWARD.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA
SATURDAY, JAN 19, 1867.

Terms of Subscription.
For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For 6 months, " " " 1 75
Terms of Advertising.
One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion, 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or 12 months.
Announcement of Candidates, \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

D. M. FULENWIJDER, with **BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS**, of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

Mr. A. W. BELL, of the firm of **SIDES & BELL**, 41 North Water Street, Mobile, Ala. is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

Commercial College.

We are truly gratified that Mr. L. L. SWAN has decided to establish a Commercial College in our Town, as may be seen by reference to his advertisement in another column.

We may safely say that Mr. Swan is well qualified, both theoretically and practically, for the work he has undertaken. His school will prove of great practical advantage to young men in this section, and we cannot doubt will be liberally patronized, so as to render it a permanent institution. In this college, young men will be taught all the particular branches, which will qualify them to enter immediately upon the practical duties of commercial business, either on their own account, or as agents for others. These branches are not taught in the ordinary Academies or Colleges of the country, and indeed cannot well be; consequently, young men who are qualified in them for the study of a profession, are not prepared for active business, and have to lose several years valuable time in a commercial house at very low or inadequate wages. In this school, in a few months, and at the small cost of fifty dollars, they are at once prepared to command good wages—besides a diploma from this College will be a good passport and recommendation for business in any commercial city.

Our Town alone, ought, and doubtless will furnish the number he requires to commence with; and there is no necessity for them to go to Philadelphia, Baltimore or New Orleans for that which they can obtain as well and so cheaply at home.

As the College increases in numbers and importance, it is the purpose of the Principal to obtain all the assistance requisite for each department.

Our whole community, as well as young men in particular, is interested in the success of this enterprise, which we might prove from many considerations, but deem it unnecessary; we therefore hope they may give it their earnest co-operation, influence and support.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
State of Alabama,
Montgomery, Jan. 11th, 1867.

J. F. GRANT, Esq.,
Jacksonville Republican.

My Dr. Sir—I am extremely anxious that Alabama be fully represented by her Agricultural, Manufacturing, and especially her Mineral resources, at the grand Exposition to come off at Paris in April next. When recently in New York, I was the more encouraged to send specimens of our rich minerals, after having free intercourse with Mr. Darby, the U. S. Agent, to receive and forward specimens, and also with Pres't Barnard of Columbia College, N. Y., who is the Commissioner to go to Paris from the U. S. he having been once a Professor in our State University. I will continue to receive specimens until first February, and forward to N. York. I wish you would get up, and send by Express, specimens of iron, coal, lead, copper, marble and any other articles in your county or vicinity, with the full description, locality, &c. Nothing will contribute more to the prosperity of our Mountain Mineral Districts than to be well represented at Paris.

Yours very truly,
R. M. PATTON, Gov. of Ala.

It will be seen from the above letter that Gov. Patton is laudably solicitous that the abundant and valuable mineral resources of this section of the State be made known, and perhaps no better opportunity could be offered.

We have in this section, gold, copper, lead, iron, coal, marble, slate, and kaolin, pronounced by Prof. Tuomey to be as fine as any in the United States. These minerals may be the chief sources of our wealth in the future; and in

order to their development they must first be made known.

We will take pleasure in forwarding to the Governor any specimens which may be left at this office by the time mentioned.

"PRACTICE MAKES PERFECT"—The truth of this ancient adage being admitted, why do not the young men of our Town, who desire to make orators of themselves, take more interest in the Dialectic Society. This society meets every Tuesday night at the Academy. At these meetings interesting questions are discussed, calculated to develop their reasoning and oratorical powers.

Parents and friends should also take an interest. It is a practical branch of education which literally costs nothing. The Society makes known through its committee in this paper, that it will thankfully receive donations of books for a Library, which we hope may be liberally responded to.

See notice of Dr. J. Y. Nisbet, who requests all persons indebted to him to come forward immediately, as his books must be closed.

Call and Get your Money!

Our County Treasurer L. W. Cannon, Esq. gives notice in this paper, that he is prepared to pay all county claims, up to No. 379 in 1865. Now don't be backward or diffident, but come forward and get your money. If you do not need it, perhaps somebody you owe does.

Chancery Court.

The first term of our Chancery Court for this year commenced on Monday last and closed on Friday evening. Hon. S. K. McSpaden, Chancellor, W. M. Hames, Esq., Register. A large number of cases, some of which were of several years standing, were disposed of. Chancellor McSpaden, in the discharge of his official duties, displays legal ability of a high order, with untiring energy and patient fidelity—in fact every qualification requisite for an excellent judicial officer. All the business of this session was transacted in a manner highly satisfactory to parties, Solicitors and officers of court.

In former times, Chancery Courts were avoided as a tedious process; but now the rule seems to be reversed, and much of the business in Circuit courts could be more speedily disposed of in Chancery, and in many instances, we doubt not, more to the satisfaction of parties and in accordance with the principles of equity.

With a Chancellor so able and faithful in the discharge of his duties, and a Register so thoroughly qualified, prompt and accurate in the preparation of business, our Chancery Court will prove of great advantage to those who must of necessity have litigation in the settlement of important business.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire was given this morning about half past six o'clock. It proved to come from Col. Jno. Hoke's residence on the north side of the square. For two hours he alone had struggled with the pent up flames until, too powerful for him, they burst into air and compelled him to call for aid. Our large and efficient Fire Company were at the first alarm, promptly on the ground, and the flames were soon extinguished.

We give this week some of the proceedings of Congress on impeachment of the President and other subjects. Some of the more moderate Radical papers seem to have taken the alarm, whilst others are urging them on to extreme measures, which would virtually abolish the Executive and Judicial departments of the government & place supreme power in their hands. Already the measures tending to impeach have affected the price of U. S. stocks and bonds in Europe. However, a northern writer very correctly remarks, that notwithstanding the threatening aspect of affairs, that such extreme measures as impeachment and territorialization need not be feared, because the enormous national debt, virtually places the Radical Congress under bonds to keep the peace.

We have received during the past week a copy of the Santa Clara Argus, an exceedingly neat and interesting sheet, printed at San Jose, Cal., with the request to exchange. We cordially accept the invitation to exchange, and hope often to see the pleasant face of our far-off neighbor, notwithstanding the irregularities of the mails through so great a distance. The Argus is eminently sound and conservative in politics, as are also all the papers we have seen from that State.

We copy the following sensible article on Reconciliation and Reconstruction from its columns, which first appeared

in the Dallas Mountaineer, another California paper. Had equally sensible views prevailed, to the same extent, in the Atlantic coast States, as have on the Pacific, since the surrender, the work of Reconstruction might long since have been accomplished, to the great advantage of all the material interests of the country, and without keeping the national credit so long in jeopardy.

The Radical Congress will learn sooner or later, that any permanent reconstruction must be preceded by genuine reconciliation; and that reconciliation cannot be brought about by malice and hatred; by unconstitutional amendments dishonorable to the South, or by further threats of measures still more unjust, tyrannical and oppressive. They will further learn that they cannot always baffle and cheat the mass of the people of the North and West out of the fruits of all their victories in war, which they expected to gather in the shape of a permanent and satisfactory union of all the States, for no higher purpose or object than to keep a few unprincipled Radical politicians in power.

Reconciliation not Reconstruction.

It is reconciliation and not reconstruction that can heal the wounds of our country, and restore happiness to the people and prosperity to the nation. The Radical committee of a radical Congress, with the radical plan of reconstruction (as they call it) may be beneficial to perpetuate the power of their party; but it in no way helps to perpetuate our free constitutional government, but rather to subvert or destroy it. Their policy fosters and creates a spirit of animosity, hatred and revenge between sections, without one single redeeming trait of reconciliation. The Radicals howl about re-construction—say "the South must be reconstructed before they shall be recognized in the Union as States"—implying that something of a positive character must be done—some exercise of force on matter. Will they tell us what further can be done by force or by being vindictive and unkind? What is there to reconstruct? Do they mean by this to bring the Southern States in the Union, and, as States, to recognize the Constitution and laws of the General Government? That has already been done by the South upon the recommendation of the President. Do they mean that the people of the South must be forced to acknowledge the Constitution and laws of the United States? We answer that has been accomplished by the war. The people then all submit and acknowledge the Constitution and laws of the United States, and they have done more—they have adopted the Constitutional Amendment abolishing slavery. No one supposes they did this because they favored the abolition of slavery. It was done as a concession and to reconcile the people of the North, and we applauded them for this act. Not one single act has been done, and not one single word has been spoken by or on the part of Congress tending to reconcile the people of the South. The President, on the question of reconstruction, has adopted and advocated plans to reconcile and unite our whole country in friendship, and for this he is daily traduced and maligned, threatened with assassination and impeachment. The Congressional party appear to be controlled alone by the desire to perpetuate their power and maintain party success, and they endeavor and encourage a spirit of malice, hatred and revenge toward the people of the South. If we desire friendship and good feeling from the people of the South, as it should be united as a nation, with good feeling and good fellowship, one section with another, we must eschew the Congress policy with its hatred and malice and with kindness and justice, and in a spirit of Christianity meet them and heal the wounds of war. The question is a plain one—will not kindness, justice and concession win friendship and real union of the States better than abuse, hatred, injustice and tyranny over a subdued people? Which is right, and which will the people espouse?—[Dallas Mountaineer.]

An English paper tells a singular story of the telegraph. It states that the special correspondent in London of a Glasgow paper was accompanied every evening at a late hour to bring his dispatches to a telegraph office in the upper story of a high building, the street door of which was closed at a certain hour, and attended after that by a porter. This functionary on one occasion in question, went sound asleep, and the most energetic p. m. of the correspondent in awakening him to his duty. After half an hour or so of increasing impatience, the correspondent, upon a novel idea, he went to an adjoining telegraph station, and sent a message to Glasgow, requesting the clerk there to telegraph to the clerk in the inaccessible upper story in London, to go down stairs and awaken the porter. This was done with entire success in about twenty minutes, the message traversing a distance of over four hundred miles, to arouse a man only separated from the visitor by a door.

Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—At a recent meeting of the Cabinet the territorializing question came up informally. All the members including Stanton, expressed opposition to any disturbance of the present State Governments.

The canvass of the Senate indicates the passage of the bankrupt bill, which passed the House last session.

Mr. Gibbs, special Treasury agent from Europe, is here to explain the settlement between the United States and Fraser, Trenholm & Co. It is understood that the investigation of the Judiciary Committee on Mr. Ashley's impeachment resolution will be kept a secret until the report is presented.

Obituary.

DIED, at the residence of her husband, Dr. J. L. Hughes, in Ladiga, Ala., on the 12th day of Jan. 1867, Mrs. AMANDA M. HUGHES, after an illness of three weeks of (Gastritis). The deceased was born in the State of Tennessee, on the 16th day of February, 1829, and was raised and educated in Louisiana, and was a member, and although she was not a member, she was one in doctrine and sentiment, and had always been correct and moral in life and practice. She had three children, two of them are dead, and one, a little daughter, Cora M., near two years old, is left an orphan. She was faithful in the discharge of all her relative and social duties—friendly, kind and charitable to all, and much beloved and respected by kindred, neighbors and friends, by whom her memory will long be affectionately cherished.

Look, Here!
THIS is the Second Call. Will you, CAN YOU, discharge it? Come then, and make payment at once. These NEW DEBTS, must be paid promptly.

Respectfully,
E. L. WOODWARD.

January 19th, 1867.

DIABETIC SOCIETY.—At a recent meeting of this society the subscribing committee was appointed to make known that the society stands greatly in need of a good library, and being unable to purchase one, passed a resolution acquiring each member to contribute one or more volumes, which resolution is now being complied with.

The committee is requested also to state, that a donation of this kind, made by any of the citizens of this community will be thankfully received. It is hoped they will favor the institution by such contributions.

All who are disposed to contribute will please place the volumes, with their names, in the hands of Hon. A. Woods, or Mr. John M. Caldwell, Librarian.

**JNO ROWLAND,
J. M. CALDWELL,
E. D. McELEN.**

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

The exercises of this new, useful, and important institution will commence on the first Monday in March, 1867, provided as many as ten students are obtained in time to make the necessary preparation, though twenty or more are desired to complete the School.

The course of instruction will embrace Penmanship—Book-keeping, double and single entry—a perfect course in Arithmetic, including all commercial calculations—Lectures on Commercial Law, &c.

Young men and youths desiring to attend the first and opening session, will please advise me very soon in person, or if residing at a distance, by letter. They will have ample time to make all necessary arrangements to come. Any who may desire to board themselves could doubtless get a room or rooms here very low.

Those who enter at the commencement of the session, will stand a fair chance to graduate at its close; and if they do, I am satisfied they will afterwards feel that they would not have missed it for five hundred dollars or more; for there is no doubt that it would enable them to earn a salary of from \$1,000 to \$1,500 the first year. One object is to fit them for the nearest, easiest and best paying situations in the catalogue of business.

Knowing as I do, the importance and good results of such an institution, I argue the question and urge it myself not alone for a school, or for the good which will result to those who attend the first session, but to found and establish the institution; so that it may be permanent and continually increase in popularity and usefulness to those attending in after years. Don't let the little sum of fifty dollars deter you, as you can make that amount in one month or less, after the session ends, if you seek a situation.

Senior or Graduating Class, per session of 5 months, \$50 00
Junior class per session of 5 mo's 40 00
Senior or Graduating class, 2 1/2 mo's 30 00
Junior class, 2 1/2 months, 25 00
J. L. SWAN, Principal.
Jacksonville, Jan. 19, 1867.

A LECTURE To Young Men.

Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A LECTURE on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Syphilis, Gonorrhea, or Venereal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Disability, and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, & Fits; Mental and Physical Inactivity, resulting from self-abuse, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bleedings, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

This Lecture will prove a Boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers.

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

NOTICE.

PERSONS holding County Claims up to No. 379 in the year 1865 will be paid upon presentation to the undersigned.

L. W. CANNON, Co. Tr.
Jan. 19, 1867.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to J. Y. NISBET are earnestly requested to call and settle. His accounts must be closed.

January 19, 1867.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, January 14th, 1866.
THIS day came J. W. Maddox, adm. of the estate of John Maddox, dec'd and presented and filed his accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate; it is therefore ordered by the court, that the 22nd day of February next be set for the making of said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 23rd day of February next and contest said accounts if they think proper. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
Jan. 19, 1867.

Dissolution.

THE firm of M. & L. Oppenheimer has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued at Dayton, Ala. All outstanding debts due the firm will be settled by L. Oppenheimer, or his Agent, Mr. George I. Turnley, who calls on all indebted to him to come forward and pay up. M. & L. OPPENHEIMER.
January 14, 1867.

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of Orr and Herzberg, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

SAMUEL ORR.
HERMAN HERZBERG.
Gadsden, Jan'y. 1st 1867.

HERMAN HERZBERG,

WILL carry on business in the Store formerly occupied by EDMONDSON & EWING.

SAMUEL ORR.

WILL continue in business at his OLD STAND.

Parties indebted to the Old Firm are requested to call and settle at once.

Gadsden, Jan'y. 11th 1867.

BROWN & PERKINS.

Pianos for the People!

420 Broome St., N. Y.

We would call the attention of the public and the trade to our elegant New Scale Pianos in the following styles:

STYLE A, 7 octave Front large round corners, plain case, either octagon or carved legs, straight bottom, bead moulding on plinth.\$450

STYLE B, 7 octave, same as style A, with serpentine moulding on plinth, carved legs and lyre.\$500

STYLE C, 7 octave, Front corners large round, serpentine bottom, mouldings same as on style D, carved lyre and desk, fancy carved legs.\$550

STYLE D, 7 octave, Four large round corners, finished back, mouldings on rim and plinth, serpentine bottom, carved lyre and desk, elegant carved fruit legs.\$600

The above styles are all finished in elegant Rosewood cases and have the full iron frame, French action, harp pedal, beveled top, ivory keys and key fronts, and exceed in overstrung bass, nearly all the 7 1/2 octave Pianos now manufactured. They are made of the best materials, and for finish, durability, purity and sweetness of tone, cannot be surpassed. We invite the attention of the public, of dealers and the profession, to a critical examination of the merits of our Pianos.

By avoiding the great expenses attendant upon costly factories and expensive warehouses in the city, we are enabled to offer these Pianos at prices which defy competition, and invite all to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. Parties ordering from a distance can rely upon receiving their Pianos promptly, and no confusion can arise as the styles are so distinctly designated by the letters A B C D.

The four styles described above, embody all the essential changes in exterior finish of cases, which are by many manufacturers run up to 15 and 20 patterns.

Music Department.

We would respectfully call the attention to Choir Leaders and Singing School Teachers to our establishment, where all kinds of Church Music, Glee and Anthem Books can be obtained on the most favorable terms.

The long experience of our Mr. PERKINS in Musical Conventions, Chorus, the Concert Room and Sunday-School, enables him to give advice and information on all points of musical interest as to the selection of proper work of instruction, formation of musical schools—progress in musical studies and items of general interest to composers, leader teachers and students.

Sheet Music furnished on the usual terms with promptness and dispatch.

Country orders solicited—and selections made for pupils, teachers, concerts, &c., &c., &c.

NOW READY,

The New Sunday School Singing Book,

"THE GOLDEN PROMISE."

BY T. E. PERKINS.

Author of Sacred Lute, Sunday School Banner, Oriental Glee Book, Psalm King &c., &c., &c.

We will send a specimen copy, post paid, to any address, on receipt of twenty cents. The price of "The Golden Promise" is as follows:

Single copies, in paper covers \$0.30
By the 100 in do25.00 By the 100 in do30.00

Stall's Unrivalled Piano Polish.

Just introduced, and being adopted by all leading houses in the manufacture of Pianos, Organs, Billiard Tables, Furniture, &c., &c. Every one who has a Piano should have a bottle of this Polish. Send for Circulars, and we will give full particulars and directions. Applications for Territory and Agencies received by BROWN & PERKINS, General Agents for the United States, 420 Broome St. N. Y.

As many persons in the country want a single bottle, and as the article cannot be sent by mail, where Clubs are made up, and one or more dozen ordered, (with the money) we will forward by express (charges paid) for \$6 per dozen.

BROWN & PERKINS.

GEN'L AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES,
No. 420 Broome Street, N. Y.
Dec. 8, 1866.

BLANK DEEDS,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE

Please Call,

One & All

I expect rigid punctuality on the part of those, whose liabilities to me are of recent date.
I cannot indulge as in days of yore.
Respectfully,
E. L. WOODWARD.
Dec 29, 1866

J. G. BELL & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS

Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the Sale & Shipment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully solicited.

WOOLSEY, GODDRICH & CO.
COTTON FACTORS

INSURANCE AND GENERAL AGENTS,
DEALERS IN EXCHANGE

BROAD STREET—SELMA, ALA.

WOOLSEY, WALKER & CO.
COTTON FACTORS,

37, North Commerce Street,
MOBILE, ALA.

COTTON consigned to us for our Store House forwarded free of charge, except Storage and Wharfage, and proceeds of sales paid here, if desired. IRON TIE ROPE and BAGGING always on hand.

All Cotton consigned to our Store House is covered by our open Policy of Insurance, unless we have written instructions to the contrary.
Oct. 6—2m.

RAILROAD LETTING

Notice to Contractors

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the undersigned in Selma, Ala. until the 15th day of January, 1867, for the

Graduation, Masonry, Bridges in Furnishing the Cross Ties

For that part of the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad extending from Blue Bluff in Alabama to Rome, in Georgia.

Plans, Profiles, Estimates and Specifications will be prepared and ready for inspection by the first day of January, 1867.

The work will embrace Earth and Ret Excavations, Embankments, Trestle & Iron Truss Bridges, first and second class and Mobile Masonry.

The right to reject all proposals not entirely satisfactory is reserved.
E. G. BARNEY,
Supt and Agent for Lease.

Dec. 15, 1866.

ROME

STEAM ENGINE

AND

MACHINE WORKS,

ROME, Ga.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Horizontal, Vertical and Portable

STEAM ENGINES.

From one to Five Hundred Horse Power

Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & other

Boilers.

Gasometers, Tanks, Smokestacks,

BLAST PIPES,

COTTON PRESSES,

SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR

Rolling Mills,

Blast Furnaces,

Railroads,

Saw & Grist-mills, &c.

CASTINGS

Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight

Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive

and Car Axles;

Mining Machinery

For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;

Bridge-castings and Bolts;

All kinds of Machinery and

BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, and MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,
Jas. Nobles, Jr., Thos. P. Mitchell, Jr.,
JOHN W. NOBLE, Master Mechanic & Draftsman,
Wm. Noble, GEORGE NOBLE,
SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent.
July 21—1866.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.

Principal Office, 616 Broadway,

NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Machines. Empire Shuttle, Crank Motion Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered more in action. Its motion being all positive it is not liable to get out of order. It is the best Family Machine! Notice is called to our new and improved Manufacturing Machine, for Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters. Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given. No consignments made.

EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

San Francisco, Jan. 1.—The bark Archibald, from Yokohama, brings dates to Dec. 1st. A great fire occurred at Yokohama on 6th of November. Two thirds of the native town and one-fourth of the best and most important of the foreign settlement, were destroyed. The bonded warehouse, filled with goods, under the superintendence of Messrs. Leads, was destroyed, loss \$160,000. The new house built for the American Consulate, was also consumed. The whole range of Consulate buildings, French, American, Russian and English, the Post Office, and nearly all the valuable private residences of Gardin, Mathews & Co., and others were destroyed by the conflagration. Among the sufferers are Augustine Hard & Co. E. M. Vandeke, Jourdin, Mathewson & Co., and Col Fisher, 22,200 piles of tea were burnt. Five insurance Companies' aggregate losses amounted to \$214,000. Total loss of natives and foreigners between three and four millions.

COUNTING HOUSE CALENDAR For the Year of Our Lord

1867.

	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
JAN.	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
FEB.	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28		
MARCH	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						
APRIL	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30				
MAY	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	
JUNE	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30						
JULY	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			
AUG.	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
SEPT.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30					
OCT.	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
NOV.	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
DEC.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				

DIFFICULTY IN RANDOLPH COUNTY.—We learn that a fatal difficulty occurred in Randolph county, in this State, on Christmas day. A gentleman of this City has placed at our disposal the following extract from a private letter, from a reliable and intelligent source, to-wit:

"I received intelligence from Weddowee on Thursday evening, stating that on Tuesday (Christmas day) a crowd of Union men, (so-called,) composed of one of L. Clifton's sons, one of C. Clifton's sons, one Bryant, and others beat John Reeves so bad he could not walk, and killed one of his sons. Reeves and others had been out on a deer hunt, and met this crowd a little west of town on their return. I cannot give you full particulars. Reeves that was killed was shot twice; and his father John Reeves, also shot twice, but Clifton had hold of his gun and prevented his killing any one."

Montgomery Mail
We learn that John Reeves died a few days after.

BETTER TIMES AT HAND.—At least so argues the Saturday's Financial Chronicle, and for these reasons:

- 1st.—The relaxing of the recent stringency in the loan market.
 - 2nd.—The loanable capital or idle funds seeking investment.
 - 3rd.—Improved public confidence.
 - 4th.—The conviction that nothing violent or rash will be done by the Secretary of the Treasury, or by Congress.
- After next Monday, then, when the National Banks make up their quarterly statements, in which they desire to make as good a show as possible, and

strain a little to do this, greater ease, enlarged confidence, and increased prosperity is looked for. We hope in all this our financial neighbor will prove a prophet. Then, beyond a higher confidence, there is the hope of a more stable money market, and a more equitable distribution of taxes. The last must come, and it can come alone from Congress, before the people and trade have substantial relief.—*N. Y. Express.*

Impeachment of the President. Action on Mr. Ashley's Resolution

We have heretofore given the substance of Mr. Ashley's impeachment of the President, and of the resolution adopted relative thereto; but the matter is, perhaps, of sufficient importance to justify us in giving, from the *National Intelligencer*, a full report of the proceedings in the House on that occasion: Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, rose to a question of privilege, and said: I rise, sir, to perform a painful duty, but a duty, nevertheless, which I deem imperative upon me—a duty which I think cannot be further postponed, and which cannot without criminality on our part, be longer neglected. I had hoped, sir, that this duty would have devolved upon an older and more experienced member of this House than myself. Prior to our adjournment, I asked a number of gentlemen to introduce a resolution, which I afterwards offered, and on which I failed to obtain a suspension of the rules. Confident that the loyal people of this country demand at our hands the action provided for in the proposition that I am now about to submit—

Mr. Finck, of Ohio, rose to a question of order—that there was no question before the House.

The Speaker decided the point of order to be well taken, and said that it was insisted upon the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Ashley) could not be permitted to proceed.

Mr. Finck insisted upon the point of order.

Mr. Ashley. Then, sir, on my responsibility as a Representative in this House, and in the presence and before the American people, I charge Andrew Johnson, Vice President, and acting President of the United States, with the commission of high crime and misdemeanors; and I now propose a resolution [Applause in the gallery.]

Mr. Finck rose to another point of order—whether the question raised by Mr. Ashley was properly a question of privilege.

The Speaker decided that it was; that it had been so decided in a point of order raised by Hon. Horace Everett, of Vermont, in the Twenty-seventh Congress.

Mr. Ashley then presented a preamble and resolution, as follows, and demanded the previous question upon its passage:

I do impeach Andrew Johnson, Vice President and acting President of the United States, of high crimes and misdemeanors. I charge him with the usurpation of power in violation of law, in that he has corruptly used the appointing power; in that he has corruptly used the pardoning power; in that he has corruptly used the veto power; in that he has corruptly disused of the public property of the United States; in that he has corruptly interfered in elections; and committed acts, and conspired with others to commit acts which in contemplation of the Constitution, are high crimes and misdemeanors; and to wit: Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be, and they are hereby, authorized to inquire into the official conduct of Andrew Johnson, Vice-President of the United States, discharging the powers and duties of the office of President of the United States, and to report to this House whether, in their opinion the said Andrew Johnson, while in said office, has been guilty of acts which were designed or calculated to overthrow, subvert, or corrupt the Government of the United States or any department or any officer thereof; and whether the said Andrew Johnson has been guilty of any act or has conspired with others to do acts which, in contemplation of the Constitution, are high crimes and misdemeanors, requiring the interposition of the constitutional power of this House; and that the said committee have power to send for persons and papers, and to administer the customary oath to witnesses.

Mr. Spaulding of Ohio, moved to lay the resolution upon the table; and upon that motion—

Mr. Finck of Ohio, demanded the yeas and nays. The motion was lost—yeas 39, nays 155.

The Speaker then stated the question to be upon sending the demand for the previous question.

Mr. Bingham, of Ohio, inquired whether, if that demand were not seconded, it would be in order to move to carry the resolution to the committee on the Judiciary.

The Speaker said that it would.

Mr. Bingham—Then I hope the demand will not be seconded.

On motion of Mr. Bingham, yeas were ordered, and the demand for the previous question was seconded by a vote of 75 to 46.

Mr. Hubbell, of Ohio, inquired whether a motion to refer the resolution to the Judiciary committee would be in order.

The Speaker decided that it would not unless the vote seconding the demand for the previous question should be reconsidered.

Mr. Hubbell, of Ohio, moved to reconsider that vote.

Mr. Wentworth, of Illinois, hoped that would be done, as he wanted to

make a speech on the subject. (Laughter.)

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, moved to lay the motion to reconsider upon the table, which was done—yeas 93; nays 47.

The Speaker then declared the question to be upon agreeing to the resolution.

Mr. Niblack, of Indiana, raised a point of order—that the motion to reconsider being laid on the table, carried the resolution with it.

The Speaker overruled the point of order; and the preamble and the resolution were then adopted—yeas, 108; nays, 38; absent and not voting, 45.

From Washington.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Senate.—Mr. Ramsey, presented a petition, asking for an appropriation for the improvement of the Mississippi river. Referred to Committee on Commerce.

Mr. H-we, presented a petition for reconstruction, on the basis of equal rights. Referred.

Several petitions were presented, urging the passage of the tariff bill.

The Senate was engaged in the discussion of a bill to regulate the tenure of office. Adjourned without a vote.

House.—The first business in order being a call of the States for bills and joint resolutions, the following were presented:

A bill declaring the forfeiture of certain privileges of citizenship, for acts of rebellion against the United States, and providing for the restoration of those privileges in certain cases. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Also, a bill to establish civil governments in the States lately in rebellion. Referred to Committee on Reconstruction.

A bill was introduced and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means to repeal so much of the internal revenue act as imposes a tax on unmanufactured cotton.

Mr. Moon, of Missouri, delivered a speech on Kelso's resolution to impeach the President, in which he made the usual charge of usurpation, etc., indulged in by radical orators.

Mr. Cook, of Illinois, reported from the Judiciary Committee a bill amending that part of the law, approved February 24, 1864, which authorized the Secretary of War to appoint Commissioned officers in each of the loyal slave States to award compensation, to the owners of colored volunteers, so as to suspend the powers of compensation of said commissioners. The bill was passed.

A resolution was adopted, declaring it to be the duty of the Government, in giving effect to the manifest wish of the nation by declaring against the further impetration of Coulees in this hemisphere or in the adjacent islands.

The Nebraska bill was taken up and discussed at length. The vote will be taken to-morrow.

Senator O. M. Roberts of Texas, has written a letter to the editor of the *Galveston News*, from Washington, in which he says: "Our Senators and Representatives will not be admitted to seats during this session of Congress; and he is satisfied that there is now no intention to adopt or attempt to carry out any confiscation scheme, unsettling the property of the country."

DISTRIBUTIONS.

We would call attention to the opinion of one of the leading papers of Canada on this subject:

Most of our readers have no doubt read one of the numerous advertisements of Gift Enterprises, Gift Concerns, &c., which appear from time to time in the public prints, offering most tempting bargains to those who will patronize them. In most cases these are genuine humbugs. But there are a few respectable firms who do business in this manner, and they do it as a means of increasing their wholesale business, and not to make money. From such firms, it is true, handsome and valuable articles are procured for a very small sum, and what is more important, no one is ever cheated. Every one gets good value for his dollar, because as we have stated, it is intended to act as an advertisement to increase their ordinary business.

We have seen numbers of prizes sent out in this way by *STURMANS, WATSON & COMPANY*, of Nassau street, N. Y., and there is no doubt that some of the articles are worth eight or ten times the money paid for them, while we have not seen or heard of a single article which was not fully worth the dollar which it cost. But this is only one of the exceptions of this rule, for as a general thing the parties engaged in this business are nothing but clever swindlers.

(*Saturday Reader*, Montreal, C. E., Jan. 13, '66)

In Chancery

Sabrina A. Patterson et al. vs. Ar. Rules before vs. *Cross* 1861. (The Register of the Mandeville & Stewart, 36th Dist. Northern and others.)

Ala. January 14, 1867.

THIS day came the complaint by her Solicitor M. J. Turnley, and moved the undersigned Register and Master in Chancery for the 36th District, Northern Chancery, Division of Ala., for an order of publication against James K. P. Buttman a non-resident def't, residing in Miss. P. O. unknown; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register from an affidavit on file, that the said def't is a minor over 14 yrs and a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in the State of Mississippi, post office not known.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said defendants to appear before the said Register at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, on Monday the 4th day of March next, by 12 o'clock of said day, and plead, answer or demur to complaint in cross bill of complaint exhibited in said Chancery court, against him and others, or the same will be taken for confessed by him, and the said cause set for hearing ex parte as to him.

It is further ordered, that a copy of said order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Alabama, in the Town of Jacksonville, within twenty days after the date of this order.

Granted January 14th, 1867.

W. M. HAMES, Register, &c.

MOBILE Advertisements.

HARDWARE, Iron, Tinware

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS A. J. MOSES & CO., MOBILE, ALA.,

BEING large Importers of every thing pertaining to the trade are enabled to offer inducements, comparing favorably with New Orleans. Refer to Col. R. B. Kyle. Nov. 3—6m.

HURNTAL, BRUCE & CO. IMPORTERS OF HARDWARE, CUTLERY, IRON, &c.

No. 29 Water Street,
MOBILE.

Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

S. J. MURPHY & CO. (Formerly W. W. ALLEN & CO.) COTTON FACTORS & GENERAL Commission Merchants, MOBILE, ALA.

HAVING been associated in business with these gentlemen for many years, I cheerfully recommend them to the patronage of my friends. W. W. ALLEN.

Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

C. E. THAMES, COTTON FACTOR AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 10 North Commerce & No. 10 North Front Sts. [UP STAIRS] MOBILE, ALA.

Nov. 3, 1866.—6m.

A. & B. MOOG, Grocers AND SOAP MANUFACTURERS, AND DEALERS IN WINES, LIQUORS, TOBACCO and Nothen and Western Produce.

—No. 15— South Water and —No. 16— South Commerce Sts.
MOBILE, ALA.

Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

MARTIN, COWIN & CO. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS, No. 31 Commerce and St. Michael Streets, MOBILE, ALA.

Nov. 3, 1866.—6m.

F. C. HANNAN, Commission Merchant AND DEALER IN Southern & Western Produce.

—No. 11— South Water Street, MOBILE.

Dealers' Orders particularly attended to.
Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

L. BREWER & CO. General Commission Merchants. For the sale of COTTON & COUNTRY PRODUCE. ALSO, GROCERS AND DEALERS IN Northern & Western Goods, No. 55, Corner Commerce & St. Louis Sts., MOBILE, ALA.

Orders will be promptly attended to—
Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

W. L. BAKER, JNO. C. GRAHAM MOBILE, ALA. BAKER, GRAHAM & CO. Successors to Baker, Lawler & Co. and Baker, Robbins & Co. COTTON FACTORS AND Commission Merchants, MOBILE, ALA.

We have secured the services of Mr. R. P. BAKER and Mr. G. SHALLOON, and connected with our business *Receiving and Forwarding Goods*. Having every facility for Shipments and Storage, we are prepared to offer inducements to Shippers to consign their goods to all consignments. We are agents for no Bots.

Feb. 10, 1866.—6m.

JACK P. RICHARDSON & CO. (Successors to Richardson & Hamilton.) GENERAL GROCERS —AND— COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Corner Water and St. Michael Streets, MOBILE, ALA.

B. F. SIDES, A. W. BELL, Selma, Mobile.

SIDES & BELL, COTTON FACTORS, FORWARDING AND Commission Merchants, 41, North Water Street, MOBILE, ALA.

Consignments of Country Produce solicited. Goods consigned to our care forwarded with dispatch. We promise strict attention to any business entrusted to our care.

REFERENCES.

Gen. Wm. H. Forney, Jacksonville, Ala.
Col. J. A. STORY, Talladega, Ala.
Hon. JOHN T. BELL, Selma, Ala.

Advertisements.

T. A. NICOLL & CO. Wholesale Wine Merchants AND DEALERS IN Foreign and Domestic WINES AND LIQUORS, Water Street No. 6, SELMA, ALA.

PHILIP WEAVER, Selma, Ala. J. D. KITCHEN, New Orleans, La.

WEAVER & KITCHEN, GROCERS AND GENERAL Commission Merchants, WATER STREET—SELMA, ALA.

Have control of a good brick Warehouse, constantly under guard, for the storage of Cotton and other Produce.

Liberal advances made on Cotton for Shipment or Sale.

JAS. L. MOORE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN DRUGS, MEDICINES, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, FANCY GOODS, PAINTS, Oils, Window Glass, Cigars Tobacco, &c. No. 10, BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Nov. 3, 1866.—6m.

G. J. THOMAS, GROCER AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, WATER STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Opposite the Gee House, and will at all times be pleased to see my old friends and customers and renew their trade.

T. W. STREET.

W. G. PRIVETT, R. H. CROSWELL.

PRIVETT & CROSWELL Receiving and Forwarding MERCHANTS, HEAD OF CITY WHARF, SELMA, ALA.

July 21, 1866.—6m.

T. H. ROSSER, J. M. MOREY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS AND GENERAL Commission Merchants, BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Agents for the Sale of Western Produce.

Will keep constantly on hand Corn, Bacon, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses and all articles usually kept in a First Class Grocery establishment, which we sell upon the most accommodating terms.

Nov. 3, 1866.—6m.

ABNER WILLIAMS, COTTON FACTOR, AND GENERAL Commission Merchant, Will advance BAGGING & ROPE to his patrons. A Liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Office over Agre. Wilson & Co's Warehouse, Water Street, SELMA, ALA.

W. M. WHITE, A. J. PHARES, Late of Jacksonville, Sumter Co.

WHITE & PHARES, SELMA, ALA. COMMISSION, AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, WE have Storage for 1500 BALES OF COTTON in our new FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE, And make liberal advances on consignment.

Mr. E. L. WOODWARD of Jacksonville is our Agent, and all orders left with him for the purchase and shipment of Corn, Oats Hay, Bacon, Iron, Sugar, Coffee, &c. will have our prompt attention.

April 7, '68. WHITE & PHARES.

J. A. CURRY & CO. COTTON FACTORS AND Commission Merchants, Central Warehouse Building, WATER STREET, SELMA, ALA.

We have good Brick Warehouses constantly under guard for the storage of Cotton and other produce consigned to us.

HARDIE & ROBINSON, COTTON FACTORS —AND— COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 23 & 25 BROAD ST. (UP STAIRS), SELMA, ALA.

We respectfully invite consignments of Cotton, Flour or other produce intended for sale in our market, or for shipment to Mobile, New Orleans or New York, upon which we are prepared to make liberal cash advances. Also to furnish bagging and Rope or Iron Ties.

Our old friends will find us ready to serve them faithfully, efficiently and honestly.

Address HARDIE & ROBINSON,
23 & 25 Broad Street
SELMA, ALA.

Sept 15—4m

Saddlery, Harness, &c. SMITH, MOTES & CO. Central City Insurance Bldg., SELMA, ALA. MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN SADDLES, HARNESS, &c.,

RESPECTFULLY call the attention of all purchasers to their large stock, comprising the best assortment ever offered in this market.

We are constantly receiving new additions, thus proving that we leave nothing untried to please the fancy of all.

SMITH, MOTES & CO.
Selma, Ala., May 26, 1866

LUNDIE & CO., (SUCCESSORS TO W. Y. LUNDIE.) COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL Commission Merchants, OFFICE BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.



POETRY

[From the Dublin Irishman.]

Katy's Story.

Mary shed no tears—she was just that;
When the head goes wrong no tear can come.
Sitting down on the bank, she took the drowned
child on her knee; with her own hands she
closed the glazing eye, and stroked the yellow
hair. There were some flowers in the dead
grip of its hand, but Mary let them remain
there. Rocking the child backward and for-
ward in her arms, she began to sing. Maybe
she thought she was putting it to sleep:

Hush, baby, hush—the stream runs bright—
Oh! father—mother—come,
And take the wanderer back again,
She longs to be at home.
The wounded bird would fold her wing
Within the parent nest,
The heart is broken, crushed and sore,
And faint would be at rest.

The flowers I loved and tended once
Are fading one by one,
When the chilling frosts of winter come,
They'll all be dead and gone,
But the blossom that you loved so well,
Your own poor stricken flower,
Must linger on and bear the frost
Of winter's darkest hour.

You'll not cast up to me, father,
The step that I went wrong—
There's many a one has slipped as sore,
That thought themselves full strong.
You will not turn aside father,
Nor slight my dying prayer—
There's another door stands wide for me,
That I may enter there!

I have a home above the stars,
Where sorrow cannot dwell;
To One who binds the broken heart,
My woful tale I tell;
The scornful hand may cast the stone,
The bitter tongue may blame,
There's One who waits to let me in
In spite of sin and shame!

The next morning when they came to take
her home, she and her child were lying
by the side of the stream. She had gone to
that home where neither cold nor hunger, shame
nor sorrow could ever light on her more.

Chapter of Proverbs.

Benefits, like flowers, please while
they are fresh.

Better the feet slip than the tongue.
He begins to die who hath no desires.

He is not poor who hath a little, but
he that desireth much.

He is rich enough who wants nothing.
He that strikes with his tongue must
guard with his hands.

To learn the value of money, try
to borrow.

A modest woman should often nei-
ther see nor hear.

Belles and priests may call others to
holiness and know nothing of them-
selves.

Lies have long legs but weak backs.

Snow fell in Talladega on Satur-
day Dec. 30th, to the depth of six
inches.

Seventy deaths in Cincinnati last
week—four from cholera.

A \$500,000 Masonic Temple is to
be built in Philadelphia.

The last new gun invented in Paris
sends out 8,500 balls a minute.

A lady eighty years old attempted
suicide in Louisville. Old enough to
know better.

Punch says that women first resorted
to tight lacing to prove to the men how
well they could bear tight lacing.

Facts in Human Life

The number of languages and dialects
spoken in the world amounts to 3,001.
The inhabitants of the globe profess
more than 1,000 different religions.
The number of men is about equal to
the number of women. The average
of human life is about 33 years. One
quarter die previous to the age of seven
years, one half before reaching 17; and
those who pass this age enjoy a felicity
refused to one half the human species.

To every 1,000 persons, only one reach-
es to 100 years of life; to every 100 only
6 reaches the age of 65; and not more
than one in 500 lives to 80 years
of age. There are on the earth 1,000,
000,000 inhabitants; and of these
33,333,333 die every year, 91,822
every day, 3,739 every hour, and 60
every minute, or one every second.

These losses are about balanced by an
equal number of births. The married
are longer lived than the single, and
above all, those who observe a solar
and industrious conduct. Tall men
live longer than short ones.—Women
have more chances of life in their favor
previous to 50 years of age than men,
but fewer afterwards. The number of
marriages is in the proportion of 75
to every 100 individuals. Marriages are
more frequent after the equinoxes; that
is, after the months of June and De-
cember. Those born in the Spring are
generally more robust than others.—
Births and deaths are more frequent by
night than by day. The number of
men capable of bearing arms is calcu-
lated at one fourth of the population.

The flour mills of Louisville, Ky.
turn out two thousand barrels of flour
daily, consuming annually three million
bushels of wheat.

A Revenue Collector named Brown was
waylaid at Duval's bluff, on the night of the
28th inst. shot through the jaws and robbed
of \$15,000 and a gold watch. His condition
is critical. He had drawn the money in Mem-
phis, and it is supposed, was followed by the
robbers. No arrests have yet been made.

NEW STORE.

R. B. KYLE

Has recently established himself in business
at *Next Door to Kyle, Wayne & Co's Old
Stand*, and will keep constantly on hand a
complete assortment of Goods, suited to the
wants of the people, embracing—

DRY GOODS,

SHOES & HATS

CROCKERY,

HARDWARE,

And a FINE Stock of

GROCERIES,

Which he will sell at *HOME or SELMA*
prices. His old Friends and customers can
save money by calling and buying their goods
of him.

O. P. HILL is on hand, and ready to
serve his old friends. Don't fail to call at the

NEW STORE,

Sign of the

Genuine Red Flag.

Gadsden Jan'y 4th 1867.

!! R. H. HART !!

Dry Goods, Grocery,

AND

Commission Merchant.

(Sign of the Red & White Flag)

GADSDEN ALABAMA.

KEEPS constantly on hand, and offers for
sale, a well selected stock of Dry Goods,
Groceries, Hats, Boots & Shoes, Tin and
Queen Ware, and a variety of articles usually
kept in Stores *(where they do not keep any-
thing else)*. All of which he will sell as
cheap as the cheapest! *(If not both, de-
sperat!)* Give him a call and you will believe.

R. H. HART.

N. B. All kinds of Country Produce
bought at the highest market price. Also all
kinds of Fur, from the size of a *Minx* skin
to an *Elephant* hide. Liberal advances made
on Cotton. R. H. H.

Gadsden Ala. Jan'y 4th 1867.

T. Barrett,

GADSDEN ALABAMA,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,

AND

GROCERIES,

WOULD respectfully inform his old cus-
tomers and friends that he has recently
removed his extensive stock of Dry Goods,
Groceries &c. to the *MILLIGAN & DAVIS*
Corner, opposite Hollingsworth & More's, where
he is still offering the same great in-
ducements to his customers.

He will keep constantly on hand every ar-
ticle that the trade may demand.

He also has the ready cash at all times to
pay for Cotton, Corn, Wheat, or any kind of
Produce that the Planter may offer to the
market.

His accomplished Salesman, *BILLIE Mc-
GOWAN*, will be pleased at all times to
show his customers through his stock and give
such assistance as will induce them to call again.

GADSDEN HOTEL

J. T. BARRETT, Proprietor.

Is now opened to the travelling public.
Gadsden—Jan'y 4th 1867.

Wm L. CAIN.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Gadsden Alabama.

Having practiced for twenty-five years in
Cherokee and surrounding counties, will con-
tinue his profession in Calhoun, St. Clair,
Chickasaw, and Cherokee counties.

REFERENCES.

Gov. R. W. Patton, Montgomery.
Col. A. J. Walker, Montgomery.
Judge T. J. H. Selma, G. S. Wadley
Esq., Talladega; Col. Nick Davis, Huntsville;
Maj. Wm. Clark, Nashville; Capt. Wm. Hen-
drix, Memphis; R. Henderson, Chattanooga;
F. K. Bell, Louisville, Kentucky.

R. O. RANDAL,

WATCHMAKER AND

JEWELER,

Gadsden Ala.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry
neatly and promptly repaired.
All work warranted.
Sign of the Big Watch.

Gadsden Ala. Jan'y. 11th. 1867.

GROVESTEE & CO.

Piano Forte Manufacturers,

499, Broadway, New York.

The attention of the public and the trade
is invited to our *New Scale, Seven
Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes*,
which for volume and purity of tone are un-
rivalled by any hitherto offered in this mar-
ket. They contain all the modern improve-
ments—French grand action, harp, iron
frame, overstrung bass, &c.—and each in-
strument being made under the personal su-
pervision of Mr. J. H. Grovestee, who has
a practical experience of over thirty years in
their manufacture, is fully warranted in every
particular.

The "Grovestee Piano-Forte"
Received the highest award of merit at the
celebrated World's Fair.

Where were exhibited instruments from the
best makers of London, Paris, Germany,
Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York,
and also at the American Institute for five
successive years, the Gold and SILVER MEALS
from both of which can be seen at our ware-
rooms.

By the introduction of improvements we
make a still more perfect Piano-Forte, and by
manufacturing largely with these instruments at
a price which will preclude all competition.

Our prices, from \$100 to \$200 cheaper
than any other first-class Piano-Fortes.
Terms—Net cash in current funds.
Descriptive circulars sent free.

P. Jan. 12, 1867—1y.

NEW HOTEL.

TROOP HOUSE.

North-east corner Water and Lauderdale sts.,
opposite Harrel, Eskridge & Sturdivant.

SELMA, ALABAMA.

THIS house is now open for the reception
of the travelling public. Satisfaction
to every one guaranteed.
April 14. E. T. STURDIVANT.

Great Distribution

BY THE

American Jewelers' Association

Depots: 37 & 39 Nassau, 54, 56 &

58 Liberty St.,

NEW YORK CITY.

Of Rosewood Pianos and Melodeons, Fine
Oil Paintings, Engravings, Silver Ware
and Watches, and Elegant Jewelry, con-
sisting of Diamond Pins, Diamond
Rings, Gold Bracelets, Coral, Flo-
rentine, Mosaic, Jet, Lava and
Cameo Lad's Sets, Gold Pens,
with Gold and Silver Exten-
sion Holders, Silver But-
tons, Sets of Studs, Vest
and Neck Chains, Plain
and Chased Gold
Clasps, &c., &c.,
valued at

\$1,000,000, FOR ONE DOLLAR.

which they need not pay until it is known
what is drawn and its value.

**THE AMERICAN JEWELERS' AS-
SOCIATION** calls your attention to the fact
of its being the largest and most popular Jew-
elry Association in the United States. The
business is and always has been conducted in
the most candid and honorable manner.
Our rapidly increasing trade is a sure guar-
antee of the appreciation of our patrons for
this method of obtaining rich, elegant and
costly goods. The sudden stagnation of
trade in Europe, owing to the late German
War and recent disastrous financial crisis in
England, has caused the failure of a large
number of Jewelry Houses in London and
Paris, obliging them to sell their goods at a
great sacrifice, in some instances less than one
third the cost of manufacturing. We have
lately purchased very largely of these Bank-
rupt Goods at such extremely low prices,
that we can afford to send away Fine Goods,
and give better chances to draw the most val-
uable prizes than any other establishment dur-
ing a similar business. OUR AIM IS TO
PLEASE, and we are confident of giving the
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Empire Shuttle Sewing

Machines

ARE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

For Family and Manufacturing Pur-
poses.

Agents wanted. Address,
EMPIRE S. M. CO.,
616 Broadway, New York.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,

Wholesale and Retail,

501 Broadway, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of photo-
graphic materials we are Headquarters for the
following:

STEREO SCOPES & STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS.
Of American and Foreign Cities and Land-
scapes, Groups, Statuary, etc.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR.
From negatives made in the various cam-
paigns and forming a complete photographic
history of the great conflict.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS.
Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the
Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to
any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
We manufacture more largely than any
other house about 200 varieties from 50 cents
to \$50 each. Our Albums have the reputa-
tion of being superior in beauty and durability
to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, States-
men,

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker,
CONTINUES the Watch Repairing
business above McClellan's store, west
side of the public square. A good lot
of materials on hand, and work done with
dispatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

JOHN W. INZER, LEROY F. BOX,
INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law.
AND
Solicitors in Chancery.
ASHVILLE, Ala.

M. J. TURNLEY,
Attorney at Law
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
General Collecting Agent.
Office fronting East door of the Court house,
Jacksonville, Ala., continues the practice of
Law in all its branches, in Calhoun and ad-
joining counties, will give special attention
to drawing Wills, Deeds of Conveyance,
Powers of Attorney, to the Probate of Wills;
Administration of Estates, Guardianships;
and will also act as Agent for the sale and
purchase of Lands.

Spun Cotton
For Sale, for Cash only, by
E. L. WOODWARD.
Dec. 15th, 1866

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,
Of Alabama,
Has located in the country near Seoba,
Kemper county, Mississippi, where he
may be consulted. He operates with perfect
success for
PILES, FISTULA,
TUMORS, POLYPI,
DISEASES OF FEMALES, Etc.
Dr. C. has never lost a patient, nor had an
accident to happen. He has operated on the
most respectable of the profession of all the
Southern States, and for a good many years,
has visited almost every city in the South.
He will visit Gadsden, and points on the
Mobile and Ohio Railroad, if some three or
four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY,
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.
WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun,
Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Chero-
kee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the
State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

To the Afflicted.
DR. GEORGE W. LEACH propo-
ses a new system of cure in place of the
old internal doses which enfeeble the stom-
ach, poison the blood and endanger the life.
He can be consulted at any time in Jackson-
ville, personally or by letter, giving name of
the person, whether over or under 35 years of
age, and the disease. He cures cancers, wens,
leprosy, scrofula, piles, diseases of the lungs,
kidneys, and some others; charging
but a very small amount in advance, after-
wards if no cure no pay. He has a number
of testimonials of cures—has recently treated
a case of cancer, several of which are entire-
ly well and the others getting well.
G. W. LEACH, *Physician*.
C. E. BELL, J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the
practice of Law, will practice together,
except in criminal cases, in the counties
Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph,
Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1866.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.
CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
2 Hours to Atlanta and \$3.00 sav. d.
4 Hours to Chattanooga & \$18 saved.

On and after Monday June 4th, 1866,
trains on this road will run as follows:
Through Passenger & Freight Trains.
Passenger trains will leave Selma
daily, (except Sundays) at 4 P. M.
will arrive at Blue Moun-
tain (except Sunday) at 12 night
will leave Blue Mountain
(except Sundays) at 4 A. M.
will arrive at Selma (ex-
cept Sundays) at 12 noon.
Freight Trains, until Further Notice,
will leave Selma Mondays, Wednesdays
and Fridays at 5:15 A. M.
and arrive at Blue Mountain at 7:50 P. M.
will leave Blue Mountain Tues-
days, Thursdays & Saturdays at 5:15 A. M.
will arrive at Selma at 7:30 P. M.
Passenger trains connect at Selma with
cars to Montgomery and Mobile, and with
the Selma and Meridian Railroad for Vicks-
burg, New Orleans and the West. At Blue
Mountain they connect with Taylor, Gilmer
Co's splendid line of Coaches from there
to Chattanooga, Charleston, Chattanooga and all
points North and East.
Through fare from Selma to Kingston on
Western and Atlantic Railroad ONLY \$12.00
E. G. BARNBY,
June 9, 1866, Sup't & Agent for Lessee.
BLANK DEEDS,
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE

F. L. JOHNSON, R. A. JOHNSON,
Selma, Ala. Minden, Ala.
W. L. CUNNINGHAM,
WITH
F. L. & R. A. JOHNSON,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS!
DEALERS IN

**Western Produce, and Import-
ers of Foreign Liquors, &c.**
NEW ORLEANS, Louisiana.

A. J. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER,
PITNER, COOPER & CO.
**Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS**
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.
We receive and Sell, Ship
or Store COTTON and other
Produce for the Planters. Mr.
J. H. COOPER, who has had long experience
in the Cotton trade will give his special at-
tention to that branch of the business.
Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1865.—6m.

CAIN GLOVER, JAMES A. BALE
NEW FIRM.
GLOVER & BALE,
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES & PRODUCE,
Corner of Broad and Bridge Streets, opposite
the Market.
ROME, Ga.
October 13, 1866.—3m.

E. L. WOODWARD
Is now receiving an unusually large
Stock of
**Fall and Winter
GOODS,**
To which the attention of purchas-
ers is invited, with the assurance
that they will be sold at his usual
and uniformly low prices.
Jacksonville, Oct. 13, 1866.

CHOICE HOTEL,
BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depo-
sits free of charge. Aug. 25, 1866

KEROSENE & GAS STOVES.

**TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE
POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.**
All the Cooking for a
Family may be done with
Kerosene Oil, or Gas, and
with 1 s. trouble, and at
less expense, than by any
other fuel.
Each Article manufactured by this Company is
guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.
Send for Circular.

Liberal Discount to the Trade.

KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,
119 PEARL STREET, N. Y.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,
HAS resumed the duties of his
profession in all its branches.
Office, N. W. Corner of Public
Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 18, 1865.—1f.

REMOVAL.

DR. J. Y. NISBET has removed his
Office to the Drug store, east side of the
Public Square, where he will continue
the practice of Medicine as usual and where he
may be always found unless professionally
absent. Nov. 25, 1865.—1f

REMINGTONS
FIRE ARMS.
Sold by the Trade Generally
Prices Reduced 1st July, 1866.

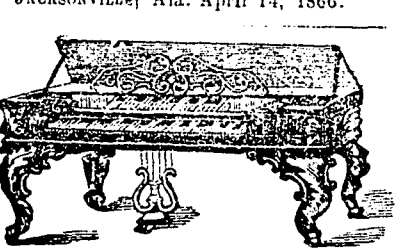
Army Revolver, 44-100 in. Calibre,
Navy Revolver, 36-100 in. Calibre,
Belt Revolver, (Self Cocking) Navy Calibre,
Belt Revolver, Navy Size Calibre,
Police Revolver, Navy Size Calibre,
New Pocket Revolver, (with Loading Lever,
Pocket Revolver, (Self Cocking),
Repeating Pistol, (Elliot pt.) No 22 Cartridge
Vest Pocket Pistol, No 22 Cartridge,
Gun Cane, using No 32 Cartridge,
Single Barrel Shot Gun,
Revolving Rifle, 36-100 in. calibre,
Breech Loading R. B. No 32 Cartridge,
Breech Loading Carbine, No 46 Cartridge,
U. S. Rifle, (Self Barrel) with Sable Bayonet
U. S. Rifle-Musket, Springfield Pattern.
Upwards of 200,000 furnished the U S Govern-
ment.
Our new Breech Loading Arms have just
been approved and adopted for Military service
in Europe.
E. REMINGTON & SONS,
Lions, New York.
AGENTS.
MOORE & NICHOLS, New York; JOS. C. GRUBB
& Co., Philadelphia; POULTNEY & TRIMBLE,
Baltimore; HENRY FOLSON, Co., New Orleans
& Memphis; L. M. RUSSETT & Co., St. Louis;
ANDREAS & CHASE, San Francisco.

M. P. STOVALL,
WAREHOUSE & COMMISSION
MERCHANT,
Salesroom and Office, N. W. Granite Front Build-
ing, Northeast cor. of Jackson & Reynolds sts
AUGUST, Ga.

Will continue to give personal at-
tention to the storage and Sale of
COTTON and other Produce.
Consignments of Cotton will be stored in
the New Fire-Proof Warehouse on Jackson
street, on the site formerly occupied by
"Doughty, Beall & Co." Dec. 8, 1866.

NISBET, VANDIVER & CO.
DRUGGISTS,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Have just received and offer
for sale, a well selected Stock of
Drugs & Medicines,
Patent Medicines,
Perfumery, Fancy and
Toilet Articles, Liquors,
for Medicinal purposes—
Dye-Stuffs—Paints,
Oils—Varnishes,
Brushes, &c. &c.
JACKSONVILLE, Ala. April 14, 1866.



MUSIC LESSONS
ON THE PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E.
FRANCIS, commencing with the ses-
sions of the Jacksonville Female Academy.
Pupils can commence at any time dur-
ing the session, and be charged for the time.
Country Produce at the market price taken
payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '66

**NEW
DRUG STORE.**
No. 3, Choice House, ROME, GA.

"Short Profits and Quick Returns."
P. L. TURNLEY, W. S. GIBBONS.
TURNLEY & GIBBONS
Assurance to the public that they are receiv-
ing a large stock of

Pure Drugs & Medicines.

Having bought most of them
Since the Heavy Decline,

We are prepared to sell at
WHOLESALE on very reasonable
terms. We flatter ourselves
that no House this side of At-
lanta can compete with us. In
addition to our extensive stock
of Drugs, we offer Clover, Lu-
cifer, Orchard, Herpes, Blue and
Timothy GRASS SEED.
Also, Millet, Buckwheat, &c.
&c. Also a great variety of

KEROSENE LAMPS.

Which we are offering extremely low. Our
stock consists in part of the following ar-
ticles:

**Combs, Brushes, Toilet Soaps, Per-
fumery, Colognes, Yankee Notions,
Fine Wine, Brandy and
Whisky.**

For Medical purposes—Matches, Mustard, Ink
and Paper.

- 22 lbs. Acid Acetic,
- 32 oz. Boracic Acid,
- 50 lbs. Nitric,
- 50 " Muratic,
- 136 " Sulphuric,
- 84 gals. 95 per cent. Alcohol,
- 100 oz. Sulf Quinine,
- 275 lbs. Alum,
- 57 " Sp's Ammonia,
- 63 " Nitric Diluted,
- 27 " Asafoetida,
- 33 " Balsam Capivi,
- 58 " Blue Mass,
- 50 " Refined Borax,
- 32 " Camellin,
- 44 gals. Castor Oil,
- 12 boxes Castor Soap,
- 10 lbs. Chloroform,
- 50 " Cream Tartar,
- 12 " Dover Powder,
- 100 " Ginger,
- 100 " Black Pepper,
- 50 " Cayenne Pepper, powd.
- 50 " Gum Arabic,
- 25 " Gum Myrrh,
- 50 " Presd Hops,
- 2000 " White Lead,
- 200 " Red Lead,
- 50 lbs. Tanner's Oil,
- 3 " Lissed Oil,
- 7 " Kerosene Oil,
- 2 " Machine Oil,
- 54 boxes Window Glass, assorted
sizes,
- 112 gross assorted Prescription Vials
- 269 " assorted Corks,
- 12 ozs. Sulf. Morphine,
- 33 lbs. Carb. Magnesia,
- 200 " Epsom Salts,
- 300 " Flower'd Sulphur,
- 321 " Brimstone,
- 600 " Copperas,
- 27 " Gum Opium,
- 5 " Powdered Opium,
- 10 " Soidlet's Potash,
- 20 doz. Soidlet's Powders,
- 300 lbs. Bi Carb Soda,
- 25 ozs. Tannin,
- 25 lbs. Sugar of Lead,
- 12 doz. Concentrated Lye,
- 60 lbs. Nudras Indigo,
- 100 " Lamp Black,
- 100 " Bla. & Lead,
- 172 " Chrome Green,
- 172 " " Yellow,
- 800 " Ass'd Colors, ready mixed,
- 123 gals. Varnishes, assorted.

Rome, Ga. August 26, 1866.

FREE TO EVERYBODY!

A LARGE 6 pp. Catalogue, teaching how
to remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples,
Blotches, Moth, Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions
and all impurities of the skin. How to
force Whiskers, restore, curl and beautify
the hair; renew the age, cure Drunkenness,
Nervous Debility, and other useful and valu-
able information. Everybody send for it.
Address: BRUGER, SHUTTS & CO.,
Chemists, 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y.

**PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES, &c.**
E. COODE, Artist.
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood
ward's Store.
June 16, 1866

GROVESTEEN & CO.,
Piano Forte Manufacturers,
499 Broadway, New York.

THESE PIANOS received the High-
est Award of Merit at the World's
Fair, over the best makers from London, Paris,
Germany, the cities of New York, Philadel-
phia, Baltimore and Boston; also, the Gold
Medal at the American Institute, for FIVE
SUCCESSIVE YEARS!! Our Pianos con-
tain the French Grand Action, Harp Pedal,
Overstrung Bass, Full Iron Frame, and all
Modern Improvements. Every Instrument
warranted FIVE years! Made under the
supervision of Mr. J. H. GROVE-
STEEN, who has a practical experience of
over thirty-five years, and is the maker of
over eleven thousand piano-fortes. Our facili-
ties for manufacturing enables us to sell these
instruments from \$100 to \$200 cheaper than
than any first class piano forte. H. & P.
Dec. 8, 1866

LONGSTREET ACADEMY.
THE exercises of the next session
of this institution, located at Davis-
ville, Calhoun County, under the
superintendence of Rev. R. G. Ru-
gan, will commence on the first Mon-
day of Feb. 1867. Both male and female pu-
pils will be received, at the following rates
per term of eight months:
1st Class, \$16 3d Class, \$32
2d " " 24 4th " 40
Board can be obtained in good families at
about \$10 or \$12 per month
Jan. 12, 1867.

O. P. HILL

Has his Books and Accounts at R. B. Kyle's
New Store.
All persons indebted to him will please
come forward and settle by cash or note.
Gadsden Ala. 1867.

SPLENDID HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

GOLD AND SILVER!

FINANCIAL CRISIS
compel us to sell
In the Course of Six months,
\$25,000.....\$25,000

WORTH OF
**Watches, Clocks, Chains, Diamond
Rings, Pianos, Melodions, Sewing
Machines, Silver ware, &c.**

**ALL TO BE DISPOSED OF AT
ONE DOLLAR EACH.**
Without regard to value. And not to be
paid for until you know what you
are to receive.

After receiving the article, if it does not
please you, you can return it and your
money will be refunded.

THE STOCK COMPRAHES, amongst other articles,
Splendid Clocks, Gold and Silver Watch-
es, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls,
Garnet and other Stones, (solitaires and in clus-
ters.) Ladies' sets of Jewelry, comprising Pins
and Ear Rings of the most fashionable styles,
set in Precious Stones of every variety, togeth-
er with a large assortment of Gold and Emme-
lled and Pearl Sets, Gold Studs and Sleeve
Buttons of the most beautiful patterns, Gents
Bosom and Scarf Pins, and an endless variety
of Bracelets, Chains, Musical Boxes, Head
Dresses, Combs, Charms, &c.

In consequence of the great stagnation of
trade in the Manufacturing districts of France
and England, a large quantity of valuable
Jewelry, originally intended for the European
market, has been sent off for sale in this
country, and must be sold at very sacrificed
Under these circumstances the "WATCH &
GOLD JEWELRY CO." have resolved upon

AN APPORTIONMENT!
subject to the following regulations.
Certificates of the various articles, without
regard to choice or value are first put into en-
velopes, sealed up and mixed; and, when op-
erated, are taken out by a blindfolded boy,
and sent by mail, thus giving all a fair chance.
On receipt of the Certificate, you will see
what you are to have, and then it is at your
option to send the dollar and take the article
or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Piano,
Melodion, Sewing Machine, Gold Watch, Dia-
mond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on our List
for One Dollar.

NO BLANKS.

SEND 25 CENTS FOR A CERTIFICATE.
In all transactions by mail we shall charge
for forwarding the certificates, paying postage
and doing the business 25 cent each, which
must be enclosed when the certificate is sent
for. Five certificates will be sent for \$1, ele-
ven for \$2, thirty for \$5, sixty-five for \$10,
and 100 for \$15.

AGENTS—We want agents in every town
and county in the country, and those acting
as such will be allowed ten cents on every Cer-
tificate ordered by them provided their remit-
tance amounts to \$1. Agents will collect 25
cents for every certificate, and remit 15 cents
to us, either in cash or postage stamps. A-
gents remitting at once \$30, will be entitled
to a beautiful Silver Hunting Case, Patent Le-
ver Watch and 200 certificates.

Please write your Name, Town, County &
State, plainly, and address all orders to
Watch and Gold Jewelry Company,
55 Liberty Street, New York

Assembling of the Legislature.

The Legislature, which meets to-day,
receives our warmest welcome to Mont-
gomery. The noble stand which it took
at the last session, in vindication of the
honor of Alabama, and in repudiation
of an odious proposition, alike repug-
nant to our pride and dangerous to lib-
erty, has met the approbation of the
State. The press and the people have,
with remarkable unanimity, during the
vacation, expressed themselves as unal-
terably opposed to any further enlarge-
ment of Federal power by consent of the
State. Upon this question there has
been no division upon the line of ancient
and diluvian parties but those who were
Union men and those who were seces-
sionists, Douglas, Bell and Breckinridge
men, all stand opposed to the arrogant
demand of faction, upon which the Su-
preme Court has set its broad foot.

Let us still stand firm! Our sister
States of the South and border are look-
ing to us, and asking each other through
the press, whether the land of Dixon
Lewis, Belser, Rufus King and Yan-
cey, the land of Roddey, Lomax, Bel-
lock, Baine, Saunders and Pelham,
men who lived for principle and died for
country, will still be the land of men who
may submit to the loss of a right, but
never to acquiescence in a wrong.

The Legislature has important work
before it. The acceptance of the new
code—the adoption of a system by
which our Railroads may be aided
through the credit of the State, without
detriment to our finances—the consid-
eration of a new common school plan up-
on the basis of the Prussian or Massa-
chusetts system—the adoption of mea-
sures by which the State may advance
mining and manufacturing interests—
are all matters of supreme and instant
importance, which will doubtless de-
mand the earnest attention of our legis-
lators. Much may be done to invite
foreign and stimulate domestic enter-
prise, and we are confident that the Leg-
islature will leave nothing undone to
advance the welfare of the people.
Mont. Mail.

THE MEXICAN BORDER.

Movements of Hostile Factions.

The Whole Border Alarmed.

SOUTHWEST Pass, Jan. 10.—The
steam ship Austin, Capt. S. T. Austin,
has arrived here from Brazos Santiago,
the 7th inst.—The Picayune's corre-
spondent sends this dispatch:

Brownsville, Jan. 7.—Affairs on the
Mexican border, military and political
stand thus to-day:
San Luis Potosi has been evacuated
by the Imperialists under Gen. Mejia,
and occupied by the Liberals.
Gen. Canales and his band are at San
Fernando, defying all authority. Gen.
Ortega is with him.

Cortina and his party are but a short
distance outside of Matamoros. They
are ostensibly for Juarez, but obeying
no one.

Gen. Berriozabal, the Juarez Govern-
or of the State of Tamaulipas, holds
the city of Matamoros.

General Pavon, of the liberal party,
holds the city of Tampico and neigh-
boring country.

Peace is said to reign, but war is
rampant, and all parties and factions are
hostile to each other.

Cortina threatens to move on Mata-
moros to capture it, and his coming is
expected. The guns of the forts are
trained to repel him.

Gen. Escobedo is in Monterey, well
and commanding.

The confiscation decree recently is-
sued by Juarez is alarming the whole
country. His political stock is sinking
and the Imperial is no better.

The same is the case with Ortega, and
the whole of Mexico is in a worse condi-
tion than a long time before.

The Brownsville Courier, of the 6th
inst., says:

Things were quiet in the Heroic City
yesterday. No new development in
reference to Cortina nor his whereabouts
definitely known. He is thought to be
at some point on the San Fernando road;
he has been directed by Gen. Berriozab-
el, in whose command he is to proceed
to Victoria, but has returned no answer
to the order sent him, and his intentions
are not known, though naturally enough
the worst is feared. Nothing further
in reference to Canales, though there
would seem to be little doubt that he
has declared for Ortega. In the mean
time there has been no trouble upon the
roads leading into the interior, are feel-
ing of security pervades the communi-
ty.

CANALES.—We were informed, last
evening, that this reliable chieftain
had pronounced for Jesus Gonzalez Or-
tega. He was, at the time, at San An-
drea de Jimenes, a small place some fif-
teens from Soto la Marina, on the road
to Victoria.

His intentions are unknown, but if
his new friend, Cortina, is made Govern-

nor of Tamaulipas, we may expect to see
him once more upon this border.

A stige left Matamoros, on the 7th,
for Monterey. Connections are made
with stages for San Luis, City of Mexi-
co, and all points in the interior of Mex-
ico.

THE CRETAN TRAGEDY.

**A Monastery Blown up by the Gar-
rison.**

Arkadi is a monastery which dates
its foundation 800 years ago, the present
building having been built by the Vene-
tians nearly three centuries since, and
so strong that it was impregnable dur-
ing the previous wars of Venetian and
Turk, and Turk and Christian, even
through the Greek war of independence.
It is situated in the midst of a beautiful
plain, at the foot of the slopes of Mount
Ida, to the villages in which, some half
dozen in number, it furnished protection
in danger and assistance in want. It
was distinguished among Cretan monas-
teries for the extent of its charities and
beneficence.

It was at times the headquarters of
the Cretan Committee, and of the vol-
unteers under Coronos, and in accord-
ance with the policy of the day, its de-
struction was determined on, and that of
Coroncos and his little army, it was
hoped, at the same time. Mustapha
Pasha set out from Retimo, only a few
hours march from Arkadi, the 18th of
November, and arriving at night enter-
ed the monastery unperceived. There
were in it only the priests and the fami-
lies of the villagers in number 540
soulds, of whom 343 were women and
children. Some attempted to escape,
but finding retreat cut off, returned to
the convent, preferring to share the re-
sult of the fight to be taken prisoners.

The forces of the Pasha were about 12,-
000 men, to meet whose attacks the
Christians had less than 200 priests and
fathers of the families mostly. They
declined to surrender, and finding that
any attempt at escalation or surprise was
useless, the Pasha sent to Retimo for
artillery, which was sent him, the next
day he sent for reinforcements and more
guns, so that at last he had 26 guns and
two mortars, minus three guns burst,
and 16,000 men.

The convent having been cut off from
communication with the mountains, no
news could be sent to Coroncos, who
was absent on an expedition, and there
was no hope of relief from such an over-
whelming number if he had come.—

Three days the 200 heroes fought the
battle of despair, firing from windows
and loopholes so energetically and obsti-
nately that the Turks speak of it as like
an European battle, the like of which
was never seen in Crete. The third day
a breach was effected at the great portal
and an assault made, the Arnauts and
Cretan Mussulmans in advance. The
gate opens with a large court around
which are arranged the cells and rooms
of the monastic establishment, and to
these the Christians withdrew when the
troops had effected an entrance, and
kept up the fire from the doors and win-
dows on the enemy, who was pushed in
in increasing masses. At this time
some participants say that a small mine
or magazine exploded, killing about 150
of the troops, who recoiled and left the
place in a panic, but were ordered in
again, and the fight in the court was
kept up six hours, they say, from the
time the breach was entered. The
ground of the court was covered with
the Turkish killed and wounded, but
the Christians too wasted away, and fi-
nally seeing all to be lost, and longer
resistance impossible, some of the com-
batants embraced in farewell, and stab-
bed each other; the Heguminoas Gabriel,
fighting to the last moment, blew out
his own brains when he found that the
Turks were about to take him. The
rest, retreating to the great tower of
the Heguminoas, where were most of the
women and children, and under which
was the powder magazine, determined
to perish together rather than submit to
the brutalities and outrages of the Turks
and fired the magazine, all being de-
stroyed, with all the troops in the vicin-
ity.—In a distant room were 39 sick
and wounded men and 61 women and
children who escaped the explosion. One
priest of a neighboring convent,
who had surrendered to the Pasha and
received protection from him, was mur-
dered by the Egyptians, incarnate
fiends, who spare nothing that is Chris-
tian.

The survivors, except six who were
shot down in cold blood because they
had European costumes on, were, by a
mercy without parallel in the whole war
made prisoners, and led, with insults
and abuse, to Retimo, where many of
them arrived half dead, the stronger
carrying the children, of whom many
were infants, left orphans by the disas-
ter; some only three or four months
old.

After the fighting was all over, the
Cretan Mussulmans with lighted tapers
went among the dead to see if any
Christian still breathed, and all who

Senator Gose, from the Ohio District, West Tennessee, was assassinated on the 14th, near his residence in Ohio. The cause is an old political grudge as is supposed. A son of Mr. G. was killed last summer through mistake for his father. The same parties are suspected of both murders. No arrests. Mr. C. was a Radical.

The Cotton Trade—Prospects of High Prices.

A New Orleans correspondent of the Memphis Avalanche says:

"The half of the cotton that will pass through this city has been received. Many persons estimate the receipts at two thirds of the full amount. The favorable freight advices of the past few days have produced a lively market, and increased the activity of change and general transactions on Canal street. A new philosophy seems to have entered into the spirit of calculation here, within the last few days. Jaw work the impression prevailed that cotton would not go beyond thirty-five cents at any time; now the idea obtains that it will reach forty cents or more before next Spring. You may have noticed the reason of this in the advices from India. The Bombay planters have determined to pull the English market. Factors there are standing aside, quietly awaiting a collapse in the recent extravagant prices of Eastern cotton. That the India cotton crop has largely failed; was owing to easily recognized causes. Last year the enormous prices that ruled for all classes of cotton, induced every one to plant that staple. This was done to the utter neglect of rice and other cereals, the production of which is absolutely necessary to the sustenance of that people. Having thus neglected to provide for living, famine ensued, and as a consequence of this, the laborers, on cotton plantations had to abandon the fields. Many thousands died. The crop was lost for want of irrigation. A short and comparatively small crop of Egyptian and India cotton is the result. To make up the requisite supply for the use of consumption, all the cotton in America will be required, and then the amount will not nearly equal the demand. The supply being short and the demand absolute and large, prices must reach much greater figures. However, it will be prudent for those of our people who can retain their cotton for a few months, to do so."

The Indestructibility of Great Truths.

Hon. Jere Black, Attorney General of the United States during the Administration of Mr. Buchanan, made a few remarks at the 8th of January banquet at Washington, which are worthy of attention. He always speaks well, but he never spoke better than when he said that "a great truth, on which the safety of society and the security of individual rights must depend, is in its nature indestructible. You may crush it to-day, but it will reappear and vindicate itself to-morrow. On the other hand, nothing is so evanescent or so fickle as the passions that spring from the interests and the prejudices of the hour. Let the lessons of history be heeded. Thus Oates, Bedford, and Dandridge, enjoyed a far greater measure of popular confidence than ever was bestowed on Mr. Holt, Mr. Conover, Mr. Campbell, alias Hoares, or by all the officers, agents, spies, delators, and witnesses of the military bureau put together. They—I mean Oates and company—were loudly applauded in Parliament; they were former favorites of the British people, and they were the very darlings of all the political preachers. They held the life and honor of the nation in their hands. If they but pointed a finger at an individual he was doomed, no proof of innocence, however clear, could save him from destruction. Such was their overflowing prosperity one year; but before the next came round those wretched miscreants were howling at the cart's tail, under the lash of the public executioner, and the whole of London was clapping its hands with joy. Let the man who puts his trust in a false popularity beware of the rebound which is sure to come, sooner or later. It is written down among the unchangeable decrees of Almighty God that no tie shall live forever; and especially is this true of a great, monstrous, body lie like this which the Supreme Court has put its broad foot upon."

Legislative Summary.

In the Senate committees were appointed to apportion the State into Senatorial districts, and to investigate the condition of the State offices at the Capitol. On the call of districts, bills were introduced, to incorporate the Memphis and Elyton Road; to enlarge the powers of Chancellors in cases of extraordinary process.

The House resolution extending the session beyond the prescribed time was concurred in.

In the House a variety of bills were introduced on the call of the counties, many being of a special character. Among others, bills were referred, otherwise disposed of, to define the duties of Judges of Probate and Justices, in cases of vagrancy; to authorize liens on homesteads and other property; to substitute 1863 in lieu of 1867 in Section 44, of the Revenue Law; to amend Section 9 of that law; to aid and encourage agriculture in Alabama; several bills introduced in the early part of the session were taken up as special orders including the joint memorial to Congress to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy, which was referred to Committee on Federal Relations; the bill to protect crops and in relation to fences was recommitted. The bill to repeal Section 1556 of the Code so as to allow assignments to preferred creditors, was ordered to a third reading to-day.

The Judiciary committee reported an exemption bill, which is the special order for Monday next.—Advertiser 18th.

Legislative Summary.

In the House, the regular order of business—the call of the counties for new bills and resolutions—was suspended in order to receive reports from standing committees.

The session of the day was exclusively occupied in reports from the Judiciary Committee, most of which were reported back to the House adversely, and the reports sustained. At the time of adjournment, the bill to regulate the sale of real estate was under discussion, which will be resumed to-day. The bill provides that no sale of real estate under execution shall be valid unless it brings at least three-fourths of its appraised value. Failing to bring this much, the Sheriff is required to make return accordingly, when twelve months must intervene before a second sale.

The Senate was chiefly engaged in the discussion on the bill to establish a conventional rate of interest, which was the most important matter up. Bills were introduced to amend the New Orleans and Chattanooga R. R. act, to add additional sections; to organize another Chancery Division; to approve the consolidation of the Dalton and Jacksonville Rail Road, &c.—Advertiser 19th.

The Legislature.

The most important measure before the Senate yesterday, was a resolution looking to State aid to Manufactures in Alabama. The resolution, as adopted, instructs the committee on Internal Improvements to inquire into the expediency of affording State aid to companies that are now, or may hereafter be engaged in the manufacture of cotton, wool and iron, in this State, and report at an early day. It is to be hoped that the able and experienced Committee, to which this resolution of Col. Powell has been referred, will give it that serious, liberal, and wise consideration which the important measure demands. To ensure the future prosperity of Alabama, it is also wisely necessary that the Legislature should adopt some wise, safe and liberal system of Manufactures and Internal Improvements, and we have little doubt but what a law of this character will be passed before adjournment.—Mail 24th.

MARRIED.—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 24th inst., by E. T. Regal, Wm. M. Dale and Miss Elizabeth H. Green. All of the poor county, Ala.

LIBRARY SOCIETY.—At a recent meeting of this society the subscription committee was appointed to make known that the society stands early in need of a good library, and being unable to purchase one, pressed a resolution requiring each member to contribute one or more volumes, which resolution is now being complied with.

The committee is requested also to state, that a donation of this kind, made by any of the citizens of this community will be thankfully received. It is hoped they will favor the institution by such contributions.

All who are disposed to contribute will please place the volumes, with their names, in the hands of H. A. Woods, or Mr. John M. Caldwell, Librarian.

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B. D. McCLAREN, } Com.

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A LECTURE on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Syphilis, or Venereal Disease, its Involuntary Existence, Scars, Ulcers, and Impediments to Marriage, especially Nervousness, Consumption, Emphysema, and Physical Impairment, resulting from self-abuse, &c.—By ROBERT J. C. VERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, blisters, or any mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

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Fair Notice

If those who are indebted to us, do not come forward and make good arrangements by paying or otherwise by the 1st of March next, we will be compelled to place their Names and Accounts in the hands of an officer for collection.

S. J. & J. W. WHATLEY.
Jan. 12, 1867.

WM. L. CAIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Gadsden Alabama. Having practiced for Twenty-five years in Cherokee and surrounding counties, will continue his profession in Bain, Calhoun, St. Clair, De Kalb and Cherokee counties.

Look, Here!

THIS is the Second Call. Will you, CAN YOU, disregard it? Come then, and make payment at once These NEW DEBTS, must be paid promptly.

Respectfully,
E. L. WOODWARD.
January 19th, 1867.

NOTICE.

PERSONS holding County Claims up to No. 379 in the year 1865 will be paid upon presentation to the undersigned.

L. W. CANNON, Co. Tr.
Jan. 19, 1867.

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

The exercises of this new, useful, and important institution will commence on the first Monday in March, 1867, provided as many as desire students are obtained in time to make the necessary preparation, though twenty or more are desired to complete the School.

The course of instruction will embrace Penmanship—Book-keeping, double and single entry—a perfect course in Arithmetic, including all commercial calculations—Lectures on Commercial Law, &c.

Young men and youths desiring to attend the first and opening session, will please advise me very soon in person, or if residing at a distance, by letter. They will have ample time to make all necessary arrangements to come. Any who may desire to board themselves could doubtless get a room, or rooms here very low.

Those who enter at the commencement of the session, will stand a fair chance to graduate at its close, and if they do, I am satisfied they will afterwards find that they would not have missed it for five hundred dollars or more; for there is no doubt that it will enable them to command a salary of from \$1,000 to \$1,500 the first year. One object is to fit them for the most, easiest and best paying situations in the catalogue of business.

Knowing as I do, the importance and good results of such an institution, I regard the question and urge it upon you, not alone for a school, or for the good which will result to those who attend it, but for the good which will be found and established in the institution, so that it may be permanent, and continually increase in popularity and usefulness, to those attending in after years. Don't let the little sum of fifty dollars deter you, as you can make them in one month or less, after the session ends, if you seek a situation.

Senior or Graduating Class, per session of 5 months, \$50 00
Junior class per session of 5 mo's 40 00
Senior or Graduating class, 24 mo's 30 00
Junior class, 24 months, 25 00
J. L. SWAN, Principal.
Jacksonville, Jan. 19, 1867.

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420 Broome St., N. Y.

We would call the attention of the public and the trade to our elegant New Scale Pianos in the following styles:

STYLE A, 7 octave Front large round corners, plain case, either octagon or carved legs, straight bottom, hand upholding, on plinth \$450
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STYLE D, 7 octave, Four large round corners, finished back, mouldings on rim and plinth, serpentine bottom, carved lyre and desk, elegant carved fruit legs \$600

The above styles are all finished in elegant rosewood case and have the full iron frame. French action, early pedal, leveled top, ivory keys and key frames, and exceed in over-trussing, nearly all the 7 octave Pianos now manufactured. They are made of the best materials, and for finish, durability, purity and sweetness of tone, cannot be surpassed. We invite the attention of the public, of dealers and the profession, to a critical examination of the merits of our Pianos.

By avoiding the great expenses attendant upon costly factories and expensive warehouses, we are enabled to offer these Pianos at prices which defy competition, and invite all to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. Parties ordering from a distance can rely upon receiving their Pianos promptly, and no confusion can arise as the styles are so distinctly designated by the letters A B C D.

The four styles described above, embody all the essential changes in exterior finish of cases, which are by many manufacturers run up to 15 and 20 patterns.

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The long experience of our Mr. PERKINS in Musical Conventions, Choirs, the Concert Room and Sunday-School, enables him to give advice and information on all points of musical interest as to the selection of proper work of instruction, formation of musical schools—progress in musical studies and terms of general interest to composers, leader teachers and students.

Sheet Music furnished on the usual terms, with promptness and dispatch. Country orders solicited, and selections made for pupils, teachers, concerts, &c., &c., &c.

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The New Sunday School Singing Book, "THE GOLDEN PROMISE,"
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We will send a specimen copy, post paid, to any address on receipt of twenty cents. The price of "The Golden Promise" is as follows: Single copies, in paper \$0.30
Single copies in board covers, \$0.35
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Stall's Unrivalled Piano Polish.
Just introduced, and being adopted by all leading houses in the manufacture of Pianos, Organs, Billiard Tables, furniture, &c., &c. Every one who has a Piano should have a bottle of this Polish. Send for Circulars, and we will give full particulars and directions. Applications for Territory and Agencies received by BROWN & PERKINS, General Agents for the United States, 420 Broome St., N. Y.

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Nov. 3, 1866—3m.

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Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
Water Street No. 6,
SELMA, ALA.

WEAVER & KITCHEN,
GROCERS
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET—SELMA, ALA.
Have control of a good brick Warehouse, constantly under guard, for the storage of Cotton and other Produce.
Liberal advances made on Cotton for Shipment or Sale.

JAN. E. MOORE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
Patent Medicines, Perfumery,
FANCY GOODS, PAINTS,
Oils, Window Glass, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.
No. 10, Broad Street,
SELMA, ALA.
Nov. 3, 1866—6m.

G. J. THOMAS,
GROCER
AND
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
Opposite the Gee House.
I am connected with this house, and will at all times be pleased to see my old friends and customers and renew their trade.
T. W. STREET.

PRIVETT & CROSWELL
Receiving and Forwarding
MERCHANTS,
HEAD OF CITY WHARF,
SELMA, ALA.
July 21, 1866—6m.

H. ROSSER & MOREY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.
Agents for the Sale of Western Produce.
Will keep constantly on hand—Cats, Bacon, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses and all articles usually kept in a First Class Grocery establishment, which we sell upon the most accommodating terms.
Nov. 3, 1866—6m.

ARNER WILLIAMS,
COTTON FACTOR,
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchant,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
Will advance BAGGING & ROPE to his patrons.
A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Office over Agce. Wilson & Co's Warehouse, Water Street.

WHITE & PHARES,
SELMA, ALA.
COMMISSION, AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
WE have Storage for 1600 BALES of FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE.
And make liberal advances on consignment.
Mr. E. L. WOODWARD of Jacksonville is our Agent, and all orders left with him for the purchase and shipment of Corn, Oats, Hay, Bacon, lard, Sugar, Coffee, &c. will have our prompt attention.
April 7, 1866. WHITE & PHARES.

J. A. CURRY & CO.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
Central Warehouse Building,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
We have good Brick Warehouses constantly under guard for the storage of Cotton and other produce consigned to us.

HARDIE & ROBINSON,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
23 & 25 Broad St. (UP STAIRS.)
SELMA, ALA.
We respectfully invite consignments of Cotton, Flour or other produce intended for sale in our market, or for shipment to Mobile, New Orleans or New York, upon which we are prepared to make liberal cash advances. Also to furnish Bagging and Rope or Iron Ties.
Our old friends will find us ready to serve them faithfully, efficiently and honestly.
Address HARDIE & ROBINSON,
23 & 25 Broad Street
SELMA, ALA.
Sept 16—4m

Saddlery, Harness, &c.
SMITH, MOTES & CO.
Central City Insurance Building,
SELMA, ALA.
MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN
SADDLES,
HARNESS, &c.
Respectfully call the attention of all parties to their large stock of saddles, harness, &c. the best assortment ever offered in this market. We are constantly receiving new additions, thus proving that we have nothing untried to please the fancy of all.
SMITH, MOTES & CO.
Selma, Ala., May 26, 1866

LUNDIE & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO W. V. LUNDIE.)
COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
OFFICE—BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.
Special attention given to the sale and shipment of Cotton, on which we will pay freight, charges, and Reserve Tax.
Orders for the purchase of Groceries and other articles promptly filled, when accompanied with the Cash or City Acceptance.

REFERENCES:
M. J. A. Keith & Co., Selma, Ala.; Gen. J. G. L. Huey, Talladega, Ala.; J. W. Lapey, Selma, Ala.; A. M. Goodwin, Selma, Ala.; Walker, Reynolds, Alpine, Ala.; John A. Winston & Co., Mobile, Ala.; Hon. T. A. Walker, Jacksonville, Ala.; Jurey & Harris, New Orleans, La.; E. C. Hanson, Montgomery, Ala.
Jan. 27, 1866. E. JOHNSON

MIRRE & JOHNSON,
STAPLE & FANCY
DRY GOODS,
Gentlemen's Clothing,
BOOTS, SHOES,
HARDWARE &c.
BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.
Are receiving daily from New York large additions of Winter Goods.

J. G. BELL & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
Special attention given to the Sale & Shipment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully solicited.
Sent 8 1866

N. D. JOHNSON & CO.,
(Successors to L. W. Pettibone.)
STORAGE, RECEIVING, FORWARDING
AND
Commission Merchants,
Selma, Alabama.
Having leased the New, FIRE-PROOF COTTON WAREHOUSE, with in a few yards of the Depot, we are prepared to Receive, Store, Forward, or Sell, all consignments with which we may be favored, on the most favorable terms.
Merchants and Planters will readily perceive that we possess unequalled advantages in the receiving and shipment of Cotton, and in the receiving and forwarding of Goods, being able to economize in wharfage, drayage and handling of Goods. With these advantages, pledging our best efforts in the interests of our patrons, we respectfully solicit consignments.
Sept. 22—1y. N. D. JOHNSON & CO.

NEW HOTEL.
TROUP HOUSE.
Northeast corner Water and Lauderdale sts., opposite Daniel, Esbridge & Sturdivant.
SELMA, ALABAMA.
THIS house is now open for the reception of the travelling public. Satisfaction to every one guaranteed.
April 14. E. T. STURDIVANT.
BLANK DEEDS,
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.



POETRY.

The Song of the Camp.

A CRIMEAN INCIDENT.

BY BAYARD TAYLOR.

"Give us a song?" the soldiers cried,
The outer trenches guarding,
When the heated guns of the camps allied
Got weary of bombarding.

The dark Redan in silent scoff,
Lay grim and threatening under;
And the wavy mound on the Malakoff
No longer belched its thunder.

There was a pause. The guardsman said—
"We storm the forts to-morrow;
Sing while we may, another day
Will bring enough of sorrow."

They lay 'long the battery's side,
Below the smoking cannon—
Brave hearts from Severn and from Clyde,
And from the banks of Shannon.

They sang of love, and not of fame;
Forgot was Britain's glory;
Each heart recalled a different name,
But all sang "Annie Laurie."

Voice after voice caught up the song,
Until its tender passion
Rose like an anthem, quick and strong—
Their battle-ere confession.

Dear girl, her name he dated not speak,
Yet, as the song grew louder,
Something upon the soldier's cheek
Washed off the stains of powder.

Beyond the darkening ocean burned
The bloody sunset's embers;
While the Crimean valleys learned
How English love remembers.

And once again a fire of hell
Rained on the Russian quarters;
With scream of shot and burst of shell,
And bellying of mortars.

And Irish Nora's eyes are dim
For a singer, dumb and gory;
And English Mary-Anne's for him
Who sang of "Annie Laurie."

Oh! soldiers, to your honored rest,
Your truth and valor bearing;
The bravest are the tenderest,
The loving are the daring.

The Wellsville, Ohio, Union says that a field of six acres of corn, in that county, produced over two hundred bushels to the acre. The corn is a new variety, some of the ears measuring twelve inches in length, and nine in circumference.

A PRESIDENTIAL TICKET.—A writer in the Rockville (Md) Sentinel suggests Gen. Grant for President and Gen. Lee for Vice President of the United States to be run as the National Union candidates.

A letter from Leavenworth of the 4th says from all accounts the troops so horribly massacred by Indians were en route to Fort Laramie for escort duty, and after marching a sufficient distance from Fort Phil Kearney to prevent the successful escape of any of the party, the Indians, who had been notified of their departure by squaws and spies at that post, followed the command, and while they were peacefully reposing from the fatigues of march, surprised them just before daylight and butchered the whole party. From present indications the most extensive Indian war ever known on this continent will be inaugurated as soon as the requisite amount of troops can be forwarded to the scene of action.

The LaCrosse Democrat, of the 11th, publishes copies of letters just unearthed at Washington, under the signatures of Major Generals Sherman, Steele and Weitzel, in which they give to Lieutenant Colonel H. R. H. Melver, of the Mexican Republic, while on service on the Texas frontier, authority to raise troops and arms in the United States for Mexico to prosecute the war against Napoleon. They also openly violate the neutrality laws by giving warrants for piracy, and transportation to Mexican troops, against our stipulations of neutrality with France and Austria. The publication of these important letters explains the cause of our trouble with France. Copies of these letters have been received by Napoleon. In this matter, not only the Generals named, but also the President and Secretary Seward are implicated.

The Point of Danger is Passed!

The Supreme Court of the United States has again advanced in the esteem of law abiding citizens. It declares in the *Garland* case that the President's pardon carries with it immunity for the past, and places the recipient in his ancient status as a citizen, with all the rights, privileges and defenses which pertain to any other "loyal" citizen. It has vindicated the American name by shielding with the law every citizen, whatever may have been his offence, who has been pardoned in accordance with law. This righteous decision removes all danger of disfranchisement of any citizen who has been pardoned, and leaves the status of the South in the political control of the white element. We are safe, therefore, from the assaults of Congress, unless the revolutionists strike down the Supreme Court, or unless we strike down ourselves, in the disfranchisement of our best citizens by accepting the amendment. The moment the Supreme Court is violently destroyed, or the President is violently removed, that moment comes the deluge! The Radicals are not yet ready for the deluge. The point of danger is passed.

The Supreme Court says: "This Court is not the register of the edicts of any other power." This is a most significant declaration and means nothing less than that Congress cannot trammel or override the law so long as the Supreme Court remains one of the sovereign, coordinate branches of the Government.

The case of *Garland* was that of an Attorney applying for leave to practice his profession in the United States Courts without taking the iron clad oath prescribed by Congress. The Court decides that he may do so, and denies the right of Congress to impose any such oath. But the Court goes further in the case of *Cummings* and decides that the iron-clad oath prescribed by the State of Missouri for Ministers of the Gospel as a condition precedent to exercising their sacred calling, is unconstitutional and not to be imposed. The decision in this case affects us more nearly than the decision in the former case. It goes to the root of the question, whether a bogus State government, established in Alabama or any other Southern State, may disfranchise a citizen by imposition of test oaths and other *ex post facto* proceedings. The Supreme Court says that it cannot do so, and hence implies that if a bogus set of adventurers are placed over us by the tyranny of the Radicals, we may vote them all out, if we please, and vote ourselves in. It will be seen, therefore, that our right to vote, and the right of a majority of voters to control the political affairs of the State cannot be taken from us. The Supreme Court says it cannot; the President says it shall not. Will the Legislature of Alabama, by adopting the Amendment, say it may? We believe not!

Montgomery Mail.

Ala. & Tenn. River Railroad.

Col. John W. Lapsley, who recently returned from the North, where he has been on business, accompanied by Mr. Breed, the leasee of the Alabama and Tennessee Rivers Railroad, addressed the Chamber of Commerce at Selma last week. He says Mr. Breed obtained planks of \$150,000 per month for the work of extending the road to Dalton; and that there is now no doubt that the road will be finished inside of the time—forty months—contracted for. Mr. Lapsley said this was but the entering wedge of grander enterprises of a similar character emanating from Selma.

Selma Paper.

From the special correspondent of the N. O. Times, at Washington, we learn that the Judiciary Committee, to whom was referred the resolution of Mr. Ashley for the impeachment of the President, have arrived at the conclusion that there is not sufficient ground upon which to base a bill of impeachment. The general impression is, that unless some of the numerous smelling committees now out, find better foundations for the charges preferred, the committee will drop the whole matter.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,
Wholesale and Retail,
501 Broadway, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of photographic materials we are Headquarters for the following:

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR.
From negatives made in the various campaigns and forming a complete photographic history of the great conflict.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS.
Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties from 25 cents to \$250 each. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, Statesmen, Actors, etc. etc.

Our Catalogue embraces over five thousand different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent of the amount with their order.

The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. Nov. 10, '86—2m.

AM ARTISTS' UNION.
AGENTS WANTED.

RELIABLE and energetic persons, male or female, are wanted to solicit subscriptions for our Engravings, and to such we offer very liberal cash inducements, also *plum* presents to subscribers. Circulars suitable to be used in canvassing, together with all necessary papers, will be furnished on application. Address, with reference,

AMERICAN ARTISTS' UNION,
25 Pine Street, New York.

MISS SNOW'S SCHOOL,
Talladega, Ala.

Is at present in successful operation. The Literary, Music and Art Departments are under the supervision of efficient Teachers.

Mrs. M. A. Barclay, a lady well known for her superior skill in the government of girls, will accommodate as boarders, any who may desire to attend this school.

The present session will close the last of June.
Tuition payable in advance. Jan. 12.

MARENGO NURSERY.

R. J. MANNING has on hand a large and fine stock of fruit trees, and for sale, as good, if not the best fruit in the South. Apples, Pears and Peaches, ripening from June to November.

GRAPE VINES, the most choice kinds. Nectarines, Plums, Pecan Trees—almost any thing you may wish in the line of Fruits, carefully labelled and sent to any applicant. Cash accompanying orders of course.

Rev. S. G. JENKINS is my authorized Agent.
R. J. MANNING,
Demopolis, Ala., Oct. 13, 1886.—4m.

School Notice.

The exercises of the School under the control of the undersigned, will be resumed Jan. 31st, 1887.
No change in terms—clever industrious boys studied received.
Tuition due on the last day of the term.
D. F. SMITH.
Dec. 16.

Great Distribution

BY THE
American Jewelers' Association
Depots: 37 & 39 Nassau, 54, 56 & 58 Liberty St.,
NEW YORK CITY.

Of Rosewood Pianos and Melodeons, Fine Oil Paintings, Engravings, Silver Ware and Watches, and Elegant Jewelry, consisting of Diamond Pins, Diamond Rings, Gold Bracelets, Coral, Florentine, Mosaic, Jet, Lava, and Cameo Lad's Sets, Gold Pens, with Gold and Silver Extension Holders, Sleeve Buttons, Sets of Studs, Vest and Neck Chains, Plain and Chased Gold Chains, &c., &c., valued at

\$1,000,000, FOR ONE DOLLAR.

which they need not pay until it is known what is drawn and its value.
THE AMERICAN JEWELERS' ASSOCIATION calls your attention to the fact of its being the largest and most popular jewelry Association in the United States. The business is and always has been conducted in the most candid and honorable manner. Our rapidly increasing trade is a sure guarantee of the appreciation of our patrons for this method of obtaining rich, elegant and costly goods. The sudden stagnation of trade in Europe, owing to the late German War and recent disastrous financial crisis in England, has caused the failure of a large number of jewelry houses in London and Paris, obliging them to sell their goods at a great sacrifice, in some instances less than one third the cost of manufacturing. We have lately purchased very large lots of these bankrupt goods at such extremely low prices, that we are enabled to send away Fine Goods and give greater inducements to draw the most valuable prizes than any other establishment drawing a similar business. OUR AIM IS TO PLEASE, and we respectfully solicit your patronage, as we are confident of giving the utmost satisfaction. During the past year we have forwarded a number of the most valuable prizes to all parts of the country. Those who patronize us will receive the full value of their money, as no article on our list is worth less than One Dollar, retail, and there are no blanks. Parties dealing with us may depend upon having prompt returns, and the article drawn will be immediately sent to any address by return mail or express.

The following parties have recently drawn valuable prizes from the American Jewelers' Association, and have kindly allowed the use of their names:
Charles J. Hunter, Esq., Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., Piano, value \$200; Miss Anna G. Yates, 52 St. Mark's Place, N. Y., Sewing Machine, value \$75; Brig. Gen. L. L. Hanson, U. S. V., Neshville, Tenn., Sewing Machine, value \$50; Miss Emma Hunter, 63 Front St., Harrisburg, Pa., Sewing Machine, value \$50; Lieut. Col. Walter C. Giddens, Quartermaster, Louisville, Kentucky, Gold Watch, value \$150; Wm. S. Haines, 247 King St., Charleston, S. C., Silver Watch, value \$50; Alexander Johnson, Esq., Editor *Shuck's Pioneer*, Muskegon, Minn., Ladies' Gilded Watch, value \$150; Samuel Lee, Esq., President Colorado and Red Bank Mining Company, San Francisco, Cal., Melodeon, value \$200; Aaron S. Long, Esq., President Elkhart College, Elkhart, Ind., Elkhart N. J., Diamond Pin, value \$200; B. M. Longstreet, Montgomery, Ala., Music Box, value \$75; Rev. Isaac Van Duzer, Albany, N. Y., Gold Lad's Ring Set, value \$300; Miss Clara Leeceger, Dayton, Ohio, Piano, value \$100, and Diamond Pin, value \$175.

Many names could be placed on the list, but we publish no names without permission. Our patrons are desired to send United States currency, when it is convenient.

PARTIAL LIST OF ARTICLES

TO BE
SOLD FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH
Without regard to value, and not to be paid for until you see what you are to receive:
15 Elegant Rosewood Pianos, \$200 to \$450
15 Elegant Melodeons, Rosewood Cases, 175 to 250
50 First Class Sewing Machines, 40 to 300
75 Fine Oil Paintings, 30 to 100
150 Fine Steel Engravings, framed, 20 to 30
50 Music Boxes, 25 to 40
150 Revolving Patent Castors, Silver, 20 to 40
50 Silver Fruit and Cake Baskets, 20 to 25
400 Sets of Tea and Table Spoons, 20 to 40
150 Gold Hunting Case Watches, warranted, 50 to 150
100 Diamond Rings, cluster & single stone, 75 to 200
175 Gold Watches, 85 to 150
300 Ladies Watches, 60 to 100
500 Silver Watches, 20 to 75
Diamond Pins, Brooches and Ear Drops, Ladies' Sets Gold and Coral, Jet and Gold, Florentine, Mosaic, Lava and Cameo, Sets of Studs, Vest and Neck Chains, Plain and Chased Gold Rings, Gold Thumbies, Lockets, New Sets of Belt Buckles, Gold Pens and Pencils, Fancy Work Boxes, Gold Pens with a large assortment of Fine Silver ware and Jewels of every description, of the best make & latest styles.

A chance to obtain any of the above Articles for ONE DOLLAR, by purchasing a sealed envelope for 25 cents.

Five Sealed Envelopes will be sent for \$1. Eleven for \$2; Thirty for \$5; Sixty-five for \$10; One Hundred for \$15.

Agents wanted everywhere.

Unequaled inducements offered to Ladies and Gentlemen who will act as such. Our descriptions, circulars will be sent on application. Distributions are made in the following manner:—Certificates naming each article & its value are placed in sealed envelopes, which are mailed. One of these envelopes containing the Certificate or Order for some article, will be delivered at our office, or sent by mail to any address, without regard to choice, on receipt of 25 cents.

On receiving the Certificate the purchaser will see what article it draws and its value, and can then send One Dollar, and receive the article named, or exchange any other one article on our list of the same value.

Purchasers of our *Sealed Envelopes* may, in this manner, obtain an article worth from one to five hundred dollars.

Long Letters are unnecessary. Have the kindness to write plain directions, and in choosing different articles from those drawn, mention the style desired.

*Orders for SEALED ENVELOPES must in every case be accompanied with the cash, with the name of the person sending, & Town, County and State plainly written.

Letters should be addressed to the Managers as follows:

SHERMAN, WATSON & CO.,
37 & 39, Nassau St., New York City

ROME STEAM ENGINE AND MACHINE WORKS, ROME, Ga.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Horizontal, Vertical and Portable

STEAM ENGINES.

From one to Five Hundred Horse Power

Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS.

Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks,

BLAST PIPES,

COTTON PRESSES,

SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR

Rolling Mills,

Blast Furnaces,

Railroads,

Saw & Grist-mills, &c

CASTINGS

Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight.

Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive and Car Axles;

Mining Machinery

For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;

Bridge-castings and Bolts;

All kinds of Machinery and

BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEX. BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, AND MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL.

Jas. Nobles, Jr., Thos. P. Mitchell, Cash.
JOHN W. NOBLE, Master Mechanic & Drafting Ink
Wm. Noble, George Noble,
SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent.
July 21, 1886.

Imperial Sewing Machine Co.

Principal Office, 616 Broadway, NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Machines. Empire Shuttle, Crank Motion Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered noiseless in action. Its motion being all positive, it is not liable to get out of order. It is the best Family Machine. Notice is called to our new and Improved Manufacturing Machine, for Patterns and Sheet and Shoe Fitters. Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given. No consignments made.

EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

NOTICE.

WHOEVER has a Book belonging to the Missouri Library, will please return it to me, at my office; or whoever knows where one of them is, will please inform me.

Jan. 12. D. P. FORNEY, Librarian.

RAILROAD LETTING.

Notice to Contractors

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the undersigned in Selma, Ala., until the 15th day of January, 1887, for the

Graduation, Masonry, Bridges and Furnishing the Cross Ties

For that part of the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad extending from Blue Mountain in Alabama to Rome in Georgia.

Plans, Profiles, Estimates and Specifications will be prepared and ready for inspection by the first day of January, 1887.

The work will embrace Earth and Rock Excavations, Embankments, Trestle & Howe Truss Bridges, first and second class and Rubble Masonry.

The right to reject all proposals not entirely satisfactory is reserved.

E. G. BARNEY,
Supt and Agent for Lessee.

Dec. 15, 1886.

In Chancery

Sabrina Buttram et al. vs. At Rules before the Court, the Register of the

Mancheville & Stewart, 36th Dist. Perihem and others.

THIS day came the complaint by her Solicitor M. J. Turley, and moved the undersigned Register and Master in Chancery for the 36th District, Northern Chancery Division of Ala.; for an order of publication against James K. P. Buttram a non-resident debtor, residing in Miss. P. O. unknown; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from an affidavit on file, that the said debt is a minor over 14 yrs and a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in the State of Mississippi, post office not known.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said defendants to appear before the said Register at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, on Monday the 4th day of March next, by 12 o'clock of said day, and plead, answer or demur to complain's cross bill of complaint exhibited in said Chancery court, against him and others, or the same will be taken for confessed by him, and the said cause set for hearing ex parte as to him.

It is further ordered, that a copy of said order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Alabama, in the Town of Jacksonville, within twenty days after the date of this order.

Granted January 14th, 1887.
Wm. M. HAMES,
Register, &c.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, January 14th, 1887.

THIS day came J. W. Maddox, adm. of the estate of John Maddox, dec'd and presented and filed his accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate; It is therefore ordered by the court, that the 22nd day of February next be set for the making of said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned to be and appear at a special term of said court to be held at the court house of said county, on said 22nd day of February next and contest said accounts if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
Jan. 19, 1887.

CHANCERY COURT, 39th, District, Northern Division of the State of Alabama.

Stephen Herren, vs. Charles Talaferro, E. G. Logan and Joshua King

At Rules before the Register, Monday, December 23rd, 1886.

THIS day came the complaint by his solicitors, Smith & Smith, and moved the Register for an order of publication as to the defendants. Complainants bill alleges default in the payment of the purchase money of land corn and peas, and is filed to subject the following lands to the payment of the balance of the purchase money due thereon, to-wit:

South west fourth of north east fourth & south east fourth of north west fourth of section 5, township 19, range 13; east half of south east fourth of section 32, township 18, range 13; north east fourth of section 30; south west fourth of south east fourth of section 29; north west fourth of north east & section 32; north east fourth of south west fourth of section 32; north west fourth of south west fourth of section 13; south east fourth of south east fourth and south east fourth of south west fourth of township 18, range 13; north west fourth of north west fourth section 5, township 19, range 13, east in the Coosa Land District. And it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register that said defendants all reside in the State of Georgia, from the affidavits to the bill—it is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, in Calhoun county in the State of Alabama, for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said defendants personally to appear before the Register of said court, at his office in Wedowee, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill of complaint, as required by law and the rules of this court, or the same will be taken as confessed, and set for hearing ex parte. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door, and that a copy be sent to each of the defendants, when their residences are known—this 3rd day of December, 1886.

JOHN REAVES, Reg. &c.
Dec. 29, 1886.—\$25 00.

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, 3d Dist. state of Ala. Jacksonville, Dec. 28, '86.

To the Citizens of Calhoun County.

THE annual tax assessed against you has been transmitted to me by the Assessor of the District, in his annual list of 1886. The same not having been paid within the time required by law and by publication, demand is hereby made upon you for the said tax. If not paid within ten days after this demand, the laws provide for the collection thereof with a fee of twenty cents, and four cents per each mile traveled in sending this notice, with a penalty of ten per centum additional upon the amount of taxes.

Hereafter cash will be required on Cotton before presents are made.

Revenue stamps for sale at my Office, on Office Row.
H. F. VERNON,
Dep. Col. Int. Rev.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of James H. Bagley, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 7th day of January, 1887; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and persons indebted thereto will please make immediate payment.

Jan. 12 P. H. BROTHERS, Adm.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of one fi fa issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to me directed, I will expose to sale to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. on Monday the 4th day of February, 1887, the following described Lands, lying in Calhoun county, known and designated as follows: to-wit:

West half of the south west fourth of section 15, township 15, range 6—east half of south east fourth and the north east fourth of the north east fourth of section 21, township 15, range 6—also 30 acres, more or less, off the north west corner of section 22, bounded by Clear creek on the east and the south east fourth of the north east fourth section 21 township 15, range 6, and ten and three quarter acres in section 22, on the west bank of Clear creek, and the north east fourth of section 26, township 15, Range 6, levied upon as the property of A. Downing to satisfy one fi fa in my hands in favor of Cassander Sturkey, Adm. of Daniel Sturkey, dec'd and against A. Downing, Larkin Coker and L. S. Downing—Dec. 22, 1886—\$15 00.

S. D. McLELEN, Shff. C. C.

Also at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one fi fa issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will sell before the court house door, in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. for cash, all the interest David Moore has in the following Lands, situated in Calhoun county Ala. known, and designated as follows, to-wit: east half of north west fourth and the north west fourth of north east fourth, section 36, township 12, range 7, east in the Coosa Land District—levied upon as the property of David Moore, to satisfy one fi fa in favor of R. Broils, Administrator, &c. and against David Moore and Spiver Cannon.

S. D. McLELEN, Shff. C. C.
Dec. 30, 1886—\$12 00.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one fi fa issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, Ala. and to me directed, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. all the interest that Martha Coker, Joseph Coker and William Coker has in and to the following block of Land, No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 11, section 16, Township 15, range 11 east, containing 320 acres—levied upon as the property of Martha Coker, Joseph Coker and William Coker, to satisfy said fi fa in favor of Johnson Mitchell & Co.

S. D. McLELEN, Shff. C. C.
Dec. 20, 1886—\$12 00.

Register's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Decree rendered by the Hon. Chancery Court, held at Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Alabama, for the 36th District, Northern Chancery Division, at the July Term, 1886, in favor of Mary E. Howland Adx. &c. and against Henry Gaines, I will, as Register of said court, proceed to sell, before the court house door of Calhoun county, Alabama, within the usual hours of sale, for cash, to the highest bidder, on MONDAY the 4th day of FEBRUARY, 1887, the following described Land, to-wit: The north half of north east, and northeast of north west q. section 24, township 13, range 6; also, south east of south west q. section 13, township 13, range 6; also south west of south east q. section 13, township 13, range 6—to satisfy said decree rendered by said Chancery court.

Wm. M. HAMES,
Register & Master.
Jan. 12, 1887—\$12 00.

Di resolution.

THE firm of M. & L. Oppenheimer 10 this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued at Dayton, Ala. All outstanding debts of the firm will be settled by L. Oppenheimer, or his Agent, Mr. George T. Turley, who calls on all indebted to him to come forward and pay up.
M. & L. OPPENHEIMER.
January 14, 1887.

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